U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT CALIFORNIA DESERT DISTRICT ADVISORY COUNCIL

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

LOCATION:

La Casa Del Zorro Resort Hotel

3845 Yaqui Pass

Borrego Springs, CA 92004

DATE AND TIME:

Saturday, January 28, 2006

8 a.m. to 2:26 p.m.

REPORTED BY:

JUDITH W. GILLESPIE, CSR, RPR

CSR NO. 3710

JOB NO.:

64922JG

	<u> </u>	Page 4
Page 2 1 APPEARANCES	1	Borrego Springs, CA Saturday, January 28, 2005
2	2	Donings opinings, or a contract, the contract of
3 MEMBERS PRESENT: 4 RON KEMPER (CHAIRPERSON)	3	(
CAROLE ANNE WILEY	4	PROCEEDINGS
5 JON McQUISTON DR. WILLIAM (BILL) PRESCH	5	
6 ROY DENNER	6	
RON SCHILLER 7 PAUL SMITH	7	CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We will begin the
WILLIAM A. BETTERLEY	8	Desert Advisory Council Meeting of January 28, 2006.
8 DAVID CHARLTON HOWARD J. BROWN	9	Bill Betterley, will you lead us in the pledge of
9 DR. TOM SCOTT	10	allegiance.
SHERI DAVIS 10 THOMAS DAVIS (NEW MEMBER)	11	MEMBER BETTERLEY: Please stand.
TOM ACUNA (NEW MEMBER, GUEST)	12	(Pledge of Allegiance.)
STAFF PRESENT:	13	CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I would like to
12 STEVE BORCHARD, Desert District Manager	14	welcome all the BLM staff, all the DAC members, new
JENNIFER WOHLGEMUTH (District Office)	15	members, the director, and the public at large.
JOHN DALTON (District Office) ALAN STEIN (District Office)	16	Doran, would you like to do the introductions, please.
DORAN SANCHEZ (District Office)	17	MR. SANCHEZ: We are very pleased to
15 ROXIE TROST (Barstow) GAIL ACHESON (Palm Springs-South Coast)	l .	announce Thomas Davis as the new public-at-large
16 LARRY MORGAN (Needles)	18	member representing Native American interests, the
VICKI WOOD (El Centro) 17 HECTOR VILLALOBOS (Ridgecrest)	19	A sure California Dand of Cabuilla Indiana from Palm
18 HECTOR VILLALOBOS (Riugeciesi)	20	Aqua-Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians from Palm
19 20	21	Springs.
21	22	We were notified last Friday that an
222 23	23	election had been made for our transportation member, Mr. Tom Acuna. We were told his official letter of
24	24	
25	25	appointment we were to have shortly. We did not
Page 3	,	Page 5
1 INDEX	1	receive that. But we felt it would be extremely
2 AGENDA ITEM: PAGE 3 WELCOME (Chair) 4	2	important that Tom be here, so we invited him as a
PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE (Betterley) 4 4 INTRODUCTIONS (Sanchez) 4	3	guest and are just awaiting his letter to officially
Steve Borchard, Mgr, California Desert District	4	become a recognized member of the council. But most
5 Tom Acuna, Transportation/Rights-of-Way Tom Davis, Public-at-Large (Native-American	5	of you have had the opportunity to meet him. But
6 Interests)	6	again, we welcome Tom Acuna. And of course our new
7 ELECTION OF OFFICERS 5 8 APPROVE September 24, 2005, Baker Meeting 5	7	district manager, Steve Borchard.
Transcripts, Review Agenda	8	Also, this room has no microphones and
PUBLIC COMMENT FOR ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA 7	9	CO 1 ('
PUBLIC COMMENT FOR ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA 7	7	muffled acoustics, so speak loudly so our court
10	10	reporter can hear you. Our court reporter basically
10 COUNCIL MEMBER REPORTS: 11 Paul Smith 10	10 11	reporter can hear you. Our court reporter basically controls our meeting. If she has to stop us to get
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Page 6 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any other nominations? I will then call for a vote. All in favor signify by saying aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Motion carries unanimously.

I can make a nomination. Paul has been the vice chair for several years. He has done a wonderful job. He has chaired for me on a couple occasions, and I would like to nominate Paul to be the vice chair.

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MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: I will second it. MEMBER SMITH: I will accept.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: All in favor signify by saying aye. Any opposed? Motion carries unanimously.

And I think the only thing else we have to elect is a parliamentarian, or should I appoint it? You are that, Jon, since Wally isn't here. We just appointed the parliamentarian and in this case, it will be you.

MEMBER McQUISTON: Okav. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: That does it for the officers.

Can I have a motion to approve the September 24th minutes at Baker?

> MEMBER PRESCH: So moved. MEMBER BETTERLEY: Second.

1 proposed as part of the planning efforts because when 2 the service originally designated critical habitat, 3 they generally threw them down. The specific one I am 4 concerned about is 247, south of Barstow between 5 Barstow and Lucerne Valley. And I think everybody 6 recognized that there was -- they followed some 7 geographic lines, but they didn't take care of some 8 individual situations.

Page 8

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During the comment period -- and there is extensive written record, as well as verbal input on it, BLM had agreed that they would notch the DWMA boundary for the Ord Mountains so as to exclude about a section of ground that includes the Barstow landfill and the expansion for the Barstow landfill.

The Biological Opinion -- and the final plan that came out that could be protested included recognition of that point. But the Biological Opinion in the text of it that I went through addressed some of those changes, but stopped short of saying as the Service, we agree with these and are going to make the changes in designation. That specific change to exclude the Barstow landfill was not included specifically.

I don't know whether it was overlooked. 25 I'm not sure what happened. But since the Biological

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have a motion and second. Any discussion? All in favor, signify by saying aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Motion carries unanimously.

At this time we will take public comment on items not on the agenda. I don't have any speaker cards, so if anybody would like to speak. Mr. Hillier.

MR. HILLIER: Yes, I didn't -- I apologize. I didn't know what the agenda was going to be. I notice specifically, at least, as a specific item -- and I'm Jerry Hillier. Do you need my name?

I notice specifically -- I guess I had hoped that since the Bureau was scheduled for West Mojave for making a Record of Decision in getting that moved forward, that the Biological Opinion was going to be on the agenda, at least to touch on that. And are you going to do that?

MANAGER BORCHARD: Yes, I am. MR. HILLIER: There is one specific concern that I have relative to the Biological Opinion, and it wasn't really fully clear.

During the planning process, a number of adjustments were made -- and they weren't very large, but they were adjustments in critical habitat -- were

1 Opinion isn't a decision document, there is no way

2 that the County can comment directly to the Service.

3 And I don't know whether that can -- I don't even know

4 whether it needs to be rectified other than simply to 5

put it on the record here and remind the Bureau that 6 there is that commitment and certainly that concern,

7 because not only the existing landfill operations, but

8 the longstanding dialogue that's been going on

9 relative to the expansion to the south, which is

10 covered under its own ACE, to make sure that's taken

11 care of in the Bureau's Record of Decision. It's 12

private land, not public land, but the boundary will 13 be on the boundary between the public and private

land. That's all I wanted to do is go on record.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Question to district manager and the staff: Would it be helpful when we get to our action items that if we actually would formally make a recommendation so it would be part of the record? When you went back and visited the DWMA plan, that you would address that?

MR. BORCHARD: Yes, I think it would be good to go ahead and record that as a formal request.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any other public 24 comment on items not on the agenda?

Council member reports. I will start on my

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MEMBER SMITH: Good morning. My thank you to the El Centro office. It was a great tour yesterday and a very nice package of information. I don't know that we all need to repeat that, because it was a unanimous sense. So thank you very much for your skill and enthusiasm.

I don't have a lot to report other than in my part of the desert, in the Twenty-Nine Palms/ Morongo Basin area, we are searching for ways to get National Scenic Highway or National Scenic Byway status applied to the road through Joshua Tree National Park, Amboy Road, Kelbaker and then the highway up on to Death Valley. To do that, we need the cooperation and support of a number of agencies.

This would be a major thing to do for tourism to the desert, which we think is good for the desert, not only because it helps people appreciate the desert, but all the agencies and particularly this one need to work on building their constituency of people who appreciate and respect the desert.

So I'm hopeful that maybe when we set some agendas, we can deal with the issue of National Scenic Byway status and see what other areas of the desert should be saying the same thing. Probably the key

request the counties to do something in response to 2 that.

That's my report. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Paul, just one comment. And I think it would be a major hurdle. Some of the areas that you just discussed I believe are designated as routes for hazardous materials to be transported around major communities. And once you go to the scenic designated route, that may no longer be acceptable. I'm not saying that they don't deserve scenic characterization, but we certainly want to be able to transport those hazardous materials in some fashion. So it might be something you need to give 14 some thought to.

MEMBER SMITH: My reading of the process -- and I'm no expert on it yet -- is that it's not an inconsistent use at all.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Oh, I thought it was. MEMBER SMITH: But somebody somewhere may think that it is. As long as those hazardous waste trucks don't bump into my car, I'm happy.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Jon McQuiston. MEMBER McQUISTON: Has San Bernardino County given any reason for their -- your statement of no real success?

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criteria is that it be uncluttered, as natural as possible, beautiful landscape. That's the whole idea. So if it was going right through a cluttered city, for example, like Yucca Valley, that would not be eligible. But if it would be going through the roads I just described, those are open, beautiful, wonderful country.

It's a three-step process. As I understand it, you start first at the county level, and then you work at the state level. And then you apply for national recognition. This takes some time. And then when it does, you then are eligible for various different grants, interpretive money, that sort of thing. Plus you get some very positive, uplifting type of ongoing publicity for the desert.

It's our feeling in the tourism industry in the Southern Mojave Desert that the desert is very seldom given its proper treatment in State promotional activities. And a lot of people equate the California Desert with Palm Springs. So this is just kind of something I think that we ought to be considering and giving some thought to. We have not had a lot of success yet working with San Bernardino County, so we are now looking to expanding our way to work with the county by perhaps getting other bodies to help us

Page 13

MEMBER SMITH: No response. We have tried to reach a supervisor's office, and two of the --

MEMBER McQUISTON: Which one?

MEMBER SMITH: Postmus.

MEMBER McQUISTON: I hear he is running for a new job.

MEMBER SMITH: This is not meant to be a criticism of anybody. It's meant to say, first of all, this group which represents a broad swath of the desert should be looking at something like this anyway. And we need input from different parts. We need your input, like when you talk about the hazardous materials in the Yucca Mountain.

It deserves to be looked at. And I think if a number of interested bodies express that view at the county and state and federal level, then it will help. Like Schwarzenneger's aide is very interested in this. So we are just taking it one step at a time.

And there are so many problems that the county people deal with. That's why it's not intended to be a criticism. This is a long-term type of project. The Desert Managers' Group is backing it. I think it's been raised at a couple of meetings, and they have asked us how we are doing. And we said we

are going to be trying harder. And this is part of that effort.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Paul. Sheri Davis.

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: I would like to introduce a special guest of mine. I invited Ranger Fred G. from the Anza-Borrego State Park. Thank you, Fred, for coming.

The El Mirage, Friends of El Mirage have sent a set of their plans for the new Visitors'
Center. And I want to thank the Barstow field office for all of their efforts and work on that. So I do have some layouts here for you to take a look at and see what they are getting ready to do.

The Friends of El Mirage have requested that no fees be implemented until the completion and opening of the El Mirage Visitors' Center. The completion date I think is anticipated for December 22nd, 2006. And the Friends have requested that their request for no fees become an agenda item for the DAC Board to consider and support.

We will be -- the Inland Empire Field Commission will be providing a constant loop of the history of filming on the Dry Lake as well as other informational pieces about using the public lands. And then I also brought for every field
office the Guidelines for Safe Use of Animals in
Filmed Media. They have done new guidelines, and I
bought a copy for each of the field offices. So
that's my report. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you. Sheri

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Sheri. Roy.

MEMBER DENNER: First let me say that these maps that Sheri has of the WEMO area that Waldheim put together, he is really proud of the fact that they are all in the same scale, so on one board you can put up all these maps and see how the trails interlink throughout the whole WEMO area.

Relative to use of public -- use of public lands in the State of California, I have a ton of issues I could be speaking to. But there are two that I think are extremely important that the Council and the BLM needs to know where we stand on.

One has to do with the Imperial Sand Dunes
Recreation Area. As most of you know, I am the DAC
representative on the TRT there. And the other has to
do with what's happening with the State OHMVR Division
and Commission. Some unbelievable things are taking
place as we speak. There is a Commission meeting
going on right now.

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The center will also showcase a number of photos of plants and wildlife that also enjoy that part of the desert. And so we are going to be requesting for the center, photos from local and regional photographers.

And then Ed Waldheim from the California Trail Users Coalition has sent trail maps for you all to have a copy of. I believe some of you have them; some don't. You will see when you look at these that only Jawbone maps have the trails numbered and named in the limited use areas for the OHV community. They are convinced that the only way to implement the West Mojave Plan and to have it succeed is to have these trails numbered and the maps reflect this numbering system. CORVA believes that 90 percent of the OHV riders will use this system when deciding where to ride. So I have maps for everyone on the DAC board.

I also want to thank once again the Barstow
Field Office for their Adopt-a-Tree Program. You can
adopt a Joshua Tree at El Mirage Dry Lake. I have two
of them. And they tell you how to take care of them
and what plants you can plant around them. And I have
decided I am picking jumping cholla, so that will keep
everybody away from my Joshua tree. They will only go
near my Joshua trees once.

Page 17

Starting with the ISDRA, there was a day-long TRT meeting this past Tuesday. Steve and Vicki were both there. And I have to say that the TRT and many members of the public who attend the TRT meetings out there, mostly members of the American Sand Association, work very hard to make that area a positive recreational experience that the new members may not know, but it's one of the most intensively used, highly visited OHV areas in the entire country, maybe in the universe. And as such, there is a heck of a lot of focus nationally on what happens at the Imperial Sand Dunes, also known as Glamis.

The TRT members and the public that were there on Tuesday were extremely disappointed. Many of them had been gearing up for this meeting to be held this month in El Centro with an update for DAC members on what is happening in the ISDRA. And a lot of things are happening there. I didn't learn until last week that the meeting was going to be here. I assure you if the meeting was in El Centro, all these seats would be full.

Many of the members of the American Sand Association had organized plans to take the DAC members on a tour of the sand dunes and sand railings so you could get out there and really see what is

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going on. And they were very unhappy to learn that we 1 did not, as I told them probably six or nine months 2 ago when this Council voted that we indeed wanted to 3 go there and get an update on what is going on at the 4 ISDRA. I called Ron this past week and he hadn't even 5 known about the change. And apparently the change was 6 made without even consulting the chairman of the DAC, 7 8 which I find very irregular, shall I say.

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I think this body is appointed by a pretty high level of the BLM, and it seems like when we make a decision that we need to go to a particular area and need to be updated, it seems like there needs to be a really good reason to change that plan. Yesterday's tour was fantastic. I really enjoyed it. But it's urgent that the people on this Council understand the kinds of things that are happening at the Imperial Sand Dunes.

Let me talk about probably what is the worst situation we have out there. I'm going to give a little history for the benefit of the new members, if you'll bear with me. We have a new management plan for the Imperial Sand Dunes, which is part of the update of the old CDCA plan. And many people from various interest groups worked really hard on putting this management plan together.

The OHV community met several weekends -we donated several weekends to putting a comment booklet together that represented how we feel about the new management plan. The new plan does not give anybody everything they want, but we felt like it was reasonable and there are a lot of changes in there to improve environmental protection and there were also changes to the Imperial Sand Dunes to create more recreation opportunities.

So we said, well, we would like more recreation; some people would like more environmental protection, but we bought into the plan. Mike Pool issued a Record of Decision -- let me back up. First, we got a favorable Biological Opinion from Fish and Wildlife on that plan. The species of concern out there, the only listed species in the Imperial Sand Dunes is a plant called the Peirson's milkvetch plant. And the OHV community has paid a well-known biological firm to study that plant for the last five years.

The BLM itself has been studying fairly intensively for the last couple of years. In fact, this past year with all of the rainfall, they counted 1.8 million healthy plants in the ISDRA. That does not suggest a population for a species that's about to go extinct.

gave a favorable opinion on the management plan. We 2 call it a RAMP, Recreation Area Management Plan, and 3 Mike Pool issued a Record of Decision to implement the 4 plan. Immediately, as it's probably no surprise, 5 several organizations sued the Fish and Wildlife to 6 reverse that Biological Opinion. Center for 7 Biological Diversity, the Sierra Club and PEER, Public 8 Employees For Environmental Responsibility, filed a 9 lawsuit to reverse the plan. This happened early last 10 summer, I want to say. The suit was filed in San 11 Francisco in the Ninth District and assigned to a 12 13 federal court judge there by the name of Susan 14 Illston.

As a result of all this, Fish and Wildlife

Just a quick aside, I think one of the problems with our legal system is to be able to shop the venue where they want to file suit. The people in San Francisco don't know a damn thing about what's going on out in the Imperial Sand Dunes, and I think it probably should have been filed in San Diego. But we are not going to change that today, I don't think.

Several hearings were held by Judge Illston, and she demanded input from Fish and Wildlife, from the BLM, from the OHV community. And everybody provided her everything she needed, so that

Page 19 early last summer, she agreed that she would analyze 1

this information and make her decision by the end of 2

September. She said she recognized that that was the 3

beginning of the busy season in the Imperial Sand 4 Dunes and how important it was to make the decision by 5

the end of September. 6

The El Centro office, based on the idea that that decision quite likely would be favorable, the plan could be implemented, the El Centro office took a number of steps to accommodate the provisions 10 of the plan. They focused on issues that if were not 11 implemented, could lead to a violation of the BO. For 12 example, over \$400,000 of fee money that people pay to 13 recreate there right now has been spent -- has been 14 committed to raven-proof dumpsters. The concept is by 15 providing raven-proof dumpsters, we will be helping 16 protect the desert tortoise. 17

I have a picture of the Caltrans rest stop right in between the Imperial Sand Dunes and their open dumpsters all over the place. All of the businesses out there have open dumpsters, but this was part of the requirement of the plan. One of the things we really didn't like, because our money is being spent for these dumpsters. We didn't feel it

was necessary, but we said okay, we are going to get

6 (Pages 18 to 21)

some of the stuff we want. We are going to give on those kinds of things. So over \$400,000 is being spent on dumpsters.

Wildlife kiosks are being built. New maps have been prepared for the Imperial Sand Dunes recreation area showing the changes to closed areas, areas that have been closed as a result of previous lawsuits for years now. The BLM could not wait until the day of the decision to take these kinds of actions. They had to commit to these long-term costs ahead of time.

Well, we still do not have a decision from Judge Illston. And she -- the Department of Justice has inquired with her as to when we might expect it. Our attorneys have inquired. And she hasn't given any indication as to when she might make that decision.

The result is that user fee money is being used to implement all of the additional environmental protection provisions of this plan and not one penny is being spent to create a new camping pad, put another Port-a-Potty out there or anything like that.

So the judge, by dragging her feet like this, is giving the people who oppose recreation in Imperial Sand Dunes, giving them their cake and eating it, too, because all of the closures still remain in

make a decision for five years? MEMBER BETTERLEY: It can go for years. MR. HILLIER: It can go for years. MEMBER DENNER: We will be taking action or promoting action in Congress -- see, this is a long-term kind of thing, but we will be looking for a lot of support -- to change the way -- to add a provision to the federal courts. The only people that can do it is through Congress, but add some kind of provision to make them adhere to their deadline. If we agreed to a deadline of September 30th and didn't perform, we would be held in contempt of court. And

she has nobody to answer to.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: She has no time limit in which she has to make that decision.

MEMBER DENNER: No. The fact that she promised to do it by September 30th --

18 MEMBER BETTERLEY: Doesn't mean 19 anything. 20 MEMBER DENNER: -- Doesn't hold wa

MEMBER DENNER: -- Doesn't hold water.
MEMBER BETTERLEY: It's the Ninth
Circuit.

23 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: You brought this 24 information to the DAC's attention. Are you asking 25 the DAC to take an action on it?

Page 23

place. Some of this stuff was supposed to be open to us. The sand dunes was going to become an Adaptive Management Area rather than an enclosed area. All of the environmental provisions of the plan are being implemented, and not a single penny is being spent to improve recreational facilities on the ground.

I thought it's important for the Council to understand what is going on out there. I can't imagine, whether you are strongly on the side of the environmentalists or whether you are a big-time recreation supporter, I can't imagine anybody who was fair-minded would feel it's appropriate. And the problem is, there is not a damn thing we can do about it. Federal judges are appointed for life. This federal judge was appointed by President Clinton, and she can do whatever the hell she pleases, and we are stuck with it.

That's what is going on with the ISDRA. Any questions?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I do have a question, and you may or may not be able to answer it.

When we deal with state courts and state judges, they are under a time deadline in which to deliver a decision. In this particular case, is there any time at all or can it drag? Can she simply not

Page 25 MEMBER DENNER: Well, the action that

the DAC might want to consider is how we feel about the fact that you folks didn't get out -- I think it would have been really valuable to be on-site and hear public testimony. There are a lot of people involved on the issues in the Imperial Sand Dunes. And I'm just talking about the most serious problem. But I think it would have been very educational for everybody to hear from OHV leaders and environmentalists that have concerns about what is going on in the Imperial Sand Dunes, and had we held this meeting in El Centro, I assure you, you would have had a lot of public input. Now, do we want to do anything about that? I mean, I don't know when our next meeting is scheduled, but if it's in the summertime, you don't want to go there in June or July.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: That's why it was decided to go this winter. It was timing. And it's unfortunate that what has happened has happened. I think there were a number of the DAC members and members of the staff believed something else. And it may have simply been a communication problem. And I think Steve has already done a little bit of research into that and assures me it won't happen again. So

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part of our job is to make sure that our direction is absolutely clear.

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MR. BORCHARD: I have talked about this with both staff and with members that were here on Thursday. And I think we have a proposal for a change in process selecting agenda items and cementing agendas that will improve our communication and make sure that it's not just only the district manager that's selecting what the final agenda item is.

I made a pledge on Thursday that I would work with the Chair in developing a final agenda and it would not be a unilateral decision in the future. I guess there is a way of addressing the desire of the DAC to maybe hear from more people on ISDRA issues.

I guess I would lay out right now, do we want to consider scheduling another DAC meeting I guess in the short-term future before it gets too hot and maybe right at the end of the season with the dunes recreation to focus on that issue? Is that something that the DAC wants to consider doing? I don't know what time that would be, but that would be before Easter. Easter is the last weekend?

MEMBER DENNER: Yeah, preferably before Easter. The tour of the dunes would be a lot more enjoyable. We could do it in July.

probably something to be an action item a little later in the meeting. But everybody give a little bit of thought and see if they would like to visit the dunes in the spring or the fall. And do you have a sense of when you think would be better timingwise for the recreational community, whether spring or fall?

MEMBER DENNER: I would say the sooner the better and as far -- closer from summer as possible.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Doran, you had something you want to state.

MR. SANCHEZ: I was going to make a recommendation that late fall. And perhaps we will get a ruling. If we have a ruling, we will definitely have something to really talk about, and perhaps sooner than later. But if we schedule it at the early fall, temperatures will be cooling down, and perhaps we will have some more direction from the Court on what we may be looking at. I would just propose that.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Tom? MEMBER SCOTT: I want to revisit this question about where we went to. We actually talked at our board meeting about the fact that this area in the western part of the desert in San Diego County hadn't been visited for a long time. And it had been

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Not all of us on the DAC have been on a tour of the dunes, but most of us have. I don't know -- riding in those buggies is certainly a lot of fun. I think more importantly is that that constituency have an opportunity to stand before us and talk. So -- and I think we sometimes spend a lot of time on tours and very little bit of time on business, though the tours certainly give us some good background. But I wouldn't be opposed to having a meeting in El Centro either this spring or late fall, whatever was the Council's pleasure.

MEMBER DENNER: I can respond to that by saying that many of the OHV leaders who frequently go to the dunes feel that an on-the-ground experience is super important.

We had Kathleen Clark out there for a ride and Mike Pool. And Kathleen, when it was all over, she said that she would not have had nearly the feel for what our issues are and how important what we do out there is if she hadn't gotten out on the ground. I don't think it's a deal breaker. I would rather see a meeting taking input from the constituents out there than none at all, but if we could arrange it to do a tour, I think it's valuable, Ron.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. This is

Page 29

left out. And I was one of the people who championed 1 that idea, but not to ignore the issues of the desert 2 dunes. So before any kind of criticism really comes 3 up of El Centro office, I think we have to step back

4 and say we were the ones that all kind of agreed 5

that's where the meeting was going to go. And I was 6 one of the people that pushed for it, because it's 7

been forgotten and hasn't been addressed for some 8 time. And I know that OHV issues are always on the 9

surface and very important to people. But I don't 10 think it's bad to have one field trip where we visit a 11 place where there are some other issues. That's not 12 to deny what you said. But just to understand we did 13 make that decision, and it wasn't El Centro's choice 14 15 to ignore it.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Steve. MR. BORCHARD: Jumping in here. Sorry. There is a couple of things pending out there that I learned about on the TRT meeting on Tuesday that possibly might evolve between, say, a meeting later this spring and the beginning of the season. And one of those is the technology and system that the Imperial County Sheriff's Office would be using next year to offer permits. And if we were to go in the 24 early fall at the beginning of the season, that would 25

be a kind of question mark that's open right now as to how we are going to do a good job of selling permits out there next season. We might be able to put on a much better presentation and have a much better understanding of how that system is going to work in the early fall than we would, say, a month and a half from now.

MEMBER DENNER: Steve, if I might respond to that. There are always issues pending out there. I mean, not only the fee collection. We have a petition to delist the milkvetch plant. The Fish and Wildlife has said we have given them enough scientific data to take a look. There will also be issues later.

One of my jobs on the TRT is to be a champion for the BLM out there. And everybody there was excited with the idea that we were going to have this -- they considered the DAC Council to be the top level that they can appeal to. That's the way the people think about the DAC, not that it always happens that way.

But what has been damaged here is my ability to convince the constituents out there, the users and the people on the TRT, that, yes, the BLM is really working with us. They really do care about

the Biological Opinion is out now; the Record of
 Decision is pending; I'm not sure when Surprise Canyon
 is going to come to a head.

And so I think I would just like to plant

And so I think I would just like to plant
the seed that sometime next fall, we might need to
have meetings more frequently than once a quarter on
an issue-driven basis because we have some fairly
significant planning issues that have been ongoing for
years and all may be converging. And I think our

agenda should not be time-driven, but our meeting time
 should be issue-driven. And we may have to have more
 frequent meetings as some of these more important

issues come up. But with respect to the Sand Dunes, I would like to go there whether it's this spring or early fall.

16 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. Davis.
17 MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Thank you.
18 MEMBER DENNER: Are you moving on?
19 MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Yes.

20 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Yes.
21 MEMBER DENNER: I said I have two

issues.
 MEMBER TOM DAVIS: You can have my time.
 MEMBER DENNER: It has to do with what

is happening with the OHMVR Commission and Division.

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those issues out there. When I go back to them and say, okay, I guess the DAC might have a meeting out here sometime later next fall, they are going to say, "Oh, hell, there is going to be so much that goes down between now and next fall." They need to know about what is going on right now.

Next fall I guarantee we can sit here and say, there are major things decided in the spring about the ISDRA. Maybe we should wait until then to have a meeting. It's a matter of my ability to sell the BLM and the DAC to the people that are leaders out there in the Imperial Sand Dunes.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Tom McQuiston.
MEMBER McQUISTON: A couple of thoughts.
One, I would like to go to the Dunes. I haven't been there, whether it's this spring or next fall. And I don't have any specific recommendations other than to just suggest that at some point in time, we are going to have a convergence of a lot of issues. And I think we need to be flexible or at least attentive to maybe we may have to have some meetings more frequently than once every quarter.

For example, if we say we are going to have a fall meeting to go down to the sand dunes, which I know we have events coming up: The West Mojave Plan; Page 33

All the people should be interested in what is going
 on up there because a lot of grant money comes from
 our Green Sticker program.

A little bit of history again Something

A little bit of history again. Something over a year ago, several OHV organizations wrote a letter to State Senator Bill Morrow, asking for him to push an audit of the OHMVR Division/Commission. Many of us believe that the money being allocated -- there is a huge trust fund involved with OHV recreation. Some \$52 million a year are taken in through this gas tax and Green Sticker fees that is allocated, first to state parks, and then secondly, to agencies, federal agencies that support OHV recreation. And it has worked very well for a long time.

The current structure -- the past few years, the structure of the Commission is such that almost all of our funds go to non-OHV improvements, conservation, law enforcement, things like that. And frankly, many of the OHV leaders have become fed up with the whole program.

So we asked Senator Morrow to ask the JLAC, the Joint Legislative Audit Committee in the State of California to do an audit of the Division and the Commission. That was roughly a year and a quarter ago. It look a year to do the audit. The audit

1 committee came out with 154-page document that

2 absolutely blasts the way OHV trust funds are applied

3 and used in Sacramento. It also blasts the

4 relationship between the Division and the Commission.

They don't work together. There is a total separationof thinking there. And those people are always in

of thinking there. And those people are always in
conflict, and that just results in damage to the

program.

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After the audit came out, a document was generated that was signed onto by 15 major OHV organizations in California, pointing out some 13 major concerns that were exposed in that audit. And that letter asked for hearings at the state level on the actions of the Commission and the Division. Senator Morrow went to JLAC and asked them to do these hearings. As we speak, hearings have been started on the operation of the OHMVR Division and the

Commission.

While all this was going on, the OHV community has formed an organization. And I'm sure you will hear more of it. It's called Ecologic. It's the legal arm for the OHV community. Five major California OHV organizations contribute to the running

California OHV organizations contribute to the runn
 of this new nonprofit organization. The executive

25 director is Attorney David Hubbard. As of yesterday,

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that organization has filed a lawsuit against the

2 Commission for misuse, misappropriation of our funds,

3 acting illegally relative to the operation of the

4 Commission and its charter. And just last night, I

received some documents. I assume the BLM knows aboutthis.

But the Deputy Director of the OHMVR
Division, Daphne Greene, has issued a document, a
memorandum to Paul Spitler, the chairman of the
Commission, saying that the funding of many of the
grants that have been -- that the Commission
recommended is being pulled. There are many areas
within the BLM, many funding recommendations that a
lot of people think have been approved that will not
be funded this year.

The Commission funds some -- I think it's around \$18 million a year of trust fund money to outside agencies, mostly the BLM, frankly. And she has pulled many of those funding grants. So now there is 11,770 being funded. I have here her letter to Paul Spitler saying that because the Commission did

Paul Spitler saying that because the Commission did not fund those grants in an appropriate manner,

because they tampered with the rating system that the

Division had developed, that the Division will not be funding many of the grants that people think they are

1 going to get.

I have a list here. All I see is BLM - BLM. Bakersfield, Needles, Palm Springs, El Centro, El

4 Centro, California Desert District, Ridgecrest,

5 Ridgecrest, Barstow. These are all grants that will

6 not be funded this year.7 Steve, I presume you know about this.

MR. BORCHARD: No, I don't know about

it.

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MEMBER DENNER: You don't know about it?

It just happened apparently yesterday. And it will

11 It just happened apparently yesterday. And it will 12 be -- the public will learn about it at the Commission

13 meeting today. But there are millions of dollars

worth of grant money that you guys, I suspect, are counting on receiving for operation this year that you

16 are not going to be getting.

MEMBER SMITH: Does that apply to grants that are being made to sheriff's departments?

MEMBER DENNER: Yes. Some have been funded, some have not for the sheriff's department. I

21 have a list of which ones are funded. But there are

22 seven pages of grants that are not funded. BLM El

23 Centro field office for law enforcement. That's not

24 sheriff.

25 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: For which office?

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1 MEMBER DENNER: El Centro. BLM Barstow, 2 law enforcement not funded. BLM Ukiah law enforcement

3 not funded. I don't see sheriff. El Dorado

National -- that's not BLM. Anyhow, it's all here if anybody wants to look it.

anybody wants to look it.
 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Is it possible to make
 copies. I'm sure BLM staff would like to have a copy
 of it.

MEMBER SMITH: Is a letter there with

10 it?

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11 MEMBER DENNER: Yes.

12 MEMBER SMITH: I'd love a copy of that.

13 There are a lot of people up in San Bernardino County 14 who were relying on these grants to dampen some of the 15 problems, so this is a pretty serious issues.

16 MEMBER DENNER: She has dropped a bomb.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: This has been brewing now for about a year.

MEMBER DENNER: More than a year. A long time. Yes.

20 long time. Yes.
21 MEMBER BETTERLEY: As far as the

Commission and the people that are actually voting to
 where the grants go, it has not materialized the way
 it was supposed to be. So we knew this thing was

25 coming down the line one of these days.

MEMBER DENNER: The chairman of the Commission has been doing some things that are pretty radical. For example, there was a Commission meeting scheduled, I want to say two months ago, where people came from all over. We sent people to the Commission meeting. And first thing he did at the Commission meeting was announce that the public notice, which is supposed to be given 10 days prior to the meeting, hadn't gone out properly. It had gone out. But not in his mind in the proper manner. So with everybody there at the Commission meeting, he canceled the meeting and everybody went home.

So the chair of the Commission and the deputy director of the Division are at loggerheads. And it's going to be interesting to see who wins the battle. We are supporting the Division's position that the Commission is acting totally out of line. That's why we have the lawsuit for Ecologic. Any questions about that?

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: No.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: What exactly is the core argument? That the off-road community is saying that the Green Sticker money is not being spent where the Green Sticker money is supposed to be spent?

MEMBER DENNER: Exactly. We see very,

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    that at the last minute I could attend this meeting
    and yesterday's excellent tour.
    I should probably tell everybody a little
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I should probably tell everybody a little bit more about myself because of the brief introductions we have had. And some of you haven't even gotten to know who I am.

I am I guess a public-at-large appointee (Native American interest). I do work for the Agua-Caliente Indians. I'm not a Native-American myself, but I worked for the tribe for close to 14 years. And I am involved mostly in -- my background is land use planning. I'm an urban planner by background and a landscape architect by education.

And prior to working with the tribe, I have owned my own consulting firm for 12 years. Went to work for the tribe in '95. And well, I went to work full time for the tribe. I was a consultant prior to that. It was 1992, I actually went to work with them.

Our interests are as local government as well as an Indian tribe. And if I can manage to represent Native-American interests in any fair way, it would be from my expertise, first of all. And second of all, I hope to engage the other tribes in the district area of what their concerns are.

But we are a principal player in the Santa

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very, little -- almost miniscule amounts of our trust fund money goes to improving opportunities on the ground. Most of it goes for restoration, which means closing trails, conservation projects and law enforcement. And we are not saying that none of it should go there. We are saying it's totally out of balance. The --
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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any other questions? MEMBER SMITH: Yeah. Is any of this information available on the Web, like the audit report?

MEMBER DENNER: Yes. I think the Web site is jlac.gov, or .state.gov. If you go to the OHMVR Commission Web site, if you just go to State Parks and Recreation and follow the trail to the OHMVR Division, they will tell you where you can download this report.

this report.
MEMBER SMITH: Okay.
CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. Davis.
MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Thank you.
MEMBER DENNER: Sorry, Tom.
MEMBER TOM DAVIS: That was very
educational. And by way of education, I'm very

pleased and honored to be a member of the DAC. And I was very fortunate to have my calendar work out so

1 Rosa-San Jacinto National Monument. We were named in

the legislation as a cooperating agency and worked
 very closely with the BLM office in Palm Springs of

very closely with the BLM office in Palm Springs on
 that particular issue. Half the reservation is within

5 the Monument Boundary. We act as a local government.

6 We are more of an urban reservation. As you probably

know, Palm Springs area. And I also on behalf of thetribe, I also sit on the Coachella Valley Association

9 of Governments' Technical Advisory Committee. We also

are a board member of the Building Industry
Association. And also, I'm an alternate with the

Native-American Advisory Committee for Caltrans.

So we have a variety of different interests, both as a local government and as an Indian tribe. And our interests certainly go to a couple areas that all federal agencies lack in, and that is good government-to-government relationships with tribes. Good and thorough cultural resource protection programs.

And I think I join probably everybody up here in that there is generally and obviously a lack of funding and accountability in federal government with regards to basically, for lack of a better term, unfunded mandates and the lack of ability to get things done, the lack of proper resources to protect

or preserve or enhance the services of the federal government on the community. So I look forward to working with you and learning quite a bit about what you are doing and how I can help.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, sir. Dr. Scott.

MEMBER SCOTT: I will try to make this quick. This is a little bit of a synthesis of things we talked about on Thursday.

If you look at single-family detached housing as an industry, it's worth about \$30 billion in California. That whole question of how we develop our urban areas has now come out to the desert. And I think when you go to Palm Springs, which I assume is our next meeting, I think we should take a look at the interaction between BLM and all the people who are trying to figure out some way to deal with this question of sprawl.

And the Coachella Valley Association of Governments has forwarded a Multispecies Habitat Conservation Plan. And I think it would be worthwhile for us to take a look at the relationship between BLM and this plan. The same thing happened in the Western Mojave Plan. But with your discussions of what happens to land, how is the BLM a partner in this, I

for local government to become formal members of the
Desert Managers Group. That has now occurred. We are
now participants. And I just want to thank you on
that.

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In terms of the future, in I would say primarily our region of the California Desert Conservation Area, as I think probably everybody in this room is aware, a petition was filed through the US Fish and Wildlife Service to list the Mojave ground squirrel under the Endangered Species Act. I think the Service has one year from the time of the petition for a decision to be made. And all of that is to say that sometime by the end of next year, that report or that information should be coming public.

And it may be appropriate at some point in time for this group to perhaps have a TRT to look at that and maybe from the DAC, to make some recommendations to the BLM with respect to whether or not — at least our position on that listing. And that's no crystal ball other than it falls within our area. It would be a fairly significant issue. And we may want to learn more about it. We may or may not want to have discussions on it or make recommendations, but it's coming.

I will tell you that regarding at least

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think it's something that we should definitely pursue at the next meeting.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you. Supervisor McQuiston.

MEMBER McQUISTON: Thank you. Just a few things going up in the northeast corner of Kern County. I mentioned about the West Mojave Plan, the Biological Opinion being associated with the West Mojave Plan. The Biological Opinion is now out, and I'm not sure when the Record of Decision will be forthcoming. Maybe Hector can look into his crystal ball somewhere down the line and Steve and give us some insight on that.

But going back to my comment earlier. For all the reasons Roy noted about holding these meetings where there is a lot of interest and a lot of public involvement, that was my underlying rationale because as the Surprise Canyon, West Mojave and others go forward, we need to go where the public interest is so that the public will have an opportunity to participate in that without having to drive unduly long distances.

I may have mentioned at the last meeting -if not, I want to remention it -- to say thank you to
the DAC. We got a letter of support about a year ago

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Kern County, it was -- recently the Base Realignment and Closure Commission, it was a several-year effort to look at the future of military installations throughout the United States. Edwards Air Force Base and China Lake, where I live, both will continue to exist. And China Lake will grow by a fairly large number, anywhere from 400, maybe up to 2,000 military, scientists, and engineering types of jobs.

So we have begun a couple of efforts to look at that. Growth is going to occur. And how are we going to manage it? And Kern County is very supportive of the military mission. And we kind of look at BRAC in the business model of keep the businesses you have, rule No. 1. So the BRAC effort was to preserving those military missions.

And then rule No. 2 in kind of the economic development model is try to create a climate where it can continue to prosper. So what we are looking at now in light of that rule is we are going to grow. We want to grow. But we want to grow in a consistent manner that does not inadvertently encroach out the military mission that exists there.

And we are working with the City. We are working very closely with BLM on this issue, because so much of the land surrounding the Indian Wells

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Page 46 Valley is federal land. And so we are going to be doing a specific plan for the Indian Wells Valley. And we want to look at two things: The growth that's going to come that we are managing, and it will happen in a manner that's consistent with the sustainability of the military mission. And No. 2, we would like for that plan also to dovetail in and be complimentary to the Resource Management Plan of the Agency because there is so much federal lands around there.

So we will be looking at really a partnership effort between the base, the BLM, the City and County in a fairly large area of how are we going to accommodate this growth such that the mission is sustainable and also the federal lands are tremendous resources for the public. We are looking that as growth occurs, how can we have trail plans for either off-highway vehicles or equestrian or hiking to link where people live to where they want to recreate.

So it's going to be a two- or three-year effort. And at some point in time in that two or three years, this Committee will be up there and we'll probably put on the agenda kind of an overview of what we are doing and how we are getting there.

I think that's pretty much my comments.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Supervisor

guidelines on how we have to set up the TRT and so 1 2 forth. So we drafted an announcement and a call for 3 participation. And that was sent out, e-mailed out, put out to some of the OHV vehicle, Sand Association, 5 the Dumont Dunes folks.

There was a target date for submission,

answers to some questions and so forth. And you have before you the results of the recommended selection for the Dumont Dunes Technical Review Team as of January 6th. And we felt it was important to bring this before the Council since it will be the Council Dumont Dunes TRT. And these are the individuals that have applied and were selected during the application program that formed the TRT.

Do you have anything, Roxie, that you would like to add to that?

MS. TROST: I think you handled it very well. I think you are the only one that has that list. If you would like me to take it out and hand it out, I could go make copies.

MEMBER PRESCH: I thought everybody had the list. I could read them off quickly. TRT, commercial filming area, Sheri Davis has agreed to serve. The OHMVR Commission, Ed Waldheim will serve.

The Nevada OHV interest is Terry Allen. Terry is a

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Dr. William Presch.

MEMBER PRESCH: Two quick notes on related topics.

The first one is the Baker DAC meeting. We got a nice tour of Dumont Dunes. And at that time I mentioned a little bit about the Fringe-toed Lizard work that BLM was interested in doing and had contacted me. I just wanted to inform the Council that in fact I am now under contract with BLM, such as it is. We are beginning our Fringe-toed Lizard work.

Associated with that, at the Riverside meeting we set up a Dumont Dunes TRT. And I was somehow put in charge or at least the point person for the Council. I wanted to bring you up to date on that.

We had our first meeting in October at the Barstow meeting. We had a number of -- well, I was the Council member and Roxie and her staff. And then a number of interested parties who were knowledgeable of the meeting came. And Roxie and her staff provided us with information and how to organize the TRT, because this TRT is related to the Recreational

Recovery Fees/Bill/Act or whatever that Congress came 24

out with. And so there are some pretty specific

1 past police officer for LVNPD. He currently is our

2 financial investment mortgage individual. He is a

3 frequent user of Dumont Dunes, at least every other

weekend, and I was fortunate enough to be at Dumont 4

5 Dunes over Thanksgiving weekend. I guess I was

fortunate, along with 30,000 other individuals. And 6

7 Terry very nicely took me on a ride from his

8 perspective of the Dunes in his sand rail. First time

I got a ride in a sand rail, and it was a lot of fun, 9

I have to admit. Kind of cool. He also took me 10

11 around to show me the Fringe-toed Lizard habitat that

12 I was interested in looking at, too, for the other

13 work. 14

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Kathleen Stocci. She is an attorney, civil law, including civil liability and employment law, professional malpractice, general liability. And she, too, is an OHV Dumont, Glamis, Stoddard Wells, Johnson Valley participant.

Another OHV representative, Jim Bramham, co-chairman of the OHMVR Commission, current member of the ASA, American Sand Association.

22 MEMBER DENNER: He is an ex-member of 23 the Commission. He is not co-chair now.

24 MEMBER PRESCH: San Bernardino County, 25 Jerry Hillier. I don't know if you have been

13 (Pages 46 to 49)

officially appointed yet but --

MR. HILLIER: It wasn't known to me that I had been nominated, but --

MEMBER PRESCH: Your name is here. And then other motorized recreation, Randy Banis, who is the editor of Death Valley.com. He is also a Native Plant Society member. And Friends of Dumont Dunes would be represented by John Dahlgeish. I guess maybe you know him too. And he is a member of several Sand OHV organizations including American Sand Association, Duners, and he will be representing them. And then myself as the appointed DAC member.

So those would be the individuals that we will have on the TRT. And my thoughts about what we are going to do is that when this is all in place, we will try to set up an introductory meeting. All of our meetings will be held in Barstow. They will be announced to the public, and everybody interested can attend. And I will also try to set up a field trip for the TRT to go to Dumont Dunes to actually see the facility and hopefully when it's in use so we can get a better understanding of how the Dunes are being used and interact with some of the users of that area so that we can get a clearer picture and clearer

MEMBER McOUISTON: Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. McQuiston. MEMBER McQUISTON: Maybe some discussion of the process. At the meeting that the Chair and the Vice Chair couldn't attend, I got ropeyarded into chairing that meeting at Ontario. And at that meeting is when the Council took the position they wanted to establish a TRT for the Dumont Dunes. And after some feedback and so forth, it was said, "Well, the chairman can appoint whomever they choose."

So I took the liberty, Mr. Chairman, and did at that time -- that's essentially what we said at that meeting was if you came up to the microphone and you had wanted to be a stakeholder into this, we named several. Jerry, that's how your name got on there. I went "So be it." And I also appointed at that time Ron Schiller.

I understand subsequent to that, there was some further discussion and some technical issues that came up where that process had to be modified a little bit, and I'm assuming led to the recommendations, Bill, that you came out with. But for whatever it's worth, I would still like to see Ron Schiller on that group if that meets with the approval of the DAC.

understanding and then lay out the groundwork for what 25 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have a question, and

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Page 50

it is that we actually need to do under this

Recreations Fee Bill.

MS. TROST: Roxie Trost. Field manager in Barstow.

At this time we are asking the Council to approve these recommendations. We had one person representing each of those categories that Dr. Presch listed except for the California OHV interest and one of the other categories. So we had to go through a selection process only for two categories. The others were either appointed or we had one person apply.

If you have any questions about that, I would be happy to answer our rationale for coming up with those selections or recommendations from you.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Do you want an action item at this time for a motion or would you like to wait until the --

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Actually, it would probably be most expedient to just go ahead and handle it right now. Do we have any questions of staff regarding who is on the selection process? From anybody?

23 MEMBER SCHILLER: I am just pointing out 24 that I was appointed at the Ontario meeting to the 25 that TRT by the DAC. I didn't go through the names quickly. How many DAC members do we have on the TRT?

MEMBER PRESCH: There would be three, 4 Sheri, myself, and Ron.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. I think that works well.

MEMBER CHARLTON: Because I live close by, I had volunteered at that meeting also to be on the TRT because it's close by, and I at least can show up for all the meetings.

MEMBER PRESCH: Okay.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: So you are asking to be added?

MEMBER CHARLTON: Yes, despite the fact that there are no botanical issues there.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: There are no botanical issues there? How did that happen?

MEMBER PRESCH: There are no plants.

MR. HILLIER: Just for the record there, and I do remember the exchange, Jon, and I'm not sure whether I took it seriously or not, but --

MEMBER McQUISTON: I did.

MR. HILLIER: Just for the record there, 24 I certainly agree to do that and I would be happy to

I certainly agree to do that and I would be happy to serve. Just so the record is complete.

14 (Pages 50 to 53)

Page 53

Page 54 MEMBER McQUISTON: Second. MEMBER DENNER: Mr. Chairman, do we have to be concerned about the Brown Act here, now that we have four? MEMBER McQUISTON: No. MEMBER DENNER: That's not a problem? MEMBER McQUISTON: No. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any more discussion? MEMBER BETTERLEY: If there is no more discussion, I would make a motion of this DAC recommending the names that were mentioned by Bill Presch to that TRT. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: And what about Mr. Schiller and Mr. Charlton? MEMBER BETTERLEY: They were included in that list. MEMBER McQUISTON: Second. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have a motion and I have a second. Mr. McQuiston is a second. Any further discussion? Hearing none, I will call for the question. All in favor signify by saying aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Motion carries

restoration. And it includes the Borax Mines in the
West Mojave, cement, specialty minerals and Mojave
Water. Fort Irwin also gave a presentation of their
work on their base. And they are doing a lot of good
things there with the plants and the restoration work.
So that was a very interesting workshop. That's it.
CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you very much.
Mr. Charlton.

MEMBER CHARLTON: David Charlton. I represent renewable resources and am a botanical expert.

My expertise is mostly limited to the Mojave Desert, not the Colorado Desert. One of the things I did was look over the telephone listings of BLM employees in all the various departments in the state. And I noticed that they don't have too many botanists on staff. After listening to Mr. Denner, I would like to point out the importance of having botanists on the staff in the El Centro office because the problems with the Dunes is primarily botanically oriented. There are a lot of other sensitive plant species on the Dunes that aren't federally listed.

There are also a lot of insects that live only in dune systems, and that if you go down to the dunes, you will notice that the areas that are off

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represent Environmental Protection on the DAC.

MEMBER WILEY: Carole Wiley. I

unanimously.

Ms. Wiley.

I must say I'm very disappointed to hear Mr. Denner's news of the pulling of OHV grants. I think everybody knows that the Desert District and the field offices depend on some of this money for operating OHV areas. And law enforcement and restoration are parts of OHV use. So it's kind of sad to hear that they will be losing some of that money. But hopefully, that will work out.

Howard Brown and myself both attended a Mojave Desert Revegetation Workshop recently that was put on by Victor Valley College. The new chair of what used to be the Ag Department -- I think now they call it Natural Resources Department -- Mr. Slade has put together a new direction for that department. And part of it is growing native plants and figuring out ways to restore mainly mining operations. So they did this workshop.

It involved -- well, he had a sustainability project is what he calls it. He is bringing in area mining interests, and they are working together on restoration plans for these mines. And it's working out pretty well. They are growing their own native plants. They are doing seed collecting, seed storage, and actual on-the-ground

Page 57 limits are vegetated. And the areas, at least near the road where you can see where the vehicles are active, looks like the Sahara Desert. They are bare and moving sand. That is my experience from the visits that I have done with going on botanical excursions to the area.

As far as research, about two years ago, I went to the Southwest Rare Plant Conference. And there was three talks on the Peirson's milkvetch there. One of them was the one that was funded by the Sand Organization. And my take on it was that each one of the talks provided a piece of the puzzle. And we still don't have a full idea of what is going on. Sometimes the research brings out more new questions than were answered by the research itself.

And that -- my take on the subject was that the boundaries that were determined were not based on science. They were based on historic choices and where the boundaries were. And I think that's why the lawsuit took place. And it was very easy to do because of lack of botanical knowledge on the distribution and ecology of the plant. And it will continue to be easy to have lawsuits as long as plans aren't based on science. As soon as compromises are made, these kinds of situations will come up.

15 (Pages 54 to 57)

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I guess I would like to point out that research can help out. I have been working at Edwards for a long time. And as you know, the Mojave ground squirrel has been proposed for listing. It's going to be a tough one to fight. Just prior to that, the desert cymopterus was proposed for listing, and it was not, primarily on research that was done. Most of the populations are located on Edwards Air Force Base. I was there for seven years. And every spare moment I had, I volunteered and was out in the field counting populations, doing very, very basic ecological research, nowhere near important stuff.

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I have learned that there are these population modeling programs that exist from the Southern California Botonist meeting that I went to recently. George Walker, a former Fish and Wildlife Service employee in the Barstow office, just completed a genetic study of the population and genetic variability within the federally listed Lane Mountain milkvetch. That doesn't exist for the desert cymopterus. We don't know yet. But the continued funding of botanical positions and botanical research can result in not listing a species.

I think that's the most important thing I can point out right now. There is a lot more that England states controlled by five governments, 34 county supervisors or commissioners, 96 city mayors and councils. And you are larger than all of those put together. They have a \$30 million budget and you have less than \$18 million to run an area that big.

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And I compliment you on coming back home to Southern California, and I certainly wish you well. I've got to tell you, this DAC Board will certainly help you all the way through your stay. Thank you. That's all.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. Schiller. MEMBER SCHILLER: I will try to be brief. I have a couple items I would like to mention.

First, I would like to thank everybody who organized and put on the tour yesterday. I had a great time. I learned a lot. I like thank Tom for driving all day. And I certainly enjoyed my visit with Roxie and Vicki and I learned a lot during the day.

One thing I would like to comment on the tour, however, is as most people know, I'm pretty adamant about representing the types of recreation that aren't normally recognized, high profile. And I appreciate the OHV community and I appreciate particularly the information Roy has provided on the

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needs to be done on the Peirson's milkvetch. It's a difficult area. It's a whole ecosystem. It's an island. It's a very limited area. And plant numbers in an exceptionally good year are not the only thing you can look at. Number of seeds in the soil is not something you can just look at to make a recommendation.

Earlier I commented that I was not happy with the detail that was in the West Mojave Plan. And I think that the next step is for the State to join on this saying they requested a Multispecies Plan be done, it's my understanding. And they are working on putting out bid in the amount of time they think they will take to finish that next step.

So I just think that science knowledge can help to reduce future lawsuits and altercations. And just asking the BLM to be aware of what may happen when compromises are made in the management plan. That's what I would like to say.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you. Mr. Betterley.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Mr. Chairman, thank you. I certainly welcome Steve on board at the Desert District. I'm not sure that Steve realizes what he is into here. But your area is larger than five New

update. But there are a lot of other folks who depend 1 upon public access for recreational type purposes.

Particularly, gem and mineral societies and such as 3 4 that.

I would point out that when we got back, Howard had mentioned some of the minerals and gemsites he knew were around here. And this morning he showed me in his published book some of the significant site that have been published for many years. And those sites involve areas that we stopped at. The Incopah Gorge, Table Mountain, the gravel sites. Plaster City apparently has significant agate and petrified wood that can be picked up. And another significant sites is in the Yuha Basin. And I would have liked to have known, being that's one of my interests, more about that type of recreation.

So I would ask in the future that maybe that could be considered by the field office managers when we go on our tours. And I would recommend at least obtaining the gem and mineral -- Gem Trail of Southern California by John Mitchell. That's a pretty good overall representation of the Southern California area. Although there are a lot more sites that have been discovered and are known, that book is a pretty good reference. And I would be happy to talk with you

to see what I could find out on the different resource areas as well.

Just one last point I would like to make is, before I left home I received a number of calls and comments and e-mails regarding some concern about the meeting place, the remoteness of the meeting place, and the lack of nearby affordable facilities. And so it's something that -- I would like to see more of the public involvement. And I think we should be mindful of that in the future when we designate areas that the DAC is going to meet to allow maximized public involvement.

That's all I have.

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needs.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Mr. Schiller. Mr. Brown.

MEMBER BROWN. Howard Brown representing nonrenewable resources.

I would like to first say I agree with everything Ron said, that having the meetings in places where we can have more public involvement I think is better. I mean, it's the same people that we have seen for the last three days. So it just gets redundant to say the same thing to the same people all the time. I would like to see some public out there that maybe doesn't know about all this stuff already.

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1 That's my thing.
2 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Member
3 Brown.

I'm Ron Kemper, and I represent renewable resources in general and grazing particularly.

I did enjoy yesterday's tour, and I appreciate it. I can tell you that the grazing community continues to be challenged, but we're meeting those challenges of running operations in the Mojave. I'm happy to say that we have good operators, great stewardship, and I think we can look forward to many, many more years of being productive in a beneficial fashion which helps promote more biodiversity in the desert.

It became very clear to me yesterday, and I have preached for years and years now that we have — that we are not best utilizing our resources. We haven't identified what makes money for the organization. A message I continually get from BLM, we don't have the money, we don't have the money, we don't have the money. You guys are the managers of the most valuable assets that California has to offer, and that's real estate.

So I'm going to be working with all of you and the district manager. And we have some ideas and

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So rather than take up a lot of time, I represent nonrenewable resources. Again, that's basically mining, to remind everyone of the fundamental role mining plays in our society, and to keep in mind that if you can't grow it, you have to mine it.

And again, what Ron had mentioned, access to the public lands is really important for continued mining industry and the streamlined permitting process. A lot of what I have heard in the last couple of days dealt with the lack of funds to implement plans and things like that. But so much effort and dollars are spent toward nonhuman species, but looking forward and with each of the managers' presentations, the population grew by 10 million people. So it's probably up to 80 or 90 million by now.

I think we need to look forward to what enhancements can be made toward the human populations since that's really to me what is most important is humans, is our welfare, not the little bugs and lizards. And I think we need to look toward making things better for humans, and that includes continued mining to provide the raw materials that our society

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I will be trying to put together a TRT by the end of the day that will help resolve those problems in a positive fashion for all facets of the desert, whether it be people or environment or conservation, livestock producers and all that. I believe that there is honestly a way to do it if we deal on the positives rather than the negatives.

I think we spend a lot of time identifying what is difficult to do and what we don't have money for, but we haven't started out our business plan by saying where are we going to generate the money? How are we going to do it? And how are we going to sustain it? I have to tell you, I really don't think it would be that difficult. So I look forward to working with all of you and working with members of the DAC. And I think we can do something really positive for the desert.

With that, I will turn --

MEMBER DENNER: Before you move on, could I introduce a guest in the audience, please?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: You may

21 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: You may. 22 MEMBER DENNER: I want to rec

MEMBER DENNER: I want to recognize Kathy Dolinar. Kathy is the superintendent of the Ocotillo Wells State Vehicle Recreation Area. She

didn't lose her money in the budget like the rest of

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the BLM people did. We heard yesterday about the potential for geothermal exploration at Truckhaven. Kathy will be intimately involved in it. I don't know if we want to speak to her about that. I'm sure Kathy will be coming to DAC meetings regularly, as those kind of explorations in the State vehicle areas take place.

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Kathy, do you have anything you would like to share with us? And by the way, welcome.

MS. DOLINAR: Thank you. In terms of the geothermal, I'm not sure what was covered yesterday. There was an application for a permit by an individual on State Park property, which after two years in the process, was denied. I worked closely with your office over in Riverside in terms of the permits that have come in. And I spoke with Vicki Wood several times on the ones that the applications have come in for that are on property that you guys own but that we manage in the east acquisition area.

There may be an update I don't have yet, if something came in yesterday on that. Just as a side note, also, in terms of the funding and the processes for the OHV grants, I think that it's important to note the complete process in looking at the fact that process said.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Now, Kathy, are you suggesting that we follow the rules?

MS. DOLINAR: Yes. I'm just suggesting that total picture -- kind of what I hear is, oh, no, the OHV Division has pulled all this money. But I think it's important to remember what the OHV Division was trying to do was set up a competitive process whereby things would be rated equally and not according to one person's personal preference for something that they wanted. And that could give everybody an equal opportunity across the board.

I note their intent -- and I work with the El Centro office very closely -- was not let's just take all the money out of El Centro. It wasn't related to that. They looked through the whole process. And it was the first year that they had this process in place. So those things are evolving. You learn from them, and you move on. But I wouldn't -personally, I didn't look at it when I read it as this is the end to these guys getting money.

MEMBER DENNER: Kathy, so we don't give the BLM field managers undue hope, I might read two sentences out of Daphne Greene's letter. It says, "The division will not be executing contracts on the

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the Division has currently withdrawn the funding for those. That they had initially set up a process that would be competitive in nature to be followed. And 4

there are areas where the process was not followed that go both ways: That show that the recommendation based on the standards was low, and it was given high.

And the standard where it was high and given low.

Legally they were required to establish these standards. And what the purpose of that was is that there could be a situation where people are choosing only projects that may be important to them personally.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: You don't really think that would happen?

MS. DOLINAR: It would set up a competitive process by doing it that way. I wouldn't -- and I received the same information vesterday. I haven't spoken with our division office yet regarding that, but I wouldn't look at it as an end to the funding for those things. I think what they were calling was, this was not done correctly and we need to correct this.

My personal feeling is that it wouldn't necessarily take away everything, but that it needs to be relooked at according to what the competitive

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projects listed on Exhibit A at this time. As a result, the unused funds will revert to the trust fund and will be available for appropriation for future years." That suggested that the game is over for this year.

MS. DOLINAR: I would wait until after the end of the Commission meeting today before I made any type of judgment, and that's going on in Sacramento today.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Would it be possible, Roy, Kathy, staff, because our meeting is going to be over with today, for us to get some kind of an e-mail updating us on these decisions, just so we have it individually? Is that possible?

MEMBER DENNER: We ought to be able to call up there and get some feedback as to what the status is. I suspect it's going to be a long day up there.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Doran has all our e-mails.

MR. SANCHEZ: Whatever information, certainly, that we get today, we can make sure you have by Monday. If we can't get anything, because it may be a long day, but we will make that commitment.

Whatever happens, between Roy and our members who are 25

currently there, we will get some kind of summary of what happens at today's action.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you. And thank you, Kathy.

MS. DOLINAR: That wasn't shared as coming from above. That's just my opinion and what I read into it. If there is anything you ever need from the Ocotillo Wells SVRA or that area down there, don't hesitate to let me know.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Kathy, I honestly believe that your perceptions are probably correct. Thank you.

District manager, Steve Borchard. Did I pronounce it right?

MR. BORCHARD: Yes.

I want to thank the Council for the very warm welcome that I have received and the opportunity to begin to get to know each of you individually that I have had over the last two and a half days. It's been very enjoyable to me, and I look forward to continuing in that effort in the future.

Bill, your statement that you are here to help the BLM, I hope to God you are here to help the BLM because we need a lot of help. And this body is just critical to our striving towards success at 1 also de facto on all TRTs.

MR. BORCHARD: The West Mojave Plan has already been mentioned today, and I was asked to provide an update on the schedule for that. Of course, we have received the Biological Opinion. There is a copy of it posted on our State BLM Web page if any of you are interested in seeing it.

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We are in the process of processing our plan protests in cooperation with our Washington office right now. We anticipate completing that process, which will involve development of responses to the protests and approval through the Department of Interior by the end of February. And anticipate that Mike and I will be signing the ROD in early March.

I have a statement on Eagle Mountain, the Eagle Mountain lawsuit. BLM supports the decision by the US Department of Justice to appeal the ruling issued in federal court on September 30th regarding the Eagle Mountain exchange and associated landfill project. While the landfill proposal is solely a state and county matter in regard to private property owned by Kaiser, Eagle Mountain, Incorporated, and Mine Reclamation Court in Riverside County, the BLM involvement in the lawsuit is specifically tied to a land exchange and right-of-way authorization completed

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managing the extremely diverse resources in the Desert District, in association with the continually growing population and demands that that population puts on the desert resources. And I look forward to the challenge and look forward to a very positive relationship with you all for many years to come.

I guess at this time I will just go through the district manager's report on just a very small amount of the issues that we all face.

In the Surprise Canyon planning effort, we have a plan -- an early draft of the plan that is currently undergoing a BLM internal review process. Once we complete that process and are satisfied with what we have, we will then pass it on to our partners at the Park Service for their internal review. And we expect to complete that interagency review by late May or early June. At that time, we will present an internal review draft to our cooperators, including Inyo County, California Fish and Game, the Timbisha Tribe, the District Advisory Surprise TRT, and right now I show that that list is Dr. Tom Scott, Ron Schiller, Carol Wiley, Paul Smith, Howard Brown, and

list that's on the TRT?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Actually, the chair is

Jon McQuiston. Is there anybody that is not on that

in October, '99, between BLM and the company.

BLM believes that the land exchange and right-of-way actions were done properly and are still in the public's interest. In that exchange, BLM transferred 3,400 acres of scattered tracts of public lands in and around the former Kaiser Mine site that were inaccessible and of little use to the public. In return, BLM acquired for the public 2,800 acres of public lands with significant desert tortoise habitat in the Chuckwalla Bench and Dos Palmas areas of Riverside County.

As you all know, the desert tortoise was listed in 1998. BLM also notes that the plaintiffs in this lawsuit had previously appealed BLM's decision to the Interior Board of Land Appeals in Washington, D.C. and the IBLA upheld BLM's decision.

The Palo Verde exchange, BLM has recently published a notice of availability of that land exchange. That publication of this notice of availability initiates a 45-day public protest period. The land exchange involves 2,000 acres of public land in eastern Riverside and Imperial counties. In exchange, the BLM would receive 29,500 acres within wilderness and within environmentally significant areas. A copy of the news release of this public

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notice is on the back table, if you would like to read it.

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Roy gave us a pretty good update on the Imperial Sand Dunes and the status of the Resource Management Plan, so I won't spend a lot of time on that, other than letting you know that we continue with our agreement with the Imperial County Sheriff's Office to oversee fee collections at the recreation area. And we will be conducting monitoring at the Dunes during March and April of the Peirson's milkvetch.

MEMBER DENNER: Steve, at this point you might be happy to know that the Imperial County Sheriff's grant stayed in place.

MR. BORCHARD: Thank you. That's good 15 16 news.

MEMBER DENNER: Good news, yes. MR. BORCHARD: The proposed Truckhaven-Superstition geothermal project, you received a briefing on that project at our Ontario meeting. The BLM has completed a series of public meetings on that project. I believe we have sent out our request for proposals to find a contractor to help us with that environmental document preparation.

And that's where we are at, so we are

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            MS. WOOD: There is, and that contractor
    fell through last year, the reason we didn't have
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    machines last year. The proposal is out on the street
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    again, even as we speak. And hopefully they will have
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    bids in -- time frame in March.
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MR. BORCHARD: March 1st.

MS. WOOD: And hopefully those bids will come in reasonable enough that we will be able to have the machines that have the smart chip in them and all of that will go forward.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Good. So it's something that you are addressing and continuing to look towards. It just seems that what is going on -we talked about money and making sure we had money in the agencies. And one of the ways they can do that is to modernize and mechanize and use what is available to you rather than adding lots and lots of more people.

MS. WOOD: Yes, we are giving them the opportunity to work through that agreement.

MR. SANCHEZ: Just one additional point. It's a five-year agreement between the BLM and Imperial County Sheriff that they will be overseeing this. And at the end of that five years, it will be reviewed. But it's a five-year agreement.

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waiting on responses. I believe we are -- if I'm right, Vicki, we are shooting for a fall date for release of a draft EIS for that project?

MS. WOOD: Yes.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I do have a couple of questions. And I might direct them towards Vicki instead of Steve because I think she will have a better understanding. And correct me if I'm wrong.

As I recall -- I was a little surprised to hear that the Imperial law enforcement was still involved in the collection of fees at Dumont Dunes. I know that they were adding some people down there. But my understanding was that they would be involved in that process for a very limited amount of time

14 until automated systems went into effect where people 15 could pay and get passes. And that the financial 16

arrangement between that County and the BLM was the 17

County would get like 20 percent of the fees and the 18

BLM would get 80 percent. But if they are providing 19 all the manpower to collect the fees, that may seem a 20

little disproportionate. Vicki, am I correct? 21 MS. WOOD: It's actually 70-30 percent. 22

And their manpower is part of the agreement.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Wasn't there supposed

to be an automated system to collect fees? 25

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: But my understanding, Doran, was that everybody had thought that an

2 automated system would be in by the summer. 3

MEMBER DENNER: Just so it's clear, when the automated system is in, the fee collection will still be managed by the Imperial County Sheriff's office. There was a glitch because of the entitlement to the reading technology or whatever. But when the automated system is in, it will be put in by the Imperial County Sheriff's office, and they will still be collecting fees for the next five years, not the BLM.

MR. BORCHARD: They will maintain responsibility for managing these systems. They are going to enter into an agreement with the company, purchase the equipment, and maintain it. They will still be managing the overall fee collection system that hopefully before September will be moved to the automated system.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I had misunderstood. I thought the BLM was actually administering the purchasing of the system.

MR. BORCHARD: No.

MEMBER DENNER: I might add that the TRT 24 25 is wholly in favor of the Sheriff's Department taking

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over the fee collection, because they are already out there helping with law enforcement. And it's a natural that when the enforcement officers are out checking on whether people pay the fees or not, that they are the people responsible for collecting the fees.

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. If there are not any more comments from the Council or the audience at this time or the staff, I will go ahead and call for a break. We will reconvene in 15 minutes. Doran is raising his hand.

MR. SANCHEZ: During the break, most of you will probably be checking out. In front of you is the folder with your travel vouchers. Please sign your travel voucher and bring your hotel receipt and attach it to that, and then we will collect that.

When we go back Monday or Tuesday, that will help expediting processing.

MEMBER SCOTT: What about mileage? MR. SANCHEZ: There should be a mileage recordation sheet in that packet also. So we will need your signed travel voucher and your mileage.

MEMBER PRESCH: All six copies?

MR. SANCHEZ: No, just one.

MEMBER PRESCH: You gave me six copies.

right-of-way. We are partnering with the Division of 2 Oil and Gas and Geothermal Resources for the State of

Page 80

Page 81

3 California, who is the lead for the CEQA document.

4 And we are taking the lead, of course, being a co-lead

5 with them for the NEPA document for the -- for the 6 right-of-way to the state land.

Their proposal has been -- they have gone forward for a geothermal prospecting permit with the State of California, and they also put forth a request for right-of-way from the BLM. This is kind of a complicated situation. Two agencies have to address the NEPA and the CEQA documentation for that, and they hired a consultant whose name is in my report.

14 The consultant has drafted the CEOA 15 document, which we are going to be using for our NEPA documentation. Together, they looked at the right-of-16 17 way, together with the state land, as a package of how 18 they are going to do their proposal. They have 19 done -- they have done cultural resource reports, which I think that's the main concern that's going to 20 be surfacing at this point. 22

And they have also put forth -- and this was kind of a surprise to me; I wasn't aware of it. After the Christmas vacation, I came to the office and found a draft CEQA document that had been put out for

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Just fill this form out and attach --

MR. SANCHEZ: All we need is sign the travel voucher and hotel receipt and fill out your mileage.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We will reconvene in 15 minutes.

(Fifteen-minute recess was taken.)

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any questions from the

Council regarding the area managers' reports?

MEMBER SCHILLER: I'm most interested in the Ridgecrest field office report. One of the items that I wanted to ask you about is -- I know we had talked about it earlier, but do you have any more information regarding the Deep Rose project regarding public involvement coming up on that environmental document?

MR. VILLALOBOS: Hector Villalobos, field manager in the Ridgecrest field office. And Ron is interested in the Deep Rose project. We have a little description of the Deep Rose project, proponent's proposal for an exploratory well, exploratory geothermal drilling on a state land parcel of land, 400 -- it's a section of land -- 640-acre

public review. We had a meeting, a short meeting with 2 the state folks, conference calls with them after the 3 new year. And we also had -- we had a meeting with 4 the proponent, Deep Rose folks.

The processes are a little bit different.

The State has to go forward within a number of -- a certain number of days, which I think is 120 days, to get public disclosure out. And that's why we see a document, the CEQA/NEPA document out for review right now as a draft. And it's kind of a little bit out of

10 11 sync with our NEPA process. But that's okay because

12 we had our consultations with them, and we talked with

13 them. And what we are going to do -- and I already

signed a letter to the Division requesting an 14

15 additional 60 days for us to have public review on 16

that project exclusively for the BLM concerns and for 17 drafting up our Decision of Record on that. So as of

18 now, we requested with the State and the proponents, 19 and we are all okay with an additional public review

20 period, which I anticipate will be around 60 days. 21

MEMBER SCHILLER: One question in relation to that. This may be -- during the discussion of the NEMO rights-of-way and route

24 designations, there were a number of issues raised about needed changes in the future of the route 25

21 (Pages 78 to 81)

section of state land with a 39-mile-long

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designations and such. And we were told that routes could be changed very slightly, but if there was anything more than that, it would be require an amendment to the 1980 plan. Will this require an amendment to the plan?

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MR. VILLALOBOS: The right-of-way? I don't think it's going to require one at this time, because I don't see significant changes or adjustments of the routes that's in there. I know there was one route that was -- that they thought that maybe it might be closed, but -- okay.

Let me start from the beginning so that we know what we are talking about. This route is -there is an existing route they want to use right now. We went -- not we, but they went and did cultural resource surveys on it. And there are some cultural resource concerns they found. And with the additional new -- the route is going to have to be used for construction. That means moving drill rigs in through a road that usually was just used for Jeep or four-wheel drive vehicles.

There is going to have to be some major improvements and an additional route is going to have to be done. I don't think that's going to require an amendment because that's associated with the project

there is no redundancy. In other words, there is a 2 road for access for the geothermal folks, and then there is a road for a Jeep trail that may not be 3 4 necessary anymore. But that, we'll have to sort out, 5 depending on the outcome.

MEMBER SCHILLER: I wanted to ask another question about the abandoned mining land reclamation. It indicates you are going to be closing a number of shafts. I wonder if any or how many of those are horizontal rather than vertical shafts.

MR. VILLALOBOS: Boy, I don't know. I don't have an idea of how many there are. There are hundreds of features out there. We are prioritizing them to see which they think. Even if it's a horizontal shaft, we do not necessarily have to close it, but maybe put a gate on it. These are all things that we will have to make decisions on as we go along and book an inventory and decide, well, this one we can cover. This one we can put a gate on. This one we can put a fence on. This one we can foam, and we will go about that process, looking at potential hazards there and make a decision about that one.

MEMBER SCHILLER: The one concern that I would make -- and see if you have a comment. Those provide -- oftentimes they provide a source of mineral

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and may require access, and we will provide access through a riding (?).

MEMBER SCHILLER: One of the concerns I had was when I saw the map, I questioned, you know, some of the reclamation of existing routes that people use now. Any mitigation for the new routes?

MR. VILLALOBOS: We are going to have to revisit that. We are going to have to revisit that because there is two things that can happen on this proposal. The first thing, let's say they are successful and they are successful and they find the geothermal resource that's worth developing. We are going to have to decide the future of this road. Is it going to be a permanent-type road that's going to have to be there maintained at a certain level for their operations and perhaps further development of the field?

MEMBER BETTERLEY: That depends on their finding.

MR. VILLALOBOS: Yes. The other is, let's say they don't find anything and they decide we are out of here. Then we are going to look at the restoration. There might be some need to restore maybe the one they put in rather than the one that we were thinking we would do some restoration on. So

Page 85

specimens that are sought after and oftentimes you can pick up. Oftentimes -- I realize there is a risk to everything and you can't save everybody every time from themselves. You know, we had a teacher last year fall off of Robert's Roost and get killed and fall off hiking trails. So I think one thing that I would say is consider a few of them that aren't tremendously dangerous.

Another question I had — and this one is very important to me. You have a report on the Furnace Creek. And I received a call a week ago Friday from a friend in Bishop who spends a lot of time with the Forest Service monitoring some of the issues. And he told me that the Forest Service had received a call from the Ridgecrest Resource Area and he didn't say who or what, but other than there was information given to the Forest Service that it didn't make much difference on the final status of Furnace Creek because there was no funding to do anything or reopen that road at least two years.

21 So I'm interested in knowing if that is a 22 fact.

MR. VILLALOBOS: That comment was a phone call that one of my staff provided to the Forest Service in our timing of the division record. And the

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timing that it could take for final resolution of that 1 2 decision.

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MEMBER SCHILLER: Two more years? MR. VILLALOBOS: Let's say we get sued, for example, and someone asks for an appeal and they are sustained on the decision. He was being -looking at the potential outcomes of the decision that we are going to have there. And you know that if there is a situation that's appealed, it could. And there is one other step that we have to go through on the decision.

MEMBER DENNER: Hector, the reporter is having a hard time hearing you.

THE REPORTER: Could you step my direction a little bit more?

MR. VILLALOBOS: Okay. There is a two-step decision that we are going to be making. The first step is that I expect early February doing the Decision Record for Furnace, together with the Forest Service. The Decision Record is going to be out for public review, and the Decision Record maybe is appealable. So that might happen. I don't know. I'm speculating.

The decision will probably result in a requirement to amend our route designations out there.

Page 88 were when the lawsuit was filed, but the lawsuit just more or less puts an injunction on closing the road. So again the public loses another point of access.

4 And Furnace Creek, as you know, had some 5 flooding this year. And I know down below the closure, that the local community, including one of 7 the local merchants and the county supervisor, went up 8 there and opened up down below and in your current closure. 10

So what I am concerned about as this drags out and as we have funding problems, we continue to lose. And this is based on nothing but an agreement to close the study. So I have some problem with that. I think a lot of people in the local areas do, as well.

MR. VILLALOBOS: I appreciate your concerns there, and I know what you are talking about.

One of the things I want to make sure is we don't cause further delays because we didn't follow process. And I want to make sure that we get our process completed and complied with because I think if we don't follow our process, it will only result in further delays, I think. But I appreciate that. And what I want to do is have a Decision Record signing early in February. This is the Forest Service. And

Page 87

And so then we will kick off the amendment process.

2 Does that make sense to you? Once we make the

3 decision, the route, whether it's open or closed, and 4 we have evaluated all the concerns, whether it's open

or closed and make a decision on that, that will then result in a -- you need to do a plan amendment to

designate the route open or closed.

MEMBER SCHILLER: I guess here is my concern. And I know that it's not the fault of the Ridgecrest Resource Area field office. But Furnace Creek and Surprise Canyon both, you know, came about from a lawsuit. And at least from the public's point of view, that was just an immediate agreement with the BLM to close that route. And part of the issue is as you close a route for any length of time, the route deteriorates. Oftentimes the routes are kept open and passable by the passage of vehicles. So you automatically commit to a considerable amount of reclamation by nature.

And so as time goes on, we get to a point to where it's a moot point. Somebody comes along and sues, whether it's valid or not. The time for the BLM to react -- in this case the lawsuit was 2000. We are into 2006. So if we can hike up Surprise Canyon and it's not representative of what the actual conditions

Page 89 we feel strongly that we are at the position of making decision on this early February. We will make it concurrently. That will initiate our plan amendment process for Furnace Creek. And we will go from there.

MEMBER SCHILLER: I would just hope that the BLM and Forest Service recognizes that there have been repeated offers of help for maintenance. I know Bill -- I can't think of his last name -- the county supervisor over there has committed to work with the agencies to do whatever we can to keep the route open and passable. And I hope that will be considered as part of -- when the funding crunch affects this, that there will be some creative opportunities to work with local volunteers to assist and hopefully minimize the funds required.

I just have one last question. Under recreation maintenance program updates, of the 200 miles of roads and trails maintained, how many were outside of the OHV areas?

MR. VILLALOBOS: Off the top of my head, I can't tell you. There were 200 miles that were restored. There were some that were outside of the heavy OHV use area. There were some routes that we had to go out there and fix, but I can't tell you off of the top of my head how many miles were in the OHV

23 (Pages 86 to 89)

areas and which routes they were.

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The flooding that occurred this year, and we have had several periods of periodic rains that have caused a lot of damage on the routes. And our crews as best as they can -- not only our crews, but you can probably add another couple hundred miles from folks from LADWP that they have helped us fix also. But our 200 miles is just what BLM has done. LADWP and a few other counties have been out there helping us fix a lot of these roads that have been washed out. I can't tell you specifically how many, but we are not just concentrating our efforts, although it's a focus area for us. But when we hear that there is a bad situation in a road outside the heavy use OHV areas, we are trying to fix it or partner with somebody to fix it.

MEMBER SCHILLER: I appreciate that. I just raised the concern because I know in the past a number of people have continually raised issues over the OHV grant requests that were only keyed to the "OHV areas," while there are a lot of other stakeholders who do have a stake in that and do deserve some representation by maintaining some of the routes.

Oftentimes one of the fears is in one

passable. And so that's been a longstanding 1

tradition. And maybe there could be some more

3 partnerships with the BLM in doing those kinds of

4 things. Oftentimes if it's a massive washout, there

5 is nothing you can do with hand tools in a particular segment. But maybe a short section could be addressed 6

7 by the BLM and the public work with you on the other

sections.

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MR. VILLALOBOS: That's probably a 10 failure on my part to mention some of those partnerships, because our guys -- if it wasn't for

LADWP, a lot of those routes out in the Eastern 12

Sierras would be in worse shape. But we talk to them 13 and they talk to us, and we all work out some kind of 14

plan out there fixing some of those roads. And I need 15

to communicate those kinds of partnerships better and 16

probably other little partnerships with the county 17

too. And every time Inyo County and Kern County, they 18 are out there doing some work on these routes, too, 19

keeping them open. 20

> MEMBER SCHILLER: Maybe you could even expand that a little bit to partnership with some of the local groups. The Gear Grinders and the equestrians. I would be willing to help you whenever

25 I can on that.

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particular route, Pleasant Canyon, the fear is that if the BLM doesn't help to maintain that, we get into another Surprise Canyon situation. And we go through this whole process all over again. And I hope the information that Roy has given us this morning will help resolve some of the OHV grant request funds that we have there.

MR. VILLALOBOS: I appreciate that. And we have a network of routes. And I know there is estimates of somewhere in the neighborhood of around 6,000 miles of routes in the Ridgecrest area. And 200 miles is just a drop in the bucket. And the only thing that I can say is that there is a lot of selfmaintaining routes up there. And sometimes we hear it's broken and it's not passable. And about two or three weeks or a month or two later when we get a chance to get out there and check it, oh, gosh, somebody fixed it and it's passable. But I wish I had a better way of assessing our complete needs. And maybe down the road when we get ahead of ourselves --

MEMBER SCHILLER: That's been a longstanding tradition is where we can, we go out. I know every year before we have our annual gem and mineral show, a lot of the guys will go out and check the road and stack rocks and stuff to make it

MR. VILLALOBOS: More questions? 1 2 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any other questions 3 for Hector? You can't ask yourself. 4

MR. VILLALOBOS: May I can add some more?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Go ahead.

MR. VILLALOBOS: The Adopt-a-Cabin, I didn't add anything in for the Adopt-a-Cabin. And I would like to review a little bit on the Adopt-a-Cabin program, some progress that we are making on that. 10

We are -- just this week a cultural resources review was being conducted in our office. One of the focus areas was going to be the compliance on the Adopt-a-Cabin program. The technical review that's being conducted is a review that we promised the State Historic Preservation officer we would do. And the state office, with the help of the state archeologist -- I'm drawing a blank on his name -- Ken Wilson came to our office the beginning of this week and initiated a review of our cultural resources program.

Basically, I feel they are going to be finding that we are making good progress on that program. We have done a lot of things to start looking at cultural resources, historic properties,

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compliance on that. So I feel that we are moving in the right direction and we will get a good grade on our report card for that.

One of the things that I talked to them about before coming to the meeting was the fact that we have \$30,000 in a directed funding to the State office for conducting a survey of some of the cabins that are clearly the responsibility of the BLM. And you all know that we made a declaration a while back in declaring some of these cabins abandoned and no longer necessary for mining claims, and there was no active mining claim associated with the cabin. And now that list of cabins was published, and we know what they are, and we are going to be trying to spend that \$30,000 on those cabins, in particular. Maybe a few others.

What we talked about this week was the scope of work that that \$30,000 will be used for. And the scope of work that I think that I suggested we needed to do was to decide whether some of these properties were indeed historic cabins and that they still had value for being considered an historic property. As we all know, some modifications have been made to these cabins by members of the -- of our volunteer groups and others that aren't members of

There are a couple other cabins I'm considering requesting them to look at and that is the Burro Schmidt and the Big Hole Cabin site. And those two are of a particular interest for the public, they are very interested. They are known locations. Everybody knows that these are important to the public, and so I want to, even though there are some claimed issues there, we want to see -- because I know that the Bickel Camp mine cabins are -- the opinion is it should be a listed -- it should be listed. And that the BLM should take more responsibility in the care of the Bickel Camp. And of course, we know that the Burro Schmidt, we are going to be resolving the ownership question on that in the very near future,

and that I feel we need to look at it, too.

The other thing that we had happen on the cabins is that we had an incident during the Thanksgiving holiday weekend. One of the structures that's next to -- I think it's either the Dawson or the Mingus caught fire and burned down. The structure was maybe about a 15-by-15 garage with tin and wood. The structure had a barbecue pit, a small portable barbecue pit inside of it and also a homemade stove, which were findings during one of our safety reviews that were pointed out as not being in compliance with

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volunteer groups just coming in to do some work on these things to keep them from disappearing off the face of the earth.

Anyway, so there is going to be an assessment. If the modifications that have been done to these cabins, if that's impacted the possibility of listing the cabins as an historic register -- on the National Register of Historic Places. So that's part of the scope of work that we are going to be using this \$30,000 for.

The other thing I wanted to have them look at, the archaeologist that's going to be doing the work, is how we might modify some of these cabins to address some public safety questions, to what degree we have latitude to do that. And that's another aspect of the scope of work I would like the archaeologist to take a look at.

My plan is to have the archaeologist work closely with some of our volunteer coordinators for the cabins and learn about some of the special concerns that the archaeologist might have on these properties. So I expect that scope of work to be firmed up a little bit better by next time. And we will have a good idea of what we are going to be doing and what cabins.

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fire requirements for Kern County, basically.

I reviewed the fire report on that from Kern County Fire Department. I also reviewed the law enforcement reports that we made on that cabin fire. Basically it was a very busy weekend. It was kind of cold out there. It was windy. We probably had around over 100 people camping in and around that area. And many of those people were using the cabins. Those cabins do have these homemade stoves in them. It was a finding in one of our reports. It's also a probable or potential cause of the fire of that cabin, according to the reports that we received. Our law enforcement review basically found that a lot of these people were staying at the cabins and were using the stoves and they were going pretty much 24 hours a day. You just have a recipe for this kind of a problem to happen.

Anyway, it did catch fire. It did burn down. I would like to -- I want to get -- review this situation more closely with -- especially meeting the fire codes. And the decision is going to be a hard decision because some of the folks want to have stoves in these cabins because they like the warmth and the atmosphere it provides. But at the same time, it causes a hazard. And if this was indeed -- if this

location was listed, it would have been a potential SHPO disaster for us. I want to review that question of stoves in our cabins thoroughly and get going on the decision on that.

I got together with some of our volunteers for the cabins. There was a group of about 20 volunteers that we got together. The site is being cleaned up. We packed a whole trailer full of trash and tin and things. And that was all the -- the site is all cleaned up now so it's not a -- it doesn't blight the area any more than what it did.

And I also had a meeting with the group at the same time, and we made some general consensus on a new volunteer agreement. And in the new volunteer agreement, I have a number of items that we are trying to make sure that the volunteers are okay with in how they will work with us and how we will work with them through a volunteer agreement.

And we also decided that it's important that we are going to revise the MOU's for each one of these cabins and will probably want to get some feedback that we get from these surveys that are going to be done by an archaeologist to tailor the MOU's for the sites so they are more site-specific and not too general, the way they have been written up in the

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MEMBER TOM DAVIS: We have some halfway point cabins in our area, but what I want to know is roughly how many of them in the prevalent condition.

MR. VILLALOBOS: Right now we have taken responsibility for about a dozen cabins out there. There are many more, many more. We have had counts of — maybe it's not the whole cabin complete, but it might be just the foundation of what used to be. And if we count those kinds of features, we have 60-some we have found here and there. If we look at what's maybe halfway standing structures, we are probably talking about 30-something.

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Who would adopt these cabins?

MR. VILLALOBOS: That's why I am trying to get away from the "adoption."

MR. VILLALOBOS: Yeah, just volunteers.

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: What you are looking for is volunteers to take care of the cabins. You are not looking for organizations to adopt a cabin and put a label on it and take ownership of it?

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I understand, but --

MR. VILLALOBOS: Informally what has occurred is we have groups of people that have zeroed in or focused in a certain area or certain cabin. And

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past.

So basically that's the news that I have for you on the Adopt-a-Cabin. I also want to say that I would like to start transitioning from Adopt-a-Cabin to a different title. And I'm going to be working on how we do that. But I would like to start calling this Historic Cabin Site Stewardship Program, and we will find a way to transition.

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I have a couple questions.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Yes, sir.
MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Just for my
edification, what is the character of these cabins and
how many of them are there?

how many of them are there?

MR. VILLALOBOS: Oh, gosh. The cabins that we are working with are generally historic cabins. They are generally from -- maybe a few date back to the turn of the century. Some of them are maybe thirties, forties, fifties, to seventies. And there might be a few that are in the eighties. Basically, they are associated with mining claims, when old prospectors used to go out and do prospecting and use the cabins in connection with prospecting.

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they have informally formed groups like Friends of Bickel, Friends of like Boxcar Cabin, et cetera. So we have probably around a dozen Friends groups of these kinds of cabins.

The ones that are really cared for, that people have really gotten interested, it's less than 20 that people are really interested in and halfway have been maintained in some fashion or another and that are standing. And that actually there are two interests in it. One interest is historic context. Other folks are interested in its recreational value. That is, can I go back there, camp out and hang around the cabin for a while and actually stay in it? So there are two interests and those two informal groups.

What I want to do is formalize it more because a lot of modifications are being done to these cabins and that's gotten our concern and SHPO's concern that, gosh, they are no longer really the way they were, but the character has been changed and it's just basically a back-country shelter now.

The survey might tell us that. The survey might result in saying this cabin is more or less a back-country shelter now and we don't really care if you put new windows on it or new roof or porch or add rooms to it. But others are not.

26 (Pages 98 to 101)

Sometimes it was a little bit questionable whether

they were really prospecting.

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I'm sorry. Jon McQuiston.

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MEMBER McQUISTON: Go ahead.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have heard a lot the last few years about the need for moneys and I realize these people, they bear the brunt of the costs of maintaining and managing those cabins because that's where they like camping. But I'm reminded of when I was in Alaska, and US Forestry had cabins on the islands that were in different areas along the coast that were used for shelters. A lot of them had boats and partially stocked. There was a small fee to stay at the cabin that covered the administration of that facility. And they were usually maintained by people who used the cabins and the agency, to some degree.

I know that there are some concerns about the cabins being changed, but, you know, everything changes, everything progresses. And when a piece of tin blows off, they might replace it with a different kind of tin or do something.

But is there any kind of fee structure in place for the use of those cabins that helps you offset your administration, cost of administrating the cabin program?

MR. VILLALOBOS: There is a potential

Page 104 MR. VILLALOBOS: I'd rather not get into that sort of thing because it might cost more than we would potentially get in return.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. McQuiston. MEMBER McQUISTON: Just as a point of reference, because we do have some new members on the Council. This is a work in progress, and I appreciate everything that Hector and BLM is trying to do. And this right now only is within the Ridgecrest field office.

And the history behind this was that rather 12 than bulldozing and burning buildings, a group of citizen volunteers said there ought to be a better mouse trap in order to try to preserve and also provide some recreational value for these. So it's been a real labor of love, and Hector has gone up to Sacramento several times. I think from my perspective since I chaired the TRT on this, just a couple of thoughts.

20 I think it's time to have -- perhaps if we 21 can have another TRT meeting between now and the next 22 DAC and then come give an update on that. And there 23 are different types of cabins. There are some cabins 24 on private property. There's some cabins that have 25

been declared to be BLM on BLM property. There are

Page 103

for doing that. And it's already resulted in some

2 funding for us. One example is the structure that we

3 call the Post Office, which is in the Last Chance 4 Canyon area. We had -- there is no mining claim

associated with it. And we were able to request

from -- putting a proposal to the Washington office. And they gave some directed funding for us to do restoration work.

I'm hoping that once we get through some of these surveys and we kind of know what we might be able to do with the cabins and how we might be able, if we need more funds, to do trail maintenance or site maintenance or structure maintenance, we can put some proposals together and see if we can get directed funding. And we can offset that with contributed -not funds, I will say, but in-kind work that might be

done by volunteers through the program, I believe. But there is no fee because I know that folks have offered to use -- have suggested that I charge for the people to stay at the cabins. If I have to do that, then I'm going to have to go through our regulatory process, which is getting back to the

fee program, which means developing a business plan. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We don't want to do

that.

some that's probably still out there and undecided.

2 But with respect to the BLM cabins on BLM property, we 3 have two dynamic forces at work.

One, now that it's yours, you have risk mitigation and an inspection team comes out and if it doesn't meet OSHA standards, it's a safety hazard. Well, these cabins predate. So, on the one side they are saying don't use them and don't let the public use them because you have got some legal risk there. And it's crazy when you start dealing with some of these issues.

On the other side, in order to allow them to continue and to look at their cultural and historical value, working through the SHPO and others, then how might this be done, what can be done, and also to what extent if it's a historic site now, might it exclude it from some of these other administrative inspections dealing with safety. So we have that. And we are working through those one at a time.

The ultimate goal would be to come up with a plan, if you will, that will work that involves citizen volunteers, local government, federal government, and if it works here, maybe, depending on the resource and depending on the region, it could offer at least a template of how it may succeed in

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With respect to the fire, I want to say I read the fire report. I may have only read a synopsis of it, but I think it was inconclusive as to what the source of the fire was.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Budweiser fire. MEMBER McQUISTON: Well, I don't know. But most of these cabins do, either inside or outside, have some sort of way to heat it. Folks used to heat up the inside of these cabins. But I think my point is that the evidence suggests it probably was related to that, but we don't know.

One point, Hector, and one I would like to sew some thought on, because you mentioned the word "meeting fire code." I think that's the wrong word. I think the word is how do we, on these that exist, promote fire prevention and protection, because the code you are referring to is county code. And every time that code changes, we don't ask citizens to go back and retrofit their residences or businesses. The fire code has to do with future. And everything that exists right now that's not in conformance with that we categorize as legal nonconforming.

So I think if there is a way -- I mean, it's unrealistic to the county that establishes these

codes to require existing facilities to go back and

like the word "adopt," because it's the community

2 that's actually been the force behind getting us as

3 public officials to try to resolve this problem. And

Page 108

4 having said all of that, I would just like to thank

you again, because we wouldn't be here today if you 5

hadn't decided to get on the horse and ride it. And 6

7 it's been challenging and a lot of time and a lot of effort by you and your staff. And I'd just like to 8

9 say I appreciate it very much. But where we land on

10 this is still to be determined. It's a work in 11 progress.

But I think a lot of things have happened with respect to your archaeologist and with respect to the money and what your plan is. If we could possibly convene the TRT one time between now and the next meeting to get everybody up to the same point and time and maybe get some more community input based on some of the things you talked about.

MR. VILLALOBOS: That sounds great. Just so you all know, we do have a new archaeologist and he started in December. He has some experience with historic properties, and so that's a plus. We probably will be working with a contract archaeologist to review the cabins this year. And that contract archaeologist has BLM experience. And although he

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retroactively meet those. But what we do focus on is fire protection and prevention. And it may be that we just require a certain amount of fire protection in these. Now, whether that will fly with SHPO, I don't know. But it's -- at any rate, little flags go off if we are trying to make these things meet a county fire code, because we would not be as prescriptive as a county to require existing structures to retroactively

go back and meet our code every time that code may change. So I don't know what flexibility we may have there, but just kind of sew that thought.

The fee structure and those sorts of things, as this evolves, we may need to look at it. But we have a lot of citizen volunteers who want to preserve and promote these resources. And I don't disagree that we need to change the name from Adopt-a-Cabin, but I like the a word "adopt" because that's the connection with the public. We want the public to assume the responsibility and the buy-in to this. And if it's Friends of or Adopt-a-Historic-Preservation-Site, so that at least we are saying you don't own it. There is no ownership

24 here. 25 But maybe there is a better word, but I

Page 109 hasn't -- a contract hasn't been finalized yet, I know

1 2 the direction it's going to, so I'm pretty happy with the way things are going in that direction. 3

We will schedule a TRT. I also talked to our archaeologist who has experience with the site stewardship program. In fact, he is conducting a site stewardship workshop, together with the Forest Service that he came from. And he has offered -- is sharing that site stewardship program.

Training is being offered at Lake Isabella. I don't know the details, but it's happening in February 24 and 25. But I requested that he look at a workshop for the BLM and BLM sites -- not site stewards, but the BLM cabin stewards that we might have our own workshop this year also. I know the workshop that he is conducting right now on the 24th and 25th costs 25 bucks to get in it. And I'm going to see if I can find some bucks to cover our volunteers.

MEMBER McQUISTON: I would like to work with you on that, because if you can't, I would like the opportunity to pay for any volunteer that would like to go to that.

MR. VILLALOBOS: So we are going to try to put something on his plate. It's pretty full, but 25

I believe we can do it and get a workshop going for our cabin volunteers. And by that time we will know a little bit more about these surveys, hopefully. And if we don't, we will have other information to share with you.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Hector.
MEMBER SCHILLER: One comment on the
Adopt-a-Cabin or Site Steward Cabin -- Program. It
should be pointed out of the tremendous and diverse
support for this program. I have seen groups who are
at each other's throats sit down together and work
extremely hard together to get this thing going. And
it's provided actually the local activist community a
chance to work together and come to some
understanding. And I think that's very important to
note. I don't know of any opposition to it. It's all
very positive, so far that I have seen.

MEMBER McQUISTON: As you recall, you know, our TRT has been in unanimous agreement on that and I know Howard is on the TRT. Ron is on it and Carol and I'm on TRT as DAC members. But we brought it back to this board, and it was a unanimous vote of this board. This is something that we have every stakeholder in agreement on. And that may be one of the few that I can recall in my number of years on

I understood the vegetative people going out and collecting, but the mineral, I was a little puzzled and now I understand.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any other questions for any of the area managers?

Larry Morgan is not here, but I want to go ahead and make a couple of comments in regards to Needles and in particular, a development that's been considered on the Horsethief allotment to promote day use and camping.

There has been some discussion about establishing some areas with picnic tables and fire rings and also toilet facilities. And I can tell you that the -- as the steward of that allotment and looking at what I looked at yesterday, if it's going to promote several acres of ground disturbance around those picnic-tabled areas, I have a hard time supporting it.

We have lots and lots of campers. We are kind of long ways out there. We spend a lot of time in trying to meet those people and let them know that there is a cattle operation going on and kind of the do's and don'ts. I think those things can be worked through. I think the potties are a good idea. I have concerns about lots of ground disturbance on the

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this board, and it's worth pursuing and trying to make work.

MR. VILLALOBOS: Well, I appreciate the support. I really do, and I think it's a fun program and just want to --

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: It's been a job well done and we thank you.

Any other questions for any of the other field managers?

MEMBER SCHILLER: I just have one for Roxie, and that's on the last page. I was curious. You talked about some of the incidents, and I would was just curious about the one item: Theft of mineral resources, and what that involved.

MS. TROST: It was what we talked about on the first day, one, with regard to mineral trespass.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Roxie, I think you are going to have to stand up and stand little closer to the reporter.

MS. TROST: It was in my presentation on Thursday, and it was with regard to the mineral trespass issues. Sometimes people are working outside of their permitted area.

MEMBER SCHILLER: Okay. I understand.

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allotment. Those areas of ground disturbance usually become, because we are so heavily populated with plant growth in our allotment, those areas that tend to have lots of disturbance sometimes attract cattle for wallowing areas and that sort of thing. So I think we are attracting cattle and people to the same place because of the ground disturbance, and that gives me a little concern, though I'm sure that there can be something worked out.

We enjoy having the public on the allotment and have always been able to work with them. If information is going to be put out to attract people to the allotment, I would like it to be a cooperative arrangement where there is some education given to letting them know they are on an allotment and the do's and don'ts in how not to get yourself in trouble with cattle. For the most part, cattle are very easy to get along with. But, you know, a mother cow with a brand new calf that somebody wants to touch or hold is maybe not the best idea.

So there are some potential conflicts, and I think we can get by them with some good education. And if we are going to put out material that attracts people to that area, I believe that it should include information about where they are at, what's going on,

and what you should do and don't do. And I will put that on the record.

Anything else for any of the area managers? We have an update on the Meccacopia Special Resources Management Area.

MS. ACHESON: As I remember on Thursday, I talked about the Palm Springs-South Coast field office needing some help from the DAC on our Meccacopia Special Management Area. And we invited Mona Daniels and John Kalish. For those of you who probably know John in another capacity, he is now the associate field manager for our office. He has replaced Elena Vasquez, who we are missing terribly, but who moved on to greater things on the board. And you may have known Elena.

So they are going to do a presentation for you and tell you what our needs are and introduce you to the Meccacopia Special Recreation Management area.

MR. KALISH: We all told Elena that she is welcome to come back at any time and occupy her old job. But so far she hasn't taken us up on that offer. She sure was great to work with.

Again, my name is John Kalish, and as Gail mentioned, Mona Daniels is an outdoor recreation planner on our recreation staff. Mona came to us

with the Bureau as a biological monitor. Then I came on board as a student, and I was 100 percent funded by OHV funds. So I spent a lot of time out in the desert running the trails, doing OHV monitoring, learning the desert resources pretty good.

The Meccacopia Special Recreation Management Area, you will probably hear me call it SRMA, S-R-M-A, is a rather unique area. It's very scenic, very picturesque. Tom, will you --

The Special Recreation area boundaries are -- start here on the west side. It encompasses both the Mecca Hills Wilderness Area, the Orocopia Mountain Wilderness and multiple use lands around this. Now, right now presently, the southern boundary runs along the canal, and the eastern boundary comes down through Red Canyon Jeep Trail, which is approximately right here.

Being that those boundaries are there, they don't really encompass our visitation use. And so we are probably going to amend this plan to push the boundary out to Gasline, which really runs about here. And that way it will take in both the access points that most of our visitors come to us, and where they actually camp, as well.

The area has phenomenal resources. It's

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about 12 years ago as a student, actually previous to that as a volunteer and then a student. She was working through a degree program, and we were able to bring her on as a permanent full-time recreation planner a couple of years ago. And Mona has definitely provided us with a lot of knowledge and expertise in the whole recreation program within our area.

This program that I think Gail has briefed you a little bit about is one that we are very excited to really get up and running. It's a project that we have talked about for more than a couple of years. We have been pulling all the pieces together to initiate this overall planning and management effort. And we would like to take a few minutes and brief the Council on the Meccacopia planning effort and what its ramifications would be, and then ask for your assistance as we move forward in the overall planning effort.

So with that, I will turn it over to Mona. Mona has prepared quite a good Power Point presentation on the project. We will run through that and see if you have any questions.

MS. DANIELS: As John said, I started approximately 12 years ago. I started as a volunteer

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very scenic. It offers views of the Salton Sea, high point distances clear out to the Colorado River. We have a high density of Desert Tortoises in the area. We have Peninsula Big Horn Sheep that wander across the two different ranges. Again, as I mentioned, we have two different wildernesses. This thing forms almost like a figure 8 style.

We have got one paved corridor through the Mecca Hills. We have two 4-by-4 corridors that go through the -- one on the edge of the Mecca Hills and Orocopia Mountains, which is how the combined names came together. And the other one is the Red Canyon Jeep Trail.

Cultural resources: A lot of this area was

heavily utilized just recently with George Patton's movement in the desert. It was a Camp Young Military Center. And a lot of tank tracks, lot of military history still on-site. We have — it's very much valued by the Native Americans for its village sites that were located in the lower Meccacopia areas. We have also got quite a number of trail systems that go through.

Some of the major management issues that we have is that it was once utilized heavily by different recreation forms. They kind of migrated away from our

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area, but they have been found again and they have been found in large numbers. Approximately five years ago on a Thanksgiving weekend I would encounter 250 people and contact each one of them. It doubled, went to almost 500, 530. Next year it was up around a thousand. The following year I got a count of 1300, and it has been staying right around 1300, 1400 people in the area for the last couple years.

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It's close to the Coachella Valley, so the 200,000 people we have in our community also utilize it as a destination point for camping, for hiking, 4-by-4 use. It's also becoming an easy access point and a jump-off spot for Glamis. A lot of the people have decided they are not going to make the trip down there this weekend or the highway is looking too busy, so we are not going to go all the way. And so we will stop and go to Mecca Hills. So we are seeing an increase in OHV activity.

We do have a problem with the increased use bringing about the play areas, open area activities. We are going to try to -- we are really heavily into getting our signing up and keeping our routes strong so they recognize that it is a route area and not an open area.

We have had entry into our wilderness areas

1 think I have given all of you up at the front maps and 2 a copy. This is just north of your Salton Sea on your

3 map. It is a drop zone. This last Thanksgiving

4 weekend we had -- this is only about a mile and a half 5 in distance. It's a wide wash. And we had about 650 6

units parked in there over the holiday. It's become very difficult to access because of work that's going

on along the canal. But we were very, very busy.

They typically come to run our loop systems. We have a very successful loop. We have a 75-mile loop, couple of 35's, couple of 10's and 15's. These are just a few examples of destination points they go to. This is called Great Caves. It's not really a cave. It's a large hollowed walkout, but it's one of the areas they like to visit. They will go walking. They will very often leave bikes and go back and hike up in the wilderness.

18 Adopt-a-Cabin program. Adopt-a-Trail 19 program. These are a couple cabins. This is out on 20 Amy's Wash Loop. And typically they like to come up 21 to this one. Hunters will use this one. The other one, access is a little bit more difficult to get to, but when they are here, they will hike out to the second one.

We have Desert Side Tracks, which have

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up into -- many of our cherry stems going up into the wilderness lead to guzzlers, so we have impacts up in the wilderness up near animal guzzlers. So we are having a significant amount of resource damage that we have to be aware of.

When the Meccacopia was decided in the 2002 Coachella Valley Plan Amendment, the different aspects that were emphasized were minimizing vehicle intrusion into wilderness, enhancing the quality of motorized recreation, facilitating camping, implementing a network of vehicle routes, provide recreation information, protect environmental values, construct and maintain water sources for wildlife, and address other concerns through public scoping.

We have a great opportunity here to develop a unique plan and implement a rather new strategy toward multiple recreation use. The area doesn't tend to lend itself toward typical desert use, but we do have the typical desert use going on. We want to address this and possibly emphasize some of the greater things out there that all users see, our hikers, our horseback riders, our OHV.

What we have, this is typical Thanksgiving groups that we have down around the Drop 31, which is on the lower side, the south side of your map. I

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adopted Red Canyon Jeep Trail, have now adopted Amy's Wash. And they are monitoring these few sites for us.

History: Well, the SRMA is right next to the Chocolate Mountain Range. One of the interesting air pieces that they occasionally get dragged out of the mountains, but they become destination points. Everybody knows something has been dragged out, so it attracts visitation. This one received quite a bit of it while it sat out there. The one on the top, that is only approximately about a mile off of I-10. Unique formations. Very hard to come by within the

12 Meccacopia. It has a stronger trail system than it 13 has art forms, so this is one of our unique items out 14 there.

We are trying to improve our wilderness experience. This is down in the Mecca Hills, Painted Canyon, Ladder Canyon area. It has high foot traffic visitation. Typically about 110,000 people visit this trail system every year. Another trail system they like to go into is the Grottos. This is on the eastern side of Box Canyon. It's a great place to come in. But as you can see down in here, we have some vehicle intrusion going on. We have got to come up with ways of protecting the water sources that are inside.

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Providing public information: Well, this was one of our kiosk boards. It's been riddled quite a few times with bullet shells. Eventually it got run over and destroyed. So this is one of the things that we also need to facilitate, our signage system.

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One of the things we are getting kind of proud of is our multilanguage use out in the area. It's working 100 percent most of the times.

This was a load of trash that was hauled out two Thanksgivings ago after a holiday weekend where somebody thought it wasn't Christmas. They didn't have their trees to burn, so they brought their garbage out instead.

Hotel California. It's located on the north side of the Meccacopias. It was -- it's been out there since probably we figure about 1950, maybe sooner. It may have been a hangout for the troops, George Patton's guys on the weekends. It was totally built up at one time and had a palm frond rope across the top. The area was burned down, destroyed and rebuilt. This is not sitting on BLM lands. It's a high visitation area that the only way to get to is to access across BLM's lands. This group of people comes out every

Kind of proud of this group here. This is

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acquire a number of easements across private land. This is one of our largest roads which is not passable 2

now by four-wheel vehicles unless highly skilled. 3

It's used mostly by quads and motorcycles, but it has 4

shut down about a 12-mile distance of route. We have 5 other roads that have impact, as well. But not quite 6 7

to this degree. So we are looking forward to acquiring lands.

We also have a strong volunteer program. We accomplished about \$600,000 worth of labor time saved last year in the hours the volunteers provided. One of the beneficial points of our volunteer program is that they have developed their own training process for the docents and volunteers. This is up at Big Morongo, and they are coming forward and going to be doing OHV training for our volunteer groups down on the desert floor. They plan on being in our office four times a year so that our OHV volunteers can also get the environmental training in order to care and maintain their areas.

But because of the large groups of people that we are now attracting, we are finding that there is a lot more contact that the outdoor rec planners, geologists, lands people have to do on the ground on busy holiday weekends. Because of this, we have now

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and reported one of our best rave law enforcement incidents that we have.

Thanksgiving, 65 people strong in their camp units,

This is part of Box Canyon which is off the paved road that goes to the two wilderness areas. We regularly have strong visitation out there. It is a rather special area for the community. They come out there, and we will have large family units of about 40 people at a time on most weekends. The local people understand the importance of the canyon, and they tend to bring in their Port-a-Potties and drag it out themselves and very often they may save us doing this, but we all pick up trash afterwards.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: You get what? MS. DANIELS: Trash.

This is up along Red Canyon Jeep Trail. This was a route that was going into wilderness. And a couple of young kids here decided they were going to come in and do a project. There are about 25 industrial-sized garage doors right here in the wilderness. They hiked in, removed them. In the process, this road loops around and comes around like this. They restored the road for us, as well. So this was the "before" and "after" of their project in removing industrial garage doors from the wilderness.

In this process, we would like to also

Page 125 had to typically change our type of approach with the

1 public. And we are making regular contacts on 2

weekends. We are going to be implementing a campfire 3

program. Our archaeologists, geologists and 4 biologists are all looking forward to this. 5

Holiday recreation patrols: Thanksgiving, 1200, 1300, 1400 people. We are doing head counts on most of the busy holiday weekends, Easter,

Thanksgiving. Christmas is kind of slow for us. 9 10

Presidents' Day will be one of our last big ones.

11 This is off Box Canyon up in the Mecca Hills Wilderness. This is a front country wilderness 12 area. There are three different zones for wilderness: 13

Primitive, back country, front country. This is 14

definitely an urban front country wilderness. This is 15 Easter weekend. We get approximately 4,000 people 16

within a five-mile space in an area no wider than a 17

quarter mile, smaller. They come in. They celebrate 18

Easter. We have Easter egg hunts. We have pink, 19

yellow, green confetti everywhere. Tug-of-war 20

contests, volleyball games, over-the-line tournaments. 21

It's absolutely one of the most delightful events you 22

will ever see. We have families that come in that we 23 have five generations of family present. 24

We are also very -- we know that we have a

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1 number of sensitive issues that we have to also

- 2 approach. One of them is we have the Mecca aster,
- 3 which grows along many of the washes in the Mecca
- 4 hills. It's a listed species of concern. We
- 5 presently have a grant that will address the
- 6 protection of it along those washes, and we hope to
- 7 have both our OHV and Sierra Club working together on 8
 - this grant for the protection of the Mecca aster. We
- 9 also have the Desert Tortoise out in the Orocopia
 - area. And Desert Tarantulas, huge migrations of them

11 out there.

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Monitoring: We plan to do long-term monitoring of visitors, OHV monitoring of the routes, trying to determine the impact that we are seeing from OHV use along the roads and routes. We are going to be hopefully implementing a route maintenance schedule, as well as presently having restoration of roads and old trails, as well. We will be utilizing funds shortly for a soils survey. And just recently received word that we also have the Washington Visitor Use Survey coming in within a couple of weeks.

This plan that we are about to start working on here is kind of complex, because it's not just one activity level plan. It actually happens to be four. We will be doing the Special Recreation

Page 128 1 Our education program: We have \$13,750. 2

This will support the volunteers from Big Morongo

coming forward with OHV training that we will do

4 through the office. We did not receive our trail 5

maintenance dollars. We received the restoration 6 funding. We also received our -- 50 percent of our

7 law enforcement funding. 8

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: The restoration funding seemed like a large number. Can you explain that a little bit?

MS. DANIELS: This one actually is -- in 12 the past years, this funding has gone toward the Meccacopia. We are already ahead on that. This 14 funding is going to be split between two other areas 15 that are being hit with OHV, one within the Coachella Valley, Coachella Valley Preserve. Another area at Big Morongo has an area called Blind Canyon. It's a neighboring area just behind Desert Hot Springs.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: That's pretty close to the national park.

MS. DANIELS: Right in the national park.

MEMBER DENNER: Ron, sort of in answer to your question, the distribution of funds from the Commission that you see here is pretty typical.

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Management Area Plan. That's the activity. We are going to be implementing the Mecca Hills Wilderness

- 3 Plan, Orocopia Mountains Wilderness Plan, and as well
- 4 as getting a lot stronger on our Designated Routes of
- 5 Travel Plan. All four of these are going to be
 - wrapped into one. This is why it's going to be quite
 - an interesting plan to develop because we have to be sensitive of all of these concerns within one.

We are receiving funding. Well, we were almost successful with our funding this year. This one is not there. And we are probably -- I think it's \$651,000 that we will receive in order to start working on the OHV side of our education program, our restoration, and our law enforcement.

We are hoping --

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I'm sorry, could you go back to the previous slide?

MS. DANIELS: Sure. This is our visitation funding. We received it last year. This is going to help us with placing traffic counters in the ground, GPS-ing routes, more or less destination points on our routes. We have our routes pretty well substantial, but this is going to be where our visitors are coming and why they are coming to these particular routes.

1 Couple of comments.

> One is the current Commission that decides on how these funds will be distributed defines "restoration" as "closure of trails forever after," not reviving trails so they can become restored and eventually maybe put back into use. Their definition of restoration means absolute and complete closure forever.

Secondly, you don't see anything on there that says improving recreation opportunities on the ground. You never do. This is typical of how funds are distributed by the current OHMVR Commission. That's why there is the uproar taking place now and that's exactly why we filed the lawsuit against the use of our trust fund money.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Isn't that kind of like managing by closure?

MEMBER DENNER: Oh, absolutely. There is never -- you never see a distribution of funds from the OHMVR that says they are going to mitigate the impact of closing a lot of trails. It's management by closures, clear and straightforward.

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Mona, of that amount of money you just mentioned, is any of that going towards the problem they have in Cathedral City with

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the off-road vehicle trespassing?

MS. DANIELS: A little bit. Only in the degree that behind Cathedral City is the Coachella Valley Preserve, and a lot of the spillover that's coming from right down there off the I-10 off the Cathedral City area is spilling over the preserve and this will help us with our boundaries along the preserve.

MEMBER SMITH: Mona, this has been an excellent presentation. That restoration in the area of the Morongo Preserve, does that cover the area from Kickapoo Trail down into Desert Hot Springs?

MS. DANIELS: That was last year's funding out of the state office. This is going to cover the area -- if you were to go up Date Palm clear to the very end up in Desert Hot Springs, there is an area -- the only way I can explain it is it's on the valley floor, but it's a stadium-like area. It's a very large stadium-shaped area. It's just east of Little Morongo Canyon Road.

And what typically happens is that people go up over this hillside, drop down into the stadium, and then there is -- the stadium is very -- the only way to explain it, it has a small, very delicate canyon, called Blind Canyon. And that canyon is being

1 important Indian trail systems south of the Mojave2 Trail.

MS. DANIELS: There is a beautiful trail system that we know about that comes off of the Meccacopia Trail across the bottom of that and then up into the Orocopia Canyon area. There is a beautiful defined trail system in there that they know about. The Bradshaw Trail also plays a major role along the south side. They have been doing quite a bit of archeological study, and I know that there is a need to do more.

MEMBER SMITH: Because the Romero Expedition came in on the north side of this in 1824. So I would hope that part of this planning really involves Native Americans and historians who can look at these important cultural values.

MS. DANIELS: I hope it does include. I hope we do have good representatives from the Native American tribes.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Just a comment I will share with you.

Oh, in the last three or four weeks, I was involved in a planning session in Clark County, Nevada, and I looked at a similar chart. But the large figure in Clark County was for actual

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heavily impacted when they use the stadium area. The stadium area was a quarry site area for the aqueduct when it went through. So work is going to be done to stop these trails that are popping up over the top as well as to rescue this delicate trail or canyon off to the side.

MEMBER SMITH: To the people that live over there or have businesses over there, that's long overdue and very welcome to see because that whole area has been massacred is the way we look at it. There are also historic structures and sites up there from early mining days.

MS. DANIELS: I think that one of the heaviest things that's going to be done, I know they are already starting to look at that area right now for any of the archaeological -- just that one defined center.

MEMBER SMITH: This presentation sort of mixes up two different things. One is the Mecca Hills Project in Morongo. But going to the -- whatever you call it -- "MeccaOrocopia" --

MS. DANIELS: Meccacopia.

MEMBER SMITH: Okay. I'll get there.

Has there been -- a well-developed archaeological survey been done of that area? That's one of the most

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1 establishment of future recreational opportunities

2 from the off-road community. They recognized that

3 there was a problem with off-road vehicles in certain

areas. And that they had taken certain areas away.
They have been given a grant for \$300,000 a year, per

6 year, to establish new off-road recreation
7 opportunities.

And I can see if I was an off-roader where I would be concerned if my Green Sticker money was only being used or a majority was being used to close opportunities rather than open opportunities. And I think it has to be done in a way that it doesn't negatively affect the entire resource.

So we are seeing the agencies' mandate of multiple use. There are some uses that just aren't conducive to -- for example, having hikers, bikers, horseback riders, motorcycle riders, off-road vehicles and that sort of thing all happening in the same place at the same time. Find room for everybody.

MS. DANIELS: The map in front of you -- I will go back to that. Just about where the three highway markers come together, if you look just north of that, Salton Sea, you have three highway markers. And just north of that you have got the Painted Canyon area. We do recognize that there is a large amount of

Page 134 backpacking, horse tracking, just visitor use. That area has become almost a tourist attraction for the Coachella Valley. And people will drive up there and just spend an afternoon just sitting and listening to the bird sounds.

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6 So we know that this is almost -- you could 7 draw a line right through this special recreation area 8 and know where your non-OHV uses are occurring. One of the things that we found really interesting two 10 Thanksgivings ago, we were out monitoring and we did 11 our head counts and we were on that last day of slow-12 down when we thought we had every number on the books. And we got out to Painted Canyon, a number of students 13 14 and myself. And we decided we were going to walk the Ladder Canyon. And we got up there and we found I 16 want to say close to 15 vehicles of people that recognized us from being in their camp. And they had all their bikes all shut down, locked down, and they were hiking the canyon.

Of course, we didn't recognize them because they were on foot. We were used to seeing them with the motorcycle helmets on and who is riding what machine. And here was this large group up the canyon hiking, and they recognized us.

So what became really familiar here was

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: When you say you need assistance from the DAC or TRT, are you talking about land planning issues, signing issues? We already have a couple TRT's in place.

MS. DANIELS: We are going to be dealing a lot with not only our designated routes of travel, but the need to find redirection. How we were going to deal with the public. How we are going to write this into a plan. And I think our need is to have you come in as that public unit to give us your opinion of what -- we think we are on track doing, but not quite sure.

are some real complexities tied in with this overall project. What you probably got from this slide show is the Meccacopia area does have a very sizable critical Desert Tortoise Habitat Area. It's part of the Wildlife Management Area designated under the NECO Plan. Our being able to manage that critical Desert Tortoise habitat, as well as the two sizable wilderness areas that were designated back in '94, given the overall context of having a very rapidly increase in overall visitor use, kind of a wide

MR. KALISH: Just to add to that, there

spectrum of visitor uses, as Mona has talked about, 25 and then you add to that -- it's an area that's very

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most of the time you are sitting there thinking OHV centers to the OHV users; hiking centers to the hikers. But what we had was a group of OHV people that had walked probably five miles in from where they left their vehicles.

So there was a use going on here that was a blending. And to us, that was a really good thing to see and to make note of. And that they also recognized that this is the area that they are going to come to to go take that walk, to go enjoy the scenery. So we are already starting down that avenue of knowing where our use, what types of uses are occurring throughout the SRMA. And hopefully, we can even identify this a little stronger.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you. MS. DANIELS: I only had one more slide, I think, and that was to thank you guys for having me here. That we also -- our office would love it if the DAC could probably pull a TRT together for us and assist us with the development of this. And it's really -- I think we just talked about all the things I was going to say on this. So again, thank you very much. I'm glad you --

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you. (Applause from the audience.)

easily accessible by people coming out of the very large metropolitan area, L.A. Basin, Inland Empire; right off of I-10, very easy to get to.

And then we have in the Coachella Valley, right now the population is about half a million people live in Coachella Valley. It's rapidly increasing. And as is evidenced by some of our planning efforts dealing with our national monuments, the people moving into the valley are really looking at all of the amenities that Coachella Valley has to offer, one of which is the fact that all around the perimeter of the valley is Joshua Tree National Park to the north, Santa Rosa-San Jacinto Mountains National Monument to the south. And then you look directly to the east are these incredible hills and this is just an incredible recreation resource.

And people are wanting to find out what the opportunities are and how that they, as residents very close to this particular area, can start to get up there and really enjoy the experiences that it has to offer. So on the one side, it's a very -- area that has some real environmental constraints and some real issues regarding our need to protect critical Desert Tortoise habitat, all the wildlife values, extensive desert dry wash, woodlands, Big Horn Sheep. The list

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is very long, as well as the two wilderness areas. And in doing so, trying to meet the needs of the demand from those people that would like to use that area.

We really feel that we are on the -- kind of the early side of the overall challenges. We are still a little bit ahead of the curve, unlike some of the other areas throughout the California Desert Conservation area, where BLM was really put in more of a reactive mode, trying to react to issues and kind of bring things back under a level of management consistent with what the resource needs are.

The Meccacopia area is one that, as Mona said, it's recently being essentially refound. We have really an excellent opportunity right now to get in on the early stages, implement this plan, deal with the conflicting uses, develop a good, very usable and very workable overall planning effort that we can implement. And to any degree that the Advisory Council can assist us in doing that, we certainly would appreciate that.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Mr. Chairman, I think we saw yesterday one of our stops where I guess we interrupted some meditation that was going on, people just looking over the desert.

1 NECO Plan is all critical Desert Tortoise habitat.

- 2 And then there is habitat down on the lower -- the toe
- 3 of the slope of the Mecca Hills. In fact, you go out
- 4 Thermal Road where the gravel pits are. That Thermal
- 5 Canyon is a wildlife corridor and is definitely
- 6 occupied by -- or we know it's occupied by tortoise,
- 7 burros, within that area. So really, throughout the
- 8 entire -- except once you get up into the higher
- 9 elevations -- throughout the entire area, it's Desert 10 Tortoise habitat, the bulk of which is critical,
 - Tortoise habitat, the bulk of which is critical, designated critical habitat.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. Schiller.

MEMBER SCHILLER: I just wanted to point out, as you can probably expect, I think there is a great amount of mineral and gem opportunities there. I just looked through Howard's book. I hadn't seen the new book. It's quite impressive. I have all the old books, but I hope that will be considered.

And I promise I will start pressing on the California Mineralogical Society and local gem and mineral clubs to start getting more involved. Most of the time I think they think, well, if we keep our head low they won't see us. And unfortunately, they don't realize they lose their access by not participating in the process. So I will commit to that too.

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Bill.

MEMBER SMITH: When you get into really sensitive cultural sites like this, do you interface with the Pack Rat Committee of the Desert Managers Group at all, which is their archaeology subcommittee?

MR. KALISH: We haven't yet. And we are still in the early scoping part of this overall planning effort. And these are the -- this is the kind of input that we really need. We are really just looking for assistance in pulling the overall planning effort together and saw some value potentially, if the Advisory Council saw fit, to pull together a team or at least as an overall group point us in a few directions that we may not have thought about.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. Brown.

MEMBER BROWN: I had a question. You mentioned the tortoise habitat, critical habitat. Is that shown on the map here?

MS. DANIELS: This area of bright yellow here. It's now the DWMA, and it does -- the boundary lines on this map are a little bit off.

MR. KALISH: The actual Desert Wildlife
Management Area designated under the NECO Plan really
extends all the way up to Cactus City where the
highway rest stop is. And that is all -- under the

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MEMBER BROWN: The Chemehuevi Valley, what is the status of that relative to this area and the kind of use that it gets relative to this area?

MS. DANIELS: Chemehuevi starts -- our amendment would be -- you have got it on the maps in front of you. This is summit here, this angled road. Here you see just to the east of it, you are going to see almost like a straight cut road right here on the maps in front of you. Chemehuevi starts right about here, just on the edge. And I imagine we will touch on it vaguely, but there is not going to be that much inside the boundaries. And right now there is none inside the boundaries we have presently.

MEMBER BROWN: I guess what I meant was saying "this area," you are having really heavy visitor use, yet it's for the most part Tortoise Critical Habitat, wilderness, ACEC's, National Park, et cetera, where you have really restricted kinds of uses. And that's why I'm wondering the adjacent areas, are they going to get heavier and heavier use until you have to start restricting the use of those areas, at the same time greater and greater demand for use with fewer and fewer opportunities for use.

MS. DANIELS: One of my personal goals, and I hope that this is -- we are kind of aiming this

way on some of the things we are addressing in the office, too, is we've got an area right here at the corner of Summit Road which is heavily impacted. And between Gasline and Summit, we have a lot of concentration of individual camp sites, one-party camp sites. So we are seeing impact out in an area we would like to see it reduced.

And by coming up with a strong -- and again, this is another reason why we would like to amend this to include the Gasline as our boundary because we can address the uses within this zone over here. And we would like to redirect those camp sites. We don't know how we are going to do it yet, but we would like to focus the users into areas that are a little bit more environmentally stable instead of out on the summit in the areas where the tortoise, they depend on that vegetation a lot more than down in some of the sandier washes. So we have to address that one. We know that's a problem.

MEMBER BROWN: I said Chemehuevi. I should have said Chuckwalla. There are a lot of roads in there.

MS. DANIELS: A lot of this flows this way between these two routes in here. We have a lot of surface flow that's going to the south in here.

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And because of the surface flow, we've got dense vegetation, real dense tortoise populations, and if we can redirect those groups, if we can, inside our activity level plan, address how we are going to move, redirect --

MEMBER BROWN: "Redirect" meaning have them go somewhere else?

MS. DANIELS: We have use areas in here that are really strong camping. There are no routes, except for the Bradshaw. So we want to keep those illegal routes from developing in here.

Two years ago we lost a lot of the dikes that had the Eagle Mountain Railroad on it. So we have seen a lot of illegal movement up through the washes that were once kind of a buffer. They are now wide open. So we have got to get in there and sign and address that. And hopefully when the railroad is back up and functioning, that will reduce that effect.

But it is one of the things that we do have to address is the illegal use going in here.

MEMBER CHARLTON: I used to go there a lot in the late seventies and early eighties and did a lot of camping in Box Canyon and couldn't go there this year because the moat was washed out. And I found out a lot about the Mecca Hills Ladder Canyon

from the Sierra Club in Riverside.

MS. DANIELS: They are out there this weekend.

MEMBER CHARLTON: It's a really neat area. We have two areas of interest for possible field trips and one of them is to that area. And the dunes. So that's just another reason for backing down.

MS. DANIELS: This is another use. It's hiking. It's how are we coming to -- it's camping and it still has its impact, so it's something we do have to address.

MEMBER PRESCH: I know it's outside of your planning area, but what do you see as the long-term effect of your management of the Meccacopia and its effect on Horn Springs Campground? Of course, that's located right in the middle of the wilderness area and one way in and out. Do you see an increase in terms of movement to that campground?

MS. DANIELS: We are seeing increases right now to the noncampground camping that's outside of Corn Springs going up DuPont Road. There is a lot more camping on the east side of the wilderness. Corn Springs, those of you that have the maps in front of you, and Corn Springs is another mountain range down

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here. Corn Springs comes into a hollow, a center point inside here. DuPont runs down here against that side of the hill.

What has happened is inside Corn Springs -it actually has an ACEC around the campground. And
the ACEC is relatively small compared to the fact that
over the last couple of years we have acquired some
lands inside that valley and a lot more than what we
had when they set up that campground. So there could
be a possibility of readdressing the ACEC inside
there. But we -- the visitation in Corn Springs
itself has not substantially increased right now. The
increase is outside the campground.

MEMBER WILEY: I lost my map. Thank you.

MEMBER DENNER: Howard, I'd like to suggest that the answer I heard to your question is that we need to redirect the OHV people out of the area, but we don't know where we are going to send them because there is not a single open riding area in the entire Coachella Planning Area.

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I can add to that. That's a real problem because what we have now as a result is there is a lot of off-road vehicle trespassing. And the law enforcement is very active

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in the municipalities, but it's a trickle effect and we are not addressing the problem properly.

MR. KALISH: One of the areas that has been looked at as a potential open area is that Drop 31 location along the canal. A lot of that land is private land, and there are some real issues. But that area is within the Meccacopia planning area and would be part of this overall planning effort.

But this area has just really a fantastic route network with a number of loop routes in and around some incredible scenery, some incredible recreational values. So we really see this area as really providing, overall, an area, driving onto routes. Our ability in the long run to be able to sign those routes and keep people from driving off -driving up the washes or off of the routes, along with maintaining those routes through trail grooming and other maintenance activities. We really see that overall restoration dollar amount that you saw from the OHV grant really greatly decreasing over time through measures or actions that we would implement through this overall planning effort.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: One of the things -- and I will mention Nevada again. They are actually taking moneys and buying ground. The money is coming

down here in the Coachella Valley, because the
Coachella Valley is very limited on campgrounds. So
when we have people that come into the valley and are
looking for some place they can camp overnight, we
typically get our tourist campers out here on Box

Canyon. So this is a heavy campground.

Painted Canyon, heavy camp zone for Scouting events, church groups. That's one of the heavy zones. So we do have these zones that we know of where most of our camping occurs. So it would be a way of -- isolated campgrounds, we have determined, probably there are some ideal locations versus nonideal locations for isolated camping.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: One more question having to do particularly with OHV use. You guys are both out of the Palm Springs office; is that correct? Both land planners and you are familiar with the lands that have been managed and their locations. Just a ballpark figure would be of interest. Lands that are difficult for you to manage because of their proximity to development. In other words, they are close to development. They don't really have the values that are what you typically manage. If I can describe it another way, possibly they are in the middle of a path of progress near infrastructure and other things.

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from their OHV community. And even if they don't own any land which is appropriate today, they are finding land under private ownership, and they are partnering and purchasing some of it. So those opportunities still exist in those individual communities.

MS. DANIELS: To go back to the camping issue a bit. One of the things is we have about five different very strong camping areas within this zone. That earlier clip about designated camping zones or staging areas -- this is Drop 31 down here. This is where we get about 650 people during busy holiday weekends. We also have the camp zone. This is where we have a lot of the back-of-the-vehicle camping going on. Up here at the corner of Summit we have probably about 60 acres of land that in the '50s, '60s, the movie "The Professional," and a couple of other movies were made out there. And they actually bulldozed this land 50 years ago. So there is a big bald spot out here that is used by RV's and different camp units.

We also have another heavy camp area right up here off of Bread Canyon right up here. We have another one we call Section 24, which is in here. Another spot which is outside our designation would be inside here, up right in here. And then we have got a lot of weekenders when we have special events going Page 149

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MS. DANIELS: Urban interface.
CHAIRMAN KEMPER: That's good. There

MR. KALISH: Well, we recently did a

you go.

How much lands do you have and you think you manage that would fit that category?

plan amendment for Coachella Valley that was signed in December of 2002 that identified Wildlife Management Areas that really mirror the areas that are being identified in the Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation effort that is nearing completion. But we also identified areas within Coachella Valley that are in very close proximity to those areas that are being developed.

As potential areas for disposal, we would over time look at implementing a disposal process whereby those lands would be disposed of in a manner that would benefit the overall MSHCP or the Habitat Conservation Plan that's being developed by the various jurisdictions in and around the Coachella Valley.

So we have through that recent land use plan identified lands that do not have the resource values, such as habitat, wildlife habitat that ties into the reserves being developed throughout the

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valley or other values are -- just basically they would be in the overall public interest for us to dispose of those lands. Those lands have been identified.

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MEMBER BETTERLEY: Do you have the approximate acreage?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I was talking about the whole Palm Springs district.

MS. DANIELS: Just an idea, the Meccacopias is the wilderness considered threat country. And then all the lands around it fall under this. And just the Meccacopias is about 130,000 acres. And I would say easily doubled, tripled within the immediate Palm Springs area.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: What we are saying is you possibly have as much as 300,000 acres that are probably within the path of development. And I'm not saying it would be developed.

MS. DANIELS: It's going to be affected by development. Is that what you are --

MR. KALISH: You are asking about lands that we could potentially dispose of. I would say within Coachella Valley all the way down to the Coachella-Imperial County line, less than 5,000 acres. It would be potentially in the public interest for us

could dispose of lands and acquire lands in another area if it would pull conflicting uses out of those designated reserves and preserves and move those uses over to the lands that we are acquiring.

5 A perfect example would be the lack of an 6 open OHV area within Coachella Valley, which is a 7 large valleywide issue. Potentially under our Land Use Plan, we identified if we could dispose of some of the lands up along Dillon Road right north of I-10 10 which are -- that's in an area that we have identified 11 as potential disposal, the lands that are available, 12 then we could acquire, say, lands potentially down in 13 Drop 31, if that area were to be designated as an open 14 OHV area, for the purposes of pulling the OHV use out of the reserves and preserves throughout the valley 15 and then bringing those down and facilitating that use 16 down within, for example, Drop 31. So we tried to build in that scenario within our Land Use Plan Amendment.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: What I would ask you, when we talked about some of these issues last night -- and I'm not going to belabor it -- but oftentimes we think about our problems, and we don't think about our assets and how we could build a vehicle to get to where we really want to go. And you

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to dispose of those, and we have made commitments with

various entities that are developing the local Habitat 2

3 Conservation Plan that once the plan is finalized, we can look at those lands as potential disposal landbase 4

5 to dispose of and do so in a manner that would 6

facilitate the development of reserves and preserves under the HCP. So either through land exchanges or potential sales, if we can keep the funds locally.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Sure. We have lots of inholdings, checkerboard ownership, that affect how you manage further-out pieces. And what my thought process was is if some of the land that you hold is probably very valuable land in terms of value to land developers. You can buy a lot of land away from infrastructure. When you are selling land with 3 or 4 or \$500,000 an acre and you can buy it for \$500 an acre further out, and it has more of the resource values.

MR. KALISH: To give you a perfect example, the commitment we have made in the Coachella Valley for any potential disposal of public lands, the criteria that we would use is that we would either dispose of those lands to directly acquire lands within the preserves and reserves that are being identified under that Habitat Conservation Plan, or we

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certainly have probably some of the most valuable land 1 2 in Southern California. And the vehicle would have to

3 be changed a little bit, and I realize that

4 legislatively if you sell land and you take the money, 5

it goes into the general fund. However, Clark County

6 has been quite successful in doing something

7 different. I believe that we have to make some 8

legislative changes in California. I don't think 9 that's impossible. I think we can change how we do

business and -- Jerry?

MR. HILLIER: Yes, Mr. Chairman. Pardon me for interjecting myself in this discussion, but it is your reference to some of the things going on in Nevada that I think maybe do have relevance.

Nevada has always approached land disposal a little differently than the rest of the BLM states. But they have, through specific legislation, been successful in earmarking areas for public land disposal and then providing for the disposition of those receipts to pick up critical areas, both for recreation and wildlife habitat and a variety of other purposes.

And while I think BLM nationally might discourage that model, maybe it is, given the value of some of the lands in the Coachella Valley, maybe it's

a worthwhile model to look at.

I do want to, though, caution. Several years ago, I was involved with a client who was looking at some land in the Coachella Valley that they wanted to buy, exchange, and all. And a number of those tracts, while they showed BLM surface management, are under Bureau of Reclamation withdrawal. So you get another player in the disposal action, and the BOR would not move to dispose of those lands without the blessing of the water district. And you get into water delivery system. And the entire proposal went basically down the drain because of the unwillingness of the water district to agree to the disposal because of the potential that it was going to cause more draw on the water that's delivered to the valley.

In the course of that discussion, some of it was very high value agricultural land and some of it potentially could have been high value real estate for urban development. There was also migrant camps on it, garbage disposal on it, and some of it already had grapes planted on it. And part of the irony I ran into was that I ran into basically a classic absentee ownership in that under Reclamation Withdrawal Bill, BLM surface management and the static nature of the

1 probably have at least a couple hours for council 2 roundtable, and I think we have TRT reports that

3 aren't on the agenda but should be done. You want to 4 go ahead and work through lunch?

5 MEMBER McQUISTON: Whatever.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I'm fine with that. I know the court reporter needs at least a break.

8 MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Mr. Chairman, I might 9 have missed something, but there was an action item on 10 the agenda, a request for the formation of a TRT. Are 11 we going to do that now?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We usually do action items at the end.

MEMBER SMITH: I would prefer to take a break and then work right through. That's what I would prefer.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Fifteen-minute break. (Brief recess was taken.)

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: If everybody will take their seats, I want to call this meeting back to order. I have a comment request from Jerry Hillier. In the hopes of expediting the meeting -- that's the only comment card we have -- I am going to ask Jerry to make his comments at this time.

MR. HILLIER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

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tract, nobody was managing it.

I really do think it would be valuable for BLM to look at the urban interface in the Coachella Valley and perhaps develop some kind of a plan that then could be worked cooperatively through Reclamation, the water district and other players, and perhaps work with the legislative congressional delegation to get some kind of legislation: Yes, we can dispose of those lands, and yes, then that money can be used to acquire other interests. But it really has to be done on a planned basis and than on a partnership basis, recognizing there are a lot more players there than just BLM.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Mr. Hillier. Any other comments or questions? Thank very much.

MR. KALISH: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We went a little bit longer than I think we planned. What time is it? We are obviously not going to get done by lunch -- before lunch. Is everybody agreeable to break for lunch for one hour and coming back?

MEMBER McQUISTON: How long will it take? It's a long drive for some of us.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think we will

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I'm Jerry Hillier. I've put in the comment
card representing both myself personally and San
Bernardino County. And I was afraid of being the only
thing standing between the Council and lunch. And now
I'm the siesta speaker, so I will try to be very
brief.

First off, Steve, I would like to really extend a formal welcome to you as the California Desert District manager. It's quite an honor to have a chance to serve in this job. I think you will find it challenging and interesting, and certainly, it's one of the greatest jobs in all of BLM. So welcome to Southern California. And from our conversation, welcome home from your birth in Ventura.

MR. BORCHARD: Thank you.

MR. HILLIER: I certainly stand ready to help you in any way I can. I don't serve as a member of the Council, but I work with a number of local government groups. And if there is anything I can ever help you with from an historic standpoint or what the hell was he thinking and respond to that or provide introductions or anything else -
MR. BORCHARD: Thank you.

MR. HILLIER: -- I'm certainly willing to do that and would welcome the opportunity.

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First off, I wanted to say a word in support of having the BLM meeting down here in McCain Valley. The fact of the matter is that since the Dunes is pending in court, there is very little -even though it would have drawn a number of people, in terms of providing input to the BLM, and long-term planning actions, McCain Valley in that area was probably more meaningful in terms of being able to take immediate response.

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I also know judges can take forever and can't be compelled to make decisions. I'm involved with a case -- I believe the arguments closed in District Court in Salt Lake City in November of '98 and the judge has yet to render a decision on the case. I think he just hoped that the litigants would either die or sell out. But at any rate, he never has issued a decision, so those things can go on forever.

The key thing that I wanted to talk about this morning or this afternoon is monitoring. And I am becoming increasingly concerned that there isn't a commitment to adequately do a job of monitoring on the public lands. And I think if you go back through comments that I have either submitted directly or have submitted on behalf of clients over the last decade, I have generally responded to the comments or the

offices in the California Desert District and extending the search net actually into Clark County, 3 Nevada, in the offices there that had been looking at 4 Desert Tortoises, that virtually no one has monitored 5 anything relative to Desert Tortoises since the 6 critter was listed in 1989.

Yes, there have been some mitigation reports submitted. Yes, they have launched finally into line distance sampling in 2001. But there have been some problems in terms of that data and whether it's valid or not valid. And there is some ongoing scientific arguments. And the fact of the matter is the Service has been asked repeatedly for a base line and has yet to even supply a base line for where the Desert Tortoise started at and where it might be today.

And I would commend Boarman's paper to anybody that is concerned about public land management, because in the meantime, BLM continues to make decisions that affect people's lives, they affect the regulatory framework people have to face. And when we say, okay, you have habitat management plans such as up in St. George, where they have supposedly 100 percent implemented land use plan for Desert Tortoises, and you ask what has it accomplished and

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planning language by saying BLM must make a commitment to monitor and establish base lines and then determine what is happening with the plan.

And the response always comes back, you know, in the response to comments or protest or whatever as, trust us. Or we can't make commitments because we haven't got -- we get appropriated annually, and we will do the best we can. And there is always -- it's fluffy. But it never is with a solid commitment that, boy, we are going to put \$50,000 a year away right off the top to do this.

And because of changes in appropriations and because of time constraints and because of litigation and I think also because of employee turnover, the fact of the matter is that monitoring just isn't getting done. And I think it was brought to a head just recently. Dr. Bill Boarman, who formally was a BLM employee and then went to USGS and recently into the private sector, completed a report on efficacy monitoring being done relative to the Desert Tortoise over the last 20 years. And besides Bill Presch, I don't know how many of you have had an opportunity to see Bill's report.

But it is dispiriting, to say the least, because what he found out in looking at all of the

Page 161 they look at you and say we don't know, that is scary because decisions continue to be made without having those answers.

And so I really -- somewhere along the

line, I think the agency really does need to make or figure out a way to commit to getting the monitoring done before taking on new work, new planning efforts. And right now as we approach the Record of Decision on the West Mojave and I'm sure the terms "adoptive 10 management" are going to be used in that plan as they -- kind of the current buzz word or buzz phrase, 12 "adaptive management" is meaningless without a strong 13 commitment that monitoring is going to get done.

And five years ago -- I think five years ago now, four years ago, NEMO and NECO Plans were adopted. And I would be curious - and I guess I need to make this as a formal request: What has happened in the NECO? What monitoring is going on? What changes have occurred?

Invariably when BLM does make these expressions, they are always on the input side: We built so many miles of fence; we have closed off so many miles of access. And that to me is monitoring from the input side. What has happened on the output side? Has there been any change? Has there been

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measured increase in wildlife species, or whatever else you are doing. And I think that's important for the agency to share that with the stakeholders.

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So that's kind of my sermon of the day.

MEMBER SMITH: For those of us sitting up here, if we wanted to obtain a copy of that, how would we do that?

MR. HILLIER: The Bureau certainly has copies of it. It was done at the charge of the Desert Managers' Group, of which BLM is a member. Bill, during the drafting of that, had shared the report in draft form with me to make some comments on it and did furnish me a final copy of it. And Bill Presch I know has a copy of it through the Desert Studies. I'm sure he has copies and can share it. And I have shared it with my membership of Quad State County Government Coalition Board.

MEMBER DENNER: Ron, can I respond to Jerry's comment here, please?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Sure.

MEMBER DENNER: Jerry, there is no way the BLM is going to do the monitoring. Absolutely no way. We have five management plans now that are two volumes this thick to replace one management plan that was in effect for 20 years that was that thick that

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of the Interior just this summer, "How are you going to implement the plans?" And nobody has an answer.

3 So if you think that somehow the BLM is going to do

4 the monitoring that these plans require, you are

5 smoking something that I haven't had the opportunity6 to experience.

MR. HILLIER: I wish I had come in contact with it, too, and I wish I wasn't bringing that message of frustration. But certainly, I represent a constituency being asked to spend a considerable amount of money implementing these plans or being mitigated for these plans. You represent a constituency that's faced with the same thing. And Ron Kemper represents a constituency that literally has been 80 percent put out of business because of decisions that come down from these land plans.

And when you say, okay, you got rid of the winter sheep or the spring sheep grazing in the West Mojave in the Kramer Hills area, what has it accomplished? How many tortoises have you recovered? And they look at you blankly and say nobody has gone out to look. And so it's frustrating. We are not going to arrive at answers here, but it's something that the agency and others need to focus on.

Whether it's getting some money and carving

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they could not implement.

We have been -- I don't know if you were with us. In Washington, D.C., we met with the appropriations people and we asked them how much money is in the budget. The question of budget came up yesterday. And whoever the BLM person was laughed at us. Are you kidding? We never do budgets. We do plans. And then we worry about it later. Nobody ever creates a budget for a plan first.

So there is no money in any of these plans to do the amount of monitoring that the plans demand. And I suggest that within the next three years, the BLM is going to be so besieged by lawsuits that the only action they will be able to take without resources is emergency closures. We are going to see the whole damn California Desert District closed to access because they don't have any money to implement the plans.

In Washington, D.C., recreation is not high on the priority list. Fighting the war and silly little things like that are taking high priority. And budgets are being cut to managing agencies, not increased. So they are never going to get the money to do the monitoring. I would love to have a BLM person -- I have asked everybody up to the Secretary

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1 off \$100,000 or a million dollars off the top of this

2 \$15 million budget and contracting it. But it's

3 becoming -- I believe it's of crisis proportions

4 because you can't continue to write plans and demand

5 implementation of them and not assure yourself that,

6 indeed, you are doing the right kind of things to even

accomplish the goals of the plan.

MEMBER DENNER: And that you have the funding.

MR. HILLIER: I apologize for being on the soap box on it. And this wasn't even the main comment I intended to make here today. But it hit me again last night because Bill Lamb, who some of you may know, was with me. And some of these projects --

and he was looking at the 100-page plan that the

16 Bureau of Reclamation has on the Colorado River that

17 has a strong monitoring commitment. But Reclamation

18 has the money and is going to commit to carrying out

19 the monitoring in the Cibolo Valley. And somehow BLM

20 needs to make that as a commitment in this plan before

21 they even start doing the implementing actions.

MEMBER DENNER: You mean BLM California? In Nevada they are doing that.

MR. HILLIER: I think that's -- that's

yes and no. But anyway, that's the primary message.

I did have a couple of other things.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: In order to move us on a little bit and maybe stop the debate before it becomes a debate, I think monitoring is something that the DAC in its entirety can probably support. And we would like to take an action item on it in the meeting in our role as giving advice to the agency and to Steve. Maybe we want to take an action item that it's our recommendation that monitoring be done. Jerry, you want to go ahead and make your other reports?

MR. HILLIER: I have two other points I want to make.

One of them is relative to Surprise Canyon, the longstanding effort there. And very frankly, I don't have a dog in that fight. So I have sat on the sidelines and watched it over the years and been aware of it and have provided comments to all the various people that have been involved in Surprise Canyon.

But it's an issue that involves RH 2477, which to some people are fighting words and to some people, they roll their eyes and hope it goes away. I think at the last meeting of the DAC, I mentioned that the 10th Circuit Court of Appeals had rendered a decision in early September on 2477, which we have been uncertain how the Secretary was going to

matter is that it is there, and it probably is going to get implemented.

The last thing I wanted to touch on related to the Desert Tortoise Recovery Plan. As many of you know, I have been involved with Quad State County Government Coalition for several years in looking at the review and the revision of the Desert Tortoise Recovery Plan. It was adopted in 1994 about the same time that Critical Habitat was designated.

The group that I speak for has taken -- has raised several questions over the years relative to the handling of population matters and the various management issues. And that's how we got into this efficacy issue in terms of monitoring and follow-up with the tortoises.

Fish and Wildlife Service appears to now be on the brink of moving ahead with formal establishment of work groups and moving ahead with review and revision of the Tortoise Recovery Plan. And probably is going to be addressing it this spring. We have been assured that within the next 30 to 60 days, the United States Conflict -- Environmental Conflict Resolution Institute -- and I think I have that name correct -- out of Tucson -
MEMBER BETTERLEY: Is there an acronym

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implement that, either within the 10th Circuit or nationally.

There was a meeting in Washington Tuesday which did involve Paul Beddoe from the National Association of Counties, and I have been told that the secretary now is getting ready to make some kind of a major pronouncement at the NACO legislative conference that's going to be in the first week of March, roughly five weeks from now.

And given the importance of 2477 and the manner in which the 10th Circuit -- and I don't know the extent to which the Bureau has even briefed its employees relative to this decision -- I would caution decision making prior to, or at least raise the question with the California state office and the others, whether decisions regarding access would be appropriate prior to the Secretary coming out with some kind of a pronouncement to the agency and to others relative to the implementation of 2477.

I think it's going to be -- certainly the decision that came out of the 10th Circuit from which no appeal was taken is a fundamental change in direction in the handling of these. And hopefully, going to lead to a resolution. I'm sure a lot of people won't be happy with it, but the fact of the

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for that?

MR. HILLIER: Not to my knowledge.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: You couldn't use it in a public meeting.

MR. HILLIER: They are out of Tucson, and the Service has contracted with them. And they are going to be going around talking to anybody who has anything to say relative to the tortoise issues, to implementation of the plan, to their experience relative to whether things have been going good, whether things have been going badly, and how, and going to try and frame the issue so that the Service then can readdress recovery actions in the coming year.

And I think this is going to be -- we finally got the Service to the point of at least looking at the plan. Some of it is ten years late, but they are going to be moving ahead in a very formal, structured fashion. And many of you that are sitting on this Council -- the Service already has your names -- probably will be contacting you and I think it's -- I say that not as a warning but as an invitation to participate fully with them so that your experience relative to Desert Tortoise management, Desert Tortoise habitat issues do get fully framed.

They are not only getting scientific input, but they are getting full stakeholder interface input. And I don't think there is anybody at this table who in one way, shape, or form isn't a stakeholder relative to Desert Tortoises. So we will all be doing this together, I think, probably in the coming months.

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My role relative to the County Government Coalition will be to make sure that the California group communicates with the Nevada group and in Arizona and Utah so it's done on a full Mojave Desert basis and we don't -- and the Service doesn't just carve off isolated factions there to fight.

So we are hoping to get some resolution out of this. We don't know what it's going to be, but one of the issues, again, gets back to my first pitch. Without some monitoring, we don't know what the current plan has done or not done relative to any recovery. But this is the one way we are going to finally get some action relative to disease and predation and some of the other issues that many of us feel are the fundamental causes of tortoise declines as opposed to some of the things they have taken action against. And that's the end of my comment.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you very much.

MR. HILLIER: If anybody has any

Page 172 you know, the Court system below the Supremes is

divided into a number of circuits. And there are 2

10 -- the 50 states and territories are divided into 3

10 circuits. California lays in the 9th Circuit, 4

which includes Oregon, Washington, this state, Nevada, 5

6 Arizona.

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The 10th Circuit is basically the Rocky Mountains region, except for Montana. It's Wyoming, Utah and Colorado. The Circuit heard an appeal of a District Court decision out of Utah and wrote -- the three-judge panel wrote a unanimous decision that basically held -- and you can go back and check -- it was September 8 of 2005 is when it was rendered. And basically knew, I think, it was either going to get appealed or going to get applied nationally.

And so they drew on precedent cases from throughout the country. And there were quite a few out of Oregon and California. And basically held that BLM and the Secretary of Interior could not establish maintenance requirements or anything else relative to the designation of an access. The fundamental issue was, did it exist on October 26, 1976, when the law was repealed. And in fact, the issue of construction wasn't even -- couldn't even be brought to bear.

The BLM could not establish and apply

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questions, I'll be happy to answer.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: If what Jerry tells us is correct, and we get -- any member of this DAC gets contacted by this group, I believe we ought to as a DAC meet with them and have them at one of our meetings so that they can hear what each one of us that has a different interest has to say about the monitoring program that's gone on, which hasn't gone on. And the number of millions of dollars that they spent on studies and on lawsuits over the past ten years or whatever it is. I think we ought to even invite them to a DAC meeting. Put it on the agenda for 9 o'clock in the morning so we have to get up early.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think it's a good idea too. If you want to bring it up in the action part of the meeting to give them an invitation, then we will certainly consider it. Thank you, sir.

Howard.

MEMBER BROWN: I have two quick questions. You had mentioned the 10th Circuit decision or something. Can you -- maybe I'm the only one that doesn't know what it is -- to say what that decision was.

MR. HILLIER: It was a decision -- as

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construction standards for consideration. And that it

was basically a subject of state law, whether the 2

access was there and what laws applied to prescriptive 3

rights under state law. And it's a really fundamental 4 change. And I can tell you that an attorney with the 5

Department of Interior that I spoke with in November 6

who has been working on this -- he has since moved 7

over to the Department of Justice -- said that the 8

acceptance of this decision inside BLM is going to be 9

traumatic from the director on down and is going to 10

really require a change in the agency culture. 11

Because for 20 years, BLM employees have been told, we 12

are in charge. And this is a case where the law 13

predated BLM, and the judges' decision basically gives 14

BLM a ministerial function instead of a regulatory and 15 administrative function. It's a profound fundamental 16 decision. 17

MEMBER BROWN: Thank you. 18

The other question was relative to the 19 Tortoise Recovery Plan you are talking about. Who is 20 the Fish and Wildlife guy that made a presentation 21 here before the DAC last year sometime where they 22 wanted to create the new science advisory team --23

MR. HILLIER: You are referring to Roy Averill-Murray, who is the head of the Desert Tortoise

Recovery office. Yes, this is a continuation of that work, but it's taken them a year to get from that introductory remarks to finally getting a program put together.

<u> 2</u>4

us.

MEMBER BROWN: It seems that the DAC recommended I think that -- I think the user groups be given some sort of equal status on the -- their science review team and maybe even in the decision making. Have you seen a letter or --

MR. HILLIER: They have expanded the science advisory committee to incorporate a couple people that were recommended by our Quad State organization, such as an epidemiologist. The science advisory committee has begun meeting and developing recovery criteria. Bob Williams of Fish and Wildlife Service, Roy Averill-Murray's boss, briefed the board of Quad State two weeks ago and indicated they had met four times, but we have no indication of what the results of any of those meetings have been and may not know.

I will be attending the Desert Tortoise Council meeting in Tucson about this time next month and probably am going to have a more up-to-date feel after that meeting as to just where some of these stand. and some other universities, which is irrelevant.

The point of it is, there is a lot of
science that needs to be applied. And we are trying
to keep that -
MEMBER PRESCH: If you could provide

MEMBER PRESCH: If you could provide me somehow the name of that person out of the Smithsonian, and let me know. I probably know them.

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MEMBER DENNER: Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Yes, sir.

MEMBER DENNER: To bring the Council up to speed on what has happened, those of you that were here, if you recall, we passed a motion to have the

13 chairman write a letter to Roy Averill-Murray, the
 14 head of the Desert Tortoise Recovery office,

suggesting that some of the user groups, the

stakeholders, have a lot of background with the Desert Tortoise.

17 Tortoise,

As you know, the OHV people have been working that effort for a long time. That helped lead to a decision to bring a stakeholder onto the Desert

Tortoise Science Recovery Committee. His name is Jim
 McGarvey. He's the senior vice president of my

McGarvey. He's the senior vice president of my
 organization, the Off-Road Business Association. So

24 he will be sitting right at that level with the

25 advisory committee, providing input to Roy

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MR. BORCHARD: Put in a good word for

MEMBER PRESCH: The Science Advisory Group you are referring to, is that the arm of the Desert Managers' Group?

MR. HILLIER: No. The Science Advisory Committee is a national group. I don't have all their names. It does include Dr. Berry, who the Council is familiar with, a former BLM employee out of Riverside now at GS. It also includes Dr. Tracy out of University of Nevada-Reno who was involved in the original Desert Tortoise Recovery Plan. And then it includes a couple of reptile scientists out of the East Coast, one from the Smithsonian, whose name escapes me. Another from Tufts University in Massachusetts. And another from the University of South Florida. And I don't have any of their names with me.

And then they have added an epidemiologist, and I was given that name and we ran it through some filters and it came out it was an okay person. We have been -- my organization has had a dialogue with the veterinarian pathologist out of University of Florida who has done considerable work. I find there are some professional jealousies going on between them

Averill-Murray, the chairman of the new Desert Tortoise Recovery office.

But I have to tell you, they are right back where they were ten years ago. Roy Averill-Murray admits they don't know anything more about that Desert Tortoise today than they did when they did the original Desert Tortoise Recovery Plan, and they are falling into the same pattern of maybe working out a plan so that five years from now, there may be some good feedback that is usable in terms of determining what is happening to the Desert Tortoise.

So I don't look for any overnight changes of our understanding about what the status of the tortoise is. But it's important to know that I will certainly get direct feedback from what is going on with that Advisory Committee and make sure the DAC is up to date at every meeting on where they are going.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Roy. Thank you, Mr. Hillier.

MEMBER SCHILLER: I just wanted to quickly say that I appreciate Jerry's insight. And I have known Jerry a long time. And his insight and his willingness to come and provide this information is very important to me, and I certainly do appreciate it.

45 (Pages 174 to 177)

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Mr. Hillier.

Okay. At this time we need to have a roundtable and a meeting summary. We need to -- we can do it in whatever order the Council would like to. But my suggestion is go ahead and take action items in regards to what formal advice we would like to give.

And then we discuss where future meetings should be held or at least general locations. And I'm going to ask a question of Doran. I think the dates have already been set, haven't they?

MR. SANCHEZ: No. This is the first meeting of the year, and so now you will look at possible meeting dates and then work with the District manager to see how he can also guide you in agenda topics and everything. No, this is your beginning for this year.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Before I forget, we were asked on Thursday, I believe, in the orientation by Doran, if we would consider as a Council possibly doing away with our professional stenographer and having a staff member take notes.

The charter requires that accurate notes be taken, though Doran feels that's something that he can do and maybe save the cost of a stenographer. So I

Page 180
1 somebody's recollection in capturing the high points.

Communication is hazardous, at best, and I get quoted all the time and my thoughts synopsized all the time. And when I read it, I say that's not what I intended.

So I would suggest that maybe you don't need a stenographer, but you need to either have an audio recording or video recording or something that's an accurate reflection of the words and the motions and the recommendations and comments.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Paul, you had your hand up.

MEMBER SMITH: Yeah. I have been thinking about this since knowing it would be on the agenda. And I think in view, although we have been very peaceful for a few meetings here, but I think in view of the contentious nature of issues that will be coming up for the foreseeable future from my perspective, and the fact that we are 15 people from 15 different constituencies, I think we should continue to have it transcribed.

MEMBER DENNER: Several of us were here when we voted to suggest to the BLM that we have an official stenographer. And the reason was, you know, a lot of activity goes down when we have our meetings.

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will open that up for discussion, and then I will ask for an action item at the end of the discussion.

MR. SMITH: Before we start this, I would like our court stenographer to know that to my knowledge everybody is happy with her services.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Absolutely. And I suspect that will even get discussed.

MR. BORCHARD: Well, we talked a little bit at length, Doran and I, about, well, maybe there are two or three alternatives that Council would start at, or suggest two or three alternatives to consider for discussion and seeking additional alternatives.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Would you like to present those alternatives at this time? Or do you want to hear the flavor of the comments first?

MR. BORCHARD: Or shall we throw several alternatives up and then we can comment?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: It might be helpful -- I think there will be some discussion. It might be helpful if you had a little background, and that might lead you to where you want to go with your alternatives.

23 MEMBER McQUISTON: Just -- I didn't know 24 the subject was coming up, so I'm shooting -- I'm 25 shooting from the hip. I think we need more than just Page 181

And with all due respect to Doran, to have sketchy notes as to pieces of what went down here versus a full -- actually, to go through all those things is a real pain. It's a problem for all of us to have to go through there and review the amount of information we get from the stenographer.

But before we had that, we had a lot of contention in our meetings. "I didn't say that." "He didn't say that." We even had a situation where the vote count that went down by the Council was reported inaccurately. And again, I don't mean to put Doran down. He did a marvelous job, given his particular area of expertise and that sort of thing.

But I think we are going to go back to a lot of fingerpointing and, like Jon says, I get quoted a lot about what happens at DAC meetings too. And I can always go back and copy the page out of the stenographer's notes and say, "Here is what I said." And I think we need to keep it.

MEMBER SCHILLER: I agree with everyone else. One of the things that concerns me is that these are posted on the Internet. And the public can see what was said. And you can't really publicly display audiotape or a videotape. And there are a lot of people who can't attend these meetings who are very

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I think the convenience of being able to post that on the Internet is very important.

MEMBER SCOTT: I think there are times when even the stenographer has difficulty capturing everything that's said. Wouldn't you agree with that? And there are times when people may have said things that weren't exactly written down, but yet we treat this as what they have said. So maybe as a compromise, one of the things we could do is have an audio recording which is of sufficient quality that the stenographer, at her own home or office, can transcribe the minutes. And then if there is a problem of something said, she can roll the tape back. And this is even probably stronger than having someone sitting in the room taking things down.

So that provides an audio record and written record, which would handle your question of how to put those minutes on the Internet.

MEMBER BROWN: Are you suggesting we have the stenographer and an audio recording, in addition?

MEMBER SCOTT: What I said is we record our meetings with a good enough system. And these systems now, because of MP3 players and everything

1 only that, if we all recall on Thursday, it took 45 2 minutes before somebody knew which button to push on 3 that particular recorder. So that we were blaming 4 wires and we were blaming computers and inaccurate programs. And of course, that's merely a projector. 5 6 It doesn't care what you give it. You have to have it 7 on the right channel.

And I fear that sometimes that may occur with audio, no matter how sophisticated you want to get. You are going to have to have somebody who knows that stuff and who can make it work or if you forget to put the batteries in.

13 At my Desert Study meetings with my Board of Governors, my secretary is there. She takes notes 14 15 and we record it. And sometimes recording just 16 doesn't seem to work. Even when it's plugged into the 17 wall and we are not working on batteries. So to have 18 a stenographer, I think, is extremely important. And 19 I would just as a personal note say that I enjoy her. I think she does a great job. And she likes to go out with us. She followed us around yesterday. That's all I have. (Discussion was held off the record.)

MEMBER SCHILLER: I think what Bill says is true. One concern that I would have is that we

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else with multiple microphones, it's not that expensive to do this. Then we give this tape to a stenographer so they don't have to come out to remote sites. They don't have to travel. They can do this at their leisure. We can go to a service that does this, and they can transcribe these.

If you are looking for a cost reduction, you get a cost reduction with an increase in accuracy, which I think is called for.

MEMBER PRESCH: Well, yes, I was going to respond to Ron and say you can put the video and audio on Internet just as easy as you can put the written words. I don't see that that's a problem at all.

I think it's important that we have an accurate record of what we say. And I think that's important from an historical standpoint. There are some historical issues that I would like to have more information about that occurred long before I was on the DAC. And that information doesn't seem to be available or it's misplaced or when BLM moved from Riverside to Riverside, a lot of it got lost, flat out.

So I like the idea of a stenographer. I also like Tom's idea of recording it. But I caution Page 185

would have to be very careful in always announcing who 2 we are before we say anything if we have simply an

3 audio recording, because we are not very good at

4 stating who we are. I think the current recorder we

5 have today would agree with that. And also,

6 oftentimes we have cross conversations or other noise 7 from the audience and such that might be difficult 8 to --

MEMBER BROWN: I would just ditto what Ron just said.

MEMBER DENNER: I suggest we could save money by holding our next meeting in a Motel 6 and hiring a professional filming crew.

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: I have a crew that would probably do it for free just to come over for the experience.

DR. PRESCH: You have some starving student movie makers?

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I am going to go ahead and ask that -- how -- I just got a flavor for the -- probably you are going to give me the answer. How important is it to have verbatim minutes or a verbatim record? I think strictly going through recording is a mistake. I have been in many planning Commission meetings, city councils, board of

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supervisor meetings. Recordings are very hard to transcribe. They are -- there is noise issues. There is background conversation issues. And there is certainly is a lot of identification issues. So that's my experience.

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But I think it goes back to how important this board-committee-council believes that a verbatim record needs to be kept.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: What I can share with you is that when I came on the Council, I think overwhelmingly there was a feeling that -- and no disrespect to Doran; it's not directed towards Doran -- is that the minutes were manipulated. And there was a feeling of distrust. There was some of the members that felt strongly enough about getting a stronger record that they didn't want to have a meeting unless they had one.

And I think since we have had a stenographer, we have had a much higher level of trust. And from that standpoint, I think it works. I know that when we first started with a stenographer, we had one virtually for two days. And it was very expensive. And then we went to having a moderator to work through roundtable discussions. And then we tried to keep a court reporter for action items.

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And up until today's meeting, last several meetings we have actually only needed a court reporter for about half a day. So we have been conscious of the cost. And we have tried to cut it down. And I think it has been something that has helped build trust between all the stakeholders in the agency.

And so I realize this is your first meeting, and I appreciate you and the staff are looking at ways to save costs. But I think this is one of the things that has made the Council successful in the last few years. It is building that trust factor and having an accurate record.

And we are still not without conflict. We were in conflict about where this meeting was supposed to be held, with the ability of the minutes. You are able to go back and take a look at it and come up with a position. So it's important to have I think those accurate records.

That's my decision. Now, after hearing all that, we would love to hear what you think in the way of options available.

MR. BORCHARD: Okay. Doran and I talked about an option, and we talked about, well, let's keep our services as we have had them to this point. But let's try and provide some tighter management of the

meeting in order to make it as most efficient and effective as possible.

And really the only thing that we came up 3 with, which I think I would like to suggest that we 4 keep, is that we have the field managers present their 5 reports in writing probably two weeks before the 6 meeting. And that would hopefully keep that time 7 period for field managers' reports available for 8 discussion of the reports, assuming most members would 9 have an opportunity to look at them and think about 10 forming questions that they would like an explanation 11 on prior to the meeting. So that what the field 12 managers' reports would be, would be providing 13 additional information and clarifying information they 14 have already provided on hard copy prior to the 15 meeting. That would at least tighten up that 16 particular segment of the meeting. 17

Certainly, I wouldn't want to suggest any other changes in the format of the meeting because everybody needs an opportunity to express their opinion and ask questions for clarification and get a decent answer. So after hearing the discussion today, you know, one of the big things in my mind is trust. The last thing I want to do is do something that can undermine trust.

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It's really clear to me that you have job security, and you need to continue on this path. But I guess I would offer up from our management reporting from our field managers, I think there is opportunity to tighten that up and in essence, extend our capability by giving you written materials beforehand so that you are not hammered with all this information while you are sitting here at the front of the table. You have got kind of a preview and have the opportunity to request additional information or 10

clarification at the meeting.

MR. SANCHEZ: Ron, what we also discussed was that we would try to make a commitment to increase our informational exchange. Here is where the Council can help. As we set meeting dates and agenda topics, when we know what those topics are, we can provide information well before the meeting to give the Council tremendous time to review so when we come to the meeting, we don't have to have an hour and a half discussion.

What we do now is just take the Council's statements and get the recommendations and then advice that we are seeking. That will also help reduce the minutes time. And that increases the safety factor, especially when we are driving long distances like

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Supervisor McQuiston is going to be doing shortly, and 2 you. If we can provide you -- increase our information and sharing capabilities and increase -decrease the amount of time of discussion somewhat,

and it decreases our costs here. But it meets your goals and we get the advice and counsel that we are

7 looking for also.

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MR. BORCHARD: I see the expense of preparing good, accurate records and making them available for both members and the public, that's money well-spent. It really is.

MR. McQUISTON: Just a general comment after listening to all of these discussions around the table. I agree with the gist of it. We need to continue it, but I do believe the notion of getting the field managers' reports out a couple of weeks, the agenda and all of that, will go a giant step. But I think in terms of the format, we have already taken a position on that, and what happened today was consistent with that.

And that is, you have got them. If you have any questions on them, this is the time to ask those questions. And I think we have already incorporated that, and you will probably find it in the steno records of previous meetings. Today perhaps

We don't have much in the way of public out in the 2 audience. But if we did, they might be saying, hey, 3 you are discussing things and we didn't get a chance 4 to see that. Is there a way to post things on the 5 Web? 6

MR. SANCHEZ: All minutes -- we generally try to get the minutes back within two weeks.

MEMBER SMITH: I mean, the field managers' reports. If there was somebody out in the audience and we got a very short abbreviated field manager's report because we all read it, what about the people sitting out in the audience?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Paul, they are available in the back and they always have been. They can pick them up and read them. We have taken input on them in the past, even though they didn't get to read the reports. We just don't have a whole lot of people from the public at this particular meeting.

MEMBER SMITH: Yeah. Does that make sense to you, Jon, from your experience?

MR. McQUISTON: I think the Web has become so adaptive at communication. To the extent that BLM may have a Web site and when they send these field managers' reports out to DAC members, if there

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there was a lot of interest in the Adopt-a-Cabin. Those things may happen, even without the formal

report, but it's only been a few meetings ago that we could easily have an hour, an hour and a half program

time just to have the field managers stand up and read what they had already sent us previously. So I think we are already doing that.

MR. SANCHEZ: You will always have the opportunity to ask specific questions about specific topics, but by reducing the oral repetitive reports that you have had for two weeks, hopefully that will make us a more efficient operation.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: The other thing we talked about was I think all of us except for Bill Betterley have e-mail addresses. As staff is working on the agenda and items, if we post those on there and allow everybody to give comment, then I don't think anybody will ever feel like they are left out. And I will certainly work closely with Steve, and we will try to address everybody's concerns. And we are always going to focus on areas relative to the area that we are at, but we will certainly get updates on the other areas and the TRTs, as well.

MEMBER SMITH: I just have -- it's both a concern and a question and maybe to Jon McQuiston. Page 193

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is a button they can push, the public could have access and see it. I think it would be very beneficial. I think in terms of technology, it's fairly a simple thing to do.

And -- but that's just as an outsider. The more information you can give the public, I think you do two things: One, you have a better informed public, but you also start building trust with the general public. So it's not a bad idea if it's executable. And I don't know, Doran, if that's something that could easily be done. But just like the agenda can be posted on a Web site, the field managers' reports could be posted on a Web site probably fairly easily.

MR. SANCHEZ: As the agenda becomes available, we do post that. And I don't see that there should be much complication with posting the field managers' reports. I will consult with our State office folks, and I will try to get some kind of response and over the next week or so, find out what we can do.

MR. McQUISTON: Because I know -- I'm not sure my office has been doing it consistently recently, but I have my own Web page. And if I know of things, I put stuff out there. And a lot of people

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tap my Web page that might not tap yours.

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MR. SANCHEZ: The Desert District has its own Web page, and maybe we can expand that and make that information on our Web page and a link from the State page so if someone is cruising around, they can go to our district page and that information would be available.

I believe we do have options we can look into.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think that's a great idea. And I think that you might get a little more public participating after they read the field managers' reports. It might strike a button: I want to go there and I want to give some comment on that. So I think that might be relevant. Anybody else?

MEMBER SCHILLER: Maybe you could include something in the next "News Bites." We have the weekly "News Bites" from the State office. Maybe you could put a link there to the DAC or something.

MR. SANCHEZ: Generally, the information in the news release announcing the meeting, that is all on the Web. And the summary of the tour and an overview of the topics we are going to be discussing, that's all posted in conjunction with the agenda. But that information is there. We can make more of an

items we can be focused on and have that after we leave the meeting, that information readily becomes 2 3 available and can be posted on the Web as what future topics can be discussed at the various meetings. So 4 by the Council identifying the issues it wants to 5

discuss, that will make us much better in preparing 6 for the next meeting also. 7 8 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you, Doran.

Before I move on to any action item, I think we have some reports on TRTs, and I will start on my left with Paul regarding Surprise Canyon.

MEMBER SMITH: Surprise Canyon. We are well aware of the fact that the Draft Environmental Impact Statement is still a ways off. It's going through State review. In order to make sure that we are pursuing our due diligence with input from the various members, we have made requests to the district manager for backup documents that would help us get educated so that when we see the report, we are ready to deal with it and make a recommendation.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Very good. Thank you. And then what other TRTs do we have? Is the signing TRT still going on?

MEMBER DENNER: We have a cost recovery TRT that we established. We are working with Roxie.

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effort.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. Any more comment or questions? For the record, because this was asked to be taken as an action item, I will ask for a motion and second.

MEMBER PRESCH: So moved, motion to continue to use the stenographer.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Second.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Motion and second. Any further discussion? Hearing none, I will call for the question. All in favor say aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Motion carries unanimously.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Could I ask a question? At the same time that they send the e-mail to all of you and fax them to me or send them by mail, can we get an agenda with that? I never got an agenda until I got here.

MR. SANCHEZ: I will respond to that.

With Steve here new, we were still basically consulting. And so we generally try to get that agenda out a couple weeks before the meeting. Again, to what we can work together now on is when we talk about meeting dates and locations and agenda topics, if we come to -- or if the Council comes to a

consensus with the district manager maybe what agenda

We got it kicked off. John Stewart with the California Association of Four-Wheel Drive Clubs has agreed to chair that TRT. There have been two meetings, Roxie, now?

MS. TROST: Four.

MEMBER DENNER: Four meetings? Maybe you want to -- I haven't made the last two, I know. So you may want to talk about where we are with that. MS. TROST: Roxie Trost, Barstow field

10 office.

> We have had about four meetings. And our third meeting, no one showed up except for myself and John Stewart. So we decided we wanted to take a little bit different course. And so for our fourth meeting, which was held on January 11, we had each of the field offices present. They all came except for one field office. And I started the meeting playing devil's advocate acting like Roy Denner. And then Ron came and he relieved me of that role.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: How did that work? MS. TROST: It worked because there were a lot of the dual sport big promoters that are part of this TRT. And they were not as easily to consider all the other recreation involved in the Special

Recreation Permit Program. So Ron came in, and he 25

actually took that role over. So it relieved me of that. Thank you very much.

tactics.

We have another meeting now scheduled for March 15th, and that will be again in Moreno Valley. At that meeting -- our primary focus has been the cost recovery, but we have also sidetracked just a little bit on a few other things. And we found that with the help of the district office, some things have already been done. So that's going to be first and foremost, to have a presentation done by the recreation people in the district office to share with us some things that are already out there.

One of the things that we found was already out there is a spreadsheet that will help our proponents to know which agencies they need to go to in what step of the process. And that's something that's been requested by them quite frequently.

And the other part we are going to be working on besides just the cost recovery is developing what we are calling a decision matrix. If we have a permit come into a field office, then we will go one course or another, depending on the complexity of the permit, whether or not it requires environmental documentation, things of that nature, and share that as part of the our presentation.

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I certainly do. I
think it's important from our region. I certainly
would like to participate and see what happens.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Would you be

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Would you be interested in chairing that committee?

6 MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I spoke too soon.
7 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: You will learn as you
8 are here longer.
9 MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Veeb Um familiar.

MEMBER TOM DAVIS: Yeah. I'm familiar with boards and councils and committees. Good thing I wasn't absent. I might have been elected to -- whatever. With Gail's help, I will be happy to chair that effort.

MS. ACHESON: Thank you, Tom. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Is there anybody else on the Council that would like to participate in that TRT?

MEMBER BROWN: I think I would.

MEMBER SMITH: I might be able to lend some light to that.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think that's probably enough from the Council. And we will ask you to draw on whatever resources you can find to help fill out and help you guys help the agency with a positive direction.

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One of the things that came out for us really loud and clear was we have a lot of small garden clubs that want to go out and recreate on public lands. And are they charged a fee the same as the big promoters? And I think that taking us through this decision matrix will really help understanding that process and give us a lot better guidance.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Thank you.

MEMBER DENNER: Good job. I like your

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. Any more TRT reports? Okay.

We will move on to action items. We were asked earlier -- that was really my impression. One of my -- I will clarify that by saying one of my big complaints is we have listened to a lot of information from field offices and we have sometimes asked after the presentation, "Okay, what do you need our advice for?"

They go, "Well, we don't need your advice."

But we had the group from Palm Springs today say they need some help with the TRT. So I'm going to go ahead and see if we can put something together. Or first I should ask, is it the Council's wishes to participate in a TRT to help them in the planning effort?

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MS. ACHESON: I just want to say that I appreciate the help, because we think this is an opportunity to get ahead of a curve in an area rather than trying to react, as John said. So there are so many issues out there, and we want to make sure that everybody is represented to kind of come to a consensus on how we can put forward a positive plan for that area. So I think it's going to be an exciting effort because we are not reacting. We are trying to do something positive ahead of the problems that may develop. So any effort that the DAC wants to put into this -- Tom, I will be glad to work with you on that. I know how busy you are too. I appreciate your help. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. So let's let the record show that Gail is going to be involved in the TRT. Tom Davis is going to be the chair. Paul Smith will be participating, as well as Howard Brown. And was there another one? That was it.

I don't think we need an action item to actually get that done on this one.

Other action items that I have written down is we were asked to ask the Agency to make a commitment to monitoring and monitoring decisions. Here again, we are just taking an action item on

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advice. Does the Council have a pleasure on that? Does everybody want to support monitoring?

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Mr. Chairman, probably before we do that, maybe that group that Mr. Hillier said, we should invite them to a DAC meeting to let us find out what they are proposing and how they are going about their --

MR. HILLIER: All they are going to do is conflict resolution and try to identify issues specifically with the Desert Tortoise. My comments on monitoring were much broader than that.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: I understand that. They are one example. We should get their input before we --

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have that as another action item, if you don't mind.

And I think what we were talking about is supporting monitoring in general for decisions that have already been made. I think we all realize it's been a problem. And it doesn't matter whether you are a livestock producer or Native Plant Society or rockhounder or whatever, when we are making decisions and we are cutting off access or use of certain lands, we would like to think the sacrifice we made has been beneficial.

1 help rather than say this is what we really want.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: What I think I was looking for was just a first step and show the support and show we are willing to help support it unanimously as a group and be involved in the process.

MEMBER PRESCH: Yeah, but we have heard

over the last couple of days that people in the East -- glad you are on the West -- people in the East, you go to them and you say we need more money and how much and nobody says anything. So if we write a letter in support of monitoring and we send it to the Secretary, okay, put it in a round file over there because everybody is going to be in support of monitoring.

But I like the idea of taking a more positive tack. With the signing of the West Mojave Plan, that is, what, the fifth or sixth major plan -- the fifth major plan in the Desert District. And it might be to our advantage to send a letter indicating to the Secretary that with the signing of this particular plan, that this is the fifth in the last six years or whatever, and that each plan -- and we can break it down by total plan -- has a common theme. And that theme is monitoring.

And that by looking at the monitoring ideas

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MR. McQUISTON: I think this is one of those things that's long on image, and short on substance because we can tell Steve that all day long because he doesn't build his budget. We ought to take an advocacy role on that. We ought to send a letter directly to the Secretary as opposed to Steve.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. Tom.
MEMBER SCOTT: Monitoring is a big word, and in wildlife we have dealt with this question, trying to get people interested in monitoring for a very long time. And it seems to be vague, and saying we would like to see more monitoring may not be the best approach. It might be better to actually take a look at what monitoring means and maybe pass a resolution today to say we really endorse the idea of monitoring, but not to let it go at that; actually invite people back to say, how do you develop your monitoring ideas? It's a huge problem and just asking for them to start monitoring, well, that's what we have asked them to do all along.

I think it would be better to try to work out maybe something more interactive where we would get better presentations of what monitoring means. How do people decide when and what they want to monitor? It's more detailed, but I think that will

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that are in the documents or are put forth in the document? This is how much it's going to cost to do the monitoring in the East Mojave, this is what it's going to cost in NECO, and West Mojave. And come down and say that DAC is in support of the BLM, Secretary funding these required monitoring activities. And we give them reason and we give them budget, exactly how much we need. And we send it to them. And that's what they want.

And if we were able to do that, if we got
15 percent, we would be ahead. Right? I will make a
motion to do that. But if we want to make a positive
stand, we know what those plans are going to cost us.
Every one of the field managers knows what that will
cost us. We can put it in the letter and we can say
we are the DAC and we support, and this is what we see
it's going to cost. And we would appreciate your help
in locating the funding so that this monitoring can be
taken care of and we can start to make better
on-the-ground management decisions, period.

on-the-ground management decisions, period.

MR. McQUISTON: I second that motion.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We have a motion.

MEMBER DENNER: Mr. Chairman, my
thinking is exactly along the lines of Bill Presch.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Hang on a second. I

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plans.

have a motion and I think I have a second. Let me recognize the second and then we will have discussion. Jon, were you the second?

MR. McQUISTON: I was.

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MEMBER DENNER: When we go back to Washington, D.C. and talk to congressmen about funding problems for the BLM, the first thing they say is how much do they need to do that? And I think rather than us coming out as a Council and saying we would like more monitoring, we need to take the approach, how can we help the BLM accomplish that task? And the best way we can do that is to have some real numbers, budgetary numbers.

I defy any of the field managers here to tell me what it's going to cost to do the monitoring in their particular plan today. I don't think they have that information. So we need to throw the ball back to them and ask them to put together a synopsis. How much money do you need to get the monitoring done, and then we can go help you fight the battle to get the money.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. Hillier.
MR. HILLIER: Jon really said a lot
there when he talked about good intentions there but
short on substance. A good starting place -- and I'm

able to formulate solid figures on the West Mojave,which will be probably timely for the Record of

3 Decision coming out. So that the Record of Decision

for the West Mojave can include a commitment that BLM

is going to spend 100K a year doing nothing but
 monitoring or 500K a year or whatever it is.

MEMBER BETTERLEY: A lot more than that. MR. HILLIER: Yeah, but doing it on the

basis of substance, because I'm not sure anybody from
BLM can really sit here and say -- unless the answer
is zero and they know it's zero, and I doubt that.

MS. ACHESON: I would not want to limit it to the West Mojave because we have a lot of other plans out there, and if we are going to look for help to try to seek some funding, I think it should be a charge to all the field offices to look at our plans and try and provide that input. There are lots of

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think we are throwing a big challenge to the field managers. Do you think that you could report back to the next meeting about how much money your individual field offices need for monitoring to implement the existing plans?

MS. ACHESON: Whether it's comprehensive

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not sure that anybody can really answer your question,

Roy, but I think it's an important one to ask. And I

think we would probably be fair as a starting point to
 ask BLM to determine and take NEMO and NECO, because

5 both plans are about five years old and ask the two

6 resource area offices or the two field offices, as
7 they are called to come up with a figure in torse

they are called, to come up with a figure in terms of

how much monitoring has gone on in those areas. By that, I would hate to create that Syracuse effect

where they all run out this spring and do monitoring

so they can show good numbers.

But ask themselves, how much monitoring has gone on in those two areas. And then they can work backwards and find out how much they spent or didn't spend to be able to do that. Have they developed a base line for tortoises and the other listed species that may be present there? And if nothing else, it may document indeed something more is going on than any of us believe is going on. And second, it will provide a basis in terms of maybe figuring out the cost.

And then ask for -- try to get that report for the next meeting. And then at that meeting, react to it by either formulating letters to the Secretary, working it into the budget for '07, '08, and being

Page 209 i job we can

or not, I think we can try to do the best job we can to get started. It might not be everything that we want, but -
MEMBER BETTERIEV: It could go everything that we

MEMBER BETTERLEY: It could go over a period of time, too.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I'd much rather you come up with a number than us. Roxie, do you think that's doable?

MS. TROST: Yes. We have some of it done.

MS. WOOD: We have some of it done. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We are prepared to write the letter, I think, and lead the charge. But you've got to give us some of the information.

DR. FRESCH: I would suggest for those of you that have some of that information, that you use that as the base, but that you figure monitoring from a statistical argument. You are going to have five or six years. And you probably didn't do all the monitoring you wanted, so I would take that number and double it for a year and then double that times five

or times six in order to get an amount of money that you feel you need to do a project over five to six

24 years in order to get enough data that can be

25 scientifically looked at and used.

Because if you just say, well we did \$18,000 on Fringe-Toed Lizards last year, no, that's not what we want. That's not what I would prefer to see. I would like to see three guys, and they did so much, and it cost so much. And there are vehicles and gas and blah-blah and X number of dollars. And that the season is three months long, so that's that. And we need it five years times five. And maybe we are up 3 or \$400,000 just for that project.

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And I think that is the kind of approach that I would like to see. I don't think we are going to get \$300,000 out of the government, but we might well get several million dollars, 3 or 4 or 5 or 10 million for the district if we approach it that way.

MEMBER SCOTT: This is an issue that has

happened at every one of these plans, not just the BLM 16 plan, but every plan that's come forward is always 17 really marginal on monitoring. So it really hits home 18 with the wildlife folks because it's one of the things 19 where you can't make a decision without the 20 information. So we are spending billions of dollars 21 on the plans or we are constricting a lot of things 22 that might happen in the desert because of this. So 23 this is actually real ground breaking if we can do 24 something and get the funding and do it right or just

of the very few things that everybody sitting at this table agrees we need more of. But we have to know how 2 3 much it's going to cost. 4

MEMBER BETTERLEY: Call for the question.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: All in favor, signify by saying aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Motion carries unanimously.

Those were all the items that I had for action items. Anybody else have any action items?

MEMBER BETTERLEY: We need to set dates for our next meeting.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Let's finish the action items first. Anybody else have any action items?

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: I do.

I would like to request on behalf of the Friends of El Mirage -- this is a very passionate issue for them -- that the DAC recommend that no fees be implemented in the El Mirage area until after the completion and opening of the El Mirage Visitors' Center. They would like to request that perhaps the DAC send a letter to the BLM reflecting their request for no fees.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Can somebody give us a

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to get the question in front of people in Washington that they've got to kick in more money to make these things work.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I can assure you, it would certainly make livestock producers a lot happier.

MEMBER SCOTT: There is unanimity of opinion on this.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I don't believe there is anybody at this table that can't support monitoring.

MR. HILLIER: I would simply say that Bill Boarman's report is the thing that really brought it home in spades of the inadequate job that's being -- or the nonjob that's being done.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: We don't have any problems spending the money.

17 MEMBER DENNER: A really good example is 18 Imperial Sand Dunes. It's a 150,000-acre area. 19

That's all. For the past three years, the BLM has 20

spent just short of the \$1 million a year doing the 21

monitoring there. But as an OHVer, I'm delighted 22

because it has shown that the major impact on that 23

plant out there is not OHV use. So you know what? 24

This is probably -- you said it, this is probably one

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background? Was there a promise made that's when we would start or that's what the fees were for?

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: Roy, can you speak more to that?

MEMBER DENNER: A little bit. It all goes back to when we talked about the cost recovery thing. And one of the reasons we formulated the TRT was to address cost recovery. There is a federal

mandate now that all areas need to pay their own way. 9 There can be no more overdrawing of the checkbook at 10

the federal level. And there is a lot of cooperative 11

work going on by volunteer groups at the Friends of El 12

Mirage area, including the development of this 13

Visitors' Center, which Ed Waldheim, the chairman of 14 the California Off-Road Vehicle Association, has 15

succeeded in prying money out of the Commission for. 16

And he would like to see that effort come to fruition before we hit the people out there with paying fees for use of the area. It's kind of a rough summary of what it's all about. I'm sure Ed would come to the next meeting if we want to hear more.

MS. TROST: I was pretty much going to say the same thing that Roy just added. That there is fairly limited facilities out at El Mirage at this time. And Ed was instrumental in obtaining the

Page 214 million dollar grant for the Visitors' Center.
However, it's going to be \$1.8 million, so we are currently \$800,000 short of reaching that goal. He is doing a lot of work on the sidelines, probably just as we speak, trying to obtain the final \$800,000 for the project.

I have already made my personal commitment to the Friends of El Mirage that until that Visitors' Center is on line, we wouldn't be entertaining fees.

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: Oh, good. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Would you like the

support of the DAC or does that help you at all?

MS. TROST: It does. I don't have a problem with the support of the DAC if they feel -- if the Friends of El Mirage feel that that would help support my commitment for them. I'm fine with that.

MR. McQUISTON: It might also give you some cover for those that don't like your decision that it wasn't done in a vacuum, that our group here concurs. That may be beneficial.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. Did you make your statement actually in the form of a motion?

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: Yes.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Did I have a second? MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I will second.

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agenda, listing a follow-up on things that --MR. McQUISTON: Just like today. We just voted to send a letter. That's an action item. And any others that when we come to the next meeting, we have a summary of those, what they were, and who has the responsibility for initiating that. I think it would be helpful in just moving business along. MR. SANCHEZ: Action item summary sheet. MEMBER SMITH: Yes.

10 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: So directed, of the 11 TRTs.

MR. McQUISTON: Not only the TRTs, but actions of the Council has a whole, going into the next meeting.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: That works for your

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: That works for you, Doran?

MR. SANCHEZ: Absolutely. This is something -- as you finalize agenda topics, this is something that could be posted well in advance of any meeting, the action items that you passed or actions that you support. And then going into the meetings, that will help BLM managers also prepare for that well

in advance of that meeting.
 MEMBER DENNER: Doran, when you send - I suspect you will be sending e-mail out to the

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. I have a motion and second. Any further discussion? Hearing none, I call for the question. All in favor, signify by saying aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Motion carries unanimously.

Any other action items?

MR. McQUISTON: I do have two. I don't think they require a motion. I think they probably fall under your discretion as the chairman. But we did talk about the field managers' reports, having done in writing.

I would like to suggest that all of the chairs on the TRTs out there also submit in advance in writing a couple of weeks ahead a summary of activities, even if it says, "No activity has occurred."

And I would -- one of the things that would be helpful, too, without gleaning through the minutes -- that's item No. 2 -- is if we could have as a part of the package a one-page sheet that summarizes every action item from the previous meeting that's going to be carried forward to the next meeting and who has responsibility for that, it would be very helpful.

MEMBER SMITH: Sort of a follow-up

Council like two weeks prior to the meeting saying that you are posting the agenda and that sort of thing?

MR. SANCHEZ: Actually, if the agenda topics and items are finalized, this is something that could be posted two weeks after this meeting, if we have a clear understanding of where you want to go.

MEMBER DENNER: Where I was going, you usually, if nothing else, send out a reminder to make sure our hotel reservations -- would it be possible for you to also include a little message reminding everybody that TRT reports are due at that time?

MR. SANCHEZ: Absolutely, because I send the same reports to my field managers requesting their assistance. So I can do that.

MEMBER DENNER: If you do the TRTs, reminding them, it will help because some of us have 70-year-old brains.

MEMBER SMITH: Do we even know how many technical review teams we have operating eight now?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Yes.

MEMBER DENNER: We just talked about them all.

24 MEMBER SMITH: It's not really very 25 many.

Page 220 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: A motion and second. 1

Any discussion? Hearing none, I will call for the 2 question. All in favor signify by saying aye. Any

opposed? So any abstentions? Motion carries 5

unanimously.

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Okay. I will open it up to conversation about our next agenda and where it is. I have been starting on the left, so I will start on the right. Howard.

MEMBER BROWN: I will pass.

MEMBER SCHILLER: You are just talking about agenda right now? I will pass.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Well, no, I'm talking about the location of our next meeting.

MEMBER SCHILLER: Okay. I wanted to make sure, because I point out in the minutes we received that we had already somewhat made a commitment to have Ridgecrest in April. But in light of some of the other considerations, maybe we could put that off until the following time because of the urgency that the season is closing on the dunes. So I think somewhere in the dunes area and the dunes should are part of the agenda.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Bill. MEMBER BETTERLEY: I kind of agree with

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CHAIRMAN KEMPER: There is a grazing one, but we didn't have a meeting because there wasn't anything that we are working towards for now.

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I have one other action item regarding economic opportunities for this district. And I am going to ask that we put together a TRT. And the goal is going to be that when we go on field visits, my hopes in the future is we don't hear from staff, "We need money, we need money." I think we can identify ways through the private industry and the end user, inholders, ways for BLM to generate funds to fund projects, maintain projects.

And I would like to develop a TRT to start working on that. And I will be real honest with you; my interest is looking at something similar that's been done in Clark County, Nevada. And so I would ask for volunteers. But the first volunteer I want is our director, Steve, because he has had some involvement in that process in Clark County. And the mission of the TRT will simply be to identify opportunities. Anybody like to participate? MEMBER BETTERLEY: I would like to

participate. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Howard? Bill? Roy? Tom? And I think it's important that we have some

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Ron.

MEMBER CHARLTON: I agree with Ron.

MEMBER WILEY: Energy was mentioned as far as wind energy, solar energy, geothermal. I think

that's a lot to cover in one session, and I was 5

wondering if we could have that addressed in three 6 separate times. Approach solar one time, you know, 7

wind another, geothermal another.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: And -- I'm just asking you, because I don't know. In that if we are looking at, say, the Dunes area and we are looking for energy, are you saying districtwide or just in the Dunes?

MEMBER WILEY: No, districtwide. I'm talking about general impacts of these various -- what they involve, benefits.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: So maybe we get a little more in-depth presentation?

MEMBER WILEY: Yeah. But I'm thinking that, you know, the three different types or even our rights-of-way, transmission lines would be another one. But I'm thinking that's a lot for -- at one time.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think it's a lot to take oratory on, but if it was given to us a month 24 before where we had an opportunity to really take a 25

government people involved. Jon?

MR. McQUISTON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 2 My fund leader is pegged. 3

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Is that something that 4 you would be able to participate in? 5

MR. HILLIER: Are you looking at me?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Yes.

MR. HILLIER: Sure. 8

MR. McQUISTON: He can represent local 9 government too. 10

MR. HILLIER: Can I put my Quad State 11 12 hat on?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Is that something you would want to participate in?

MR. HILLIER: Yes, I would be happy to. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: So that's done.

Anything else?

17 MEMBER BETTERLEY: One more: I would 18 like to for our next meeting make a motion that we 19 invite -- I can't remember the organization, whatever 20 they are. I don't care what they are. 21

MR. HILLIER: United States Institute 22 for Environmental Conflict Resolution, I think. 23

MR. McQUISTON: Second. That is the

25 title.

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look at it and read it and maybe it wouldn't be that hard. Bill.

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MEMBER PRESCH: I think given the interest of the stakeholders in the Dunes and what is going on in Sacramento, that we probably ought to meet again in the South Imperial and look at the Dunes. And as for an agenda, Thursday we were asked by Doran to come up with topics of the agenda that we would like to see. And what I heard and my feeling was that gee, there are a lot of things going on in the Desert District and there are a whole lot of things that I would like to know about, energy and so forth.

But I think that's kind of putting the cart before the horse. If we are going to meet in Imperial, I think the agenda needs to deal with Imperial problems. And the Sand Dunes is obviously a big problem and what we might be able to do there. We will be in Imperial. Palm Springs is not that far away so we can get some input about the presentation we just heard, about that. And we keep our agenda item located in the area that we meet.

Earlier I think it was pointed out that
Surprise Canyon may be coming up at some point, and
that would seem to be an agenda item for Ridgecrest.
And I would like to see the field offices come back

about the desertwide proposals. Would that help?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think that would help. I have a question.

You mentioned illegal immigration, and I'm sure you are talking about across BLM lands. What kind of presentation could you give the DAC other than general information? I mean, what kind of advice would you ask of us? And is it really our position on advising on public lands? I'm not sure that it's an issue that we can help resolve.

MR. SANCHEZ: It's probably -- that would be purely informational. Actually, we have two field managers that very intimately involved with the issues. And I don't know.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Would you be asking us to take a position?

MS. ACHESON: I don't think so, but I do think it's important because of the impacts it does have on our public lands. So as far as we would be happy to provide that information to you ahead of time or do a presentation in El Centro. I know Vicki and I both share the same issues.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think for information it's great, and I think it would be great for the Advisory Council to have. But given the

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with what they think may be important for us to contribute to as opposed to us just picking topics that might not necessarily fit into the particular area.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Doran.

MR. SANCHEZ: We have always tried to develop the agenda that correlates specifically to the region that we are going. If we are going to the Dunes, obviously, all the activities going into the Dunes are very closely related topics with immigration, immigrant traffic, a major issue with El Centro. But it's those kinds of things that can be on the agenda.

And then as we discussed energy, I think right now every field office has major energy proposals. So as we go to those different field offices, we can get in-depth presentations, or actually, as we get ready to go there, you can have fact sheets and information about the proposals so when we get there, we are educated about the discussions we are going to have. And that way you will continually be updated and have constant flow of information about the different projects that are being proposed for each field office. And so you can then gain and start getting a pretty good perspective

amount of time, I hate to do a four-hour presentation on it and say, "On, by the way we don't need your advice on it."

MS. ACHESON: We can submit that information on-line, if you'd like it.

MR. McQUISTON: Just a couple of general comments. I think the whole energy discussion is timely now that there is a new energy bill out, and it's going to affect every one of the regions. And there is a lot of activity that primarily deals with federal lands.

With respect to the next meeting, I agree 100 percent in principle about focusing the agenda on the region or perhaps adjacent region with one caveat; and that is that some of these decisions that are forthcoming are time-driven. And I would hate to avoid talking about subjects simply because it wasn't in the region or the adjacent region.

And I will cite in point of fact WEMO. We heard earlier today that the decision is going to be signed or hopes to be signed in March. So I would hope there will be an opportunity to have some sort of — if it's just a cursory briefing on the outcome of that. And frankly, in the WEMO area, all of the folks that come up there don't come out of the L.A.

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Basin. They come from all over Southern California. And no matter where we are, there may be some interest from potential users of that area what that plan would say. I would like to at least put a place for the 4 West Mojave Plan since the Record of Decision is anticipated to be signed prior to our next DAC. 6

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MR. SANCHEZ: That type of information about those kinds of pending decisions would automatically be included, whether in the district manager's report, as well as through news releases that you all receive. But yes, you would have that.

MR. McQUISTON: Whether it's in the district manager's report or standalone report, some opportunity for discussion.

MEMBER SCOTT: Rather than state another idea for why we should have a meeting, it seems like we have, as Jon said earlier, we have a lot of things happening. Maybe we need to have more than just quarterly meetings at some point over the next six months. So I might suggest we not pass up things we need to do because we are going to stick to a strict quarterly meeting schedule.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I concur. MEMBER TOM DAVIS: I will pass. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Mr. Denner. different items.

One, I would like to see on the agenda a relatively short subject dealing with federal scenic highway designations. And I don't know that we need staff reports or anything. I think that members of this group can come back and say they have been thinking about it. And if it were in my district or where I'm from, this is an area which I think might be good that we might recommend that it be considered seriously.

And maybe one of the actions could be that we recommend that our district manager take it to the Desert Managers' Group, which has got it on the agenda. So I think if it ends up on the agenda and we don't treat it as a whole lot of specific recommendations, but that we get a general discussion as to whether we should be moving forward with some of those. And I would come prepared to deal with the one that I discussed which goes through Joshua Tree National Park up to Death Valley.

The second thing, I know that I would like to hear in the immigration report -- I know others would like to hear -- what is going on along those borders, the effects of the steps that are being taken on wildlife habitat on wildlife corridors, because I

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MEMBER DENNER: I would like to recommend we save money on our next meeting by holding it at a Motel 6 in Hawaii.

And as for agenda items, I think -- I'm not sure if we are asking for this to be on the agenda, but we are asking for feedback from field managers for their estimates of costs to do monitoring. I don't think we want it to go beyond the next meeting, so I would like to see that on the agenda.

I would like to see some feedback from field managers on how this grant funding decision shakes out, whether they are really going to be impacted or whether we are going to be suffering because they can't complete tasks they have committed to or whatever. That could be a major impact on the California Desert region. So I think it would be good to get some information there.

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: Well, I would like to see more frequent meetings. I agree with Jon. And because I think as issues come up, quarterly meetings aren't as beneficial as more frequent meetings.

I would really like to go to Imperial County and look at the Dunes since we had the opportunity to see it before.

MEMBER SMITH: I have got several

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hear that from people in the environmental community. And I have no answer for them.

I would also like to see in the area managers' reports a discussion of progress on signage as contemplated in the various different plans. The status of that signage, and the estimated costs to complete that signage.

If we are going to be doing some cost analysis, I think this is probably not too difficult a number to come up with. And it might stagger us a little bit with its implications, and it certainly very much impacts our desert users.

And then this is a question. I'm not sure whether it deserves to be on the agenda or not. Are the Desert Access Guides being updated to reflect these plans? What is the status of that?

MR. SANCHEZ: We are now beginning a new -- we are going to be doing them in series. But a lot has happened over the last ten years with the route designations and everything. So we are going to be initiating the review and revision of the desert access guides over a period of time. But, yes, that process will be starting shortly.

MEMBER SMITH: If it's something that's impacted by funding and resources, maybe we should

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also look for a report on the status of that process and what the estimated costs might be and whether it's budgeted for yet, if that's something that you can even do at the present time.

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MR. SANCHEZ: I believe there is some information that I can gather. And I will see what's available and share with the Council as soon as possible.

MEMBER SMITH: That's where I'm at. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Sheri Davis. MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: I would like to request that if immigration is on the agenda when we go into Imperial County, that we perhaps consider inviting the border patrol to discuss what they do. Apparently there is sometimes conflict between the use of the land that's there in the wilderness area, so it might be prudent to invite them to come.

18 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. 19 MEMBER DENNER: Good idea. They will. 20

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any other comments? MEMBER CHARLTON: I have been asked by

my constituents to have an overview of riparian 22 23 restoration in the district.

MEMBER SMITH: I would like to hear if Jerry Hillier has something to say.

1 MEMBER SCHULLER: I recall that we had 2 made some recommendations earlier on dates. At least 3 I thought I did. 4

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: So I have a motion and second. No more discussion? Call for the vote. All in favor, say aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? It passes unanimously.

In regards to the finalization of the agenda, I would expect that Doran will put something together, get it to us via e-mail and fax and we can make comments and go forward. Regarding a date, do we have a preference for dates?

MEMBER BETTERLEY: I would like to see it in April if we are going to do something down in the El Centro area. Not later than April.

MR. McQUISTON: April is fine, but I 17 will tell you that we've got our Easter variations 18 there. And our board will be going dark for two weeks, and I don't know about Wally's or what his 19 plans may be. But insofar as one of the two of us 20 have to be there, I would say the last week in April, frankly, unless you want to move i. up till -- if you want to move it up to, like the last friday and Saturday in March.

MEMBER SHER! DAVAS: 'That's good.

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MR. HILLIER: One of you -- I think it was Tom -- mentioned about having a follow-up report from field office managers on the cost estimates on monitoring. And I think it would also be helpful certainly for stakeholders such as myself, if at least as part of that they could also provide some summary, and it wouldn't have to be even hard data, just a summary of what monitoring is currently ongoing or has been completed in these major areas that have been planned, such as NEMO and NECO in the last four or five years. And even if it's an admission we are not doing it, it would be helpful to know that.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Okay. I think it's pretty much agreed that we are going to El Centro. And correct me if I'm wrong, but what I would like to have is a motion and a second and vote on it so there isn't any --

MEMBER BETTERLEY: I would so move. MEMBER SMITH: Second.

20 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Any discussion? 21 Hearing none, I will call for a vote.

22 MEMBER SCHILLER: What is the date we 23 have right now? '4

MR. SANCHEZ: You are going to select that next.

Page 233 MEMBER McQUISTON: But our board is going to be dark.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: The last week in April I would have a large conflict with. I wouldn't be able to make it to any of it.

MEMBER McQUISTON: I don't have to be there. But if there should be a problem with Wally being there, then I won't be there it it's second or third week. But you can't be there the last week, so don't schedule it around me. Recognize if it's the second or third week in April, I won't be there. Actually, the first, second or third week because we always meet on Friday and Saturday.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: How about the last weekend in March?

MEMBER SHERI DAVIS: That's good. MEMBER PRESCH Tha 31st of March, 1st of April. Does that work for everybody?

MEMBER BROWN: 19 iff be out of the country. But don't cancel the meeting on account of me.

22 MEMBER DENNER: We will go with you to 23 Hawaii.

MEMBER BROWN: I will be in Egypt. MEMBER SCHILLER: What weekend is that?

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MEMBER PRESCH: The last weekend in March, and then it would be the fifth week plus the first day of April.

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MEMBER SCHILLER: That works for me. We have been regularly scheduling these DAC meetings. They keep falling on our Ridgecrest Steering Committee and I keep missing those meetings. And I missed one last Thursday. So I don't want to miss my commitment to the Ridgecrest field office either. So the -- we meet on the fourth Thursday of the month. So the fifth Thursday would be fine.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Is everybody in agreement? Can I have a motion?

MEMBER PRESCH: So moved.

MEMBER DENNER: What is the date again? MEMBER PRESCH: March 31, April 1.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have a second? MEMBER BETTERLEY: I will second.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Motion and second.

Any discussion? Hearing none, I will call for the question. All in favor say aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Motion carries unanimously.

MR. SANCHEZ: Mr. Chairman, so this two-day meeting will include a field tour on -- one day will be a field tour within the Dunes and one day

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: What I was going to 1 say was logistically it might be a problem to find 2 buggies to give everybody a ride. I have been and would love to go out again, but I will sit out if need 4 5

MEMBER DENNER: It won't be a problem, even Friday.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I think putting the tour after the business meeting when we are discussing what we should have seen on the tour is maybe putting the cart before the horse.

MEMBER DENNER: Okay.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have a motion and a second. Any more discussion? Hearing none, I will call for the question. All in favor signify by saying aye. Any opposed? Any abstentions? Hearing none, the motion carries.

Any other business?

MR. BORCHARD: I would be remiss in taking care of my field managers, I think, if I were to assign as many reports as were suggested today be prepared within six weeks of today to be sent out two weeks in advance of the next meeting, which is eight weeks from today. So I guess I would suggest that I work with the Chair after I have a chance to huddle

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will be a formal session. A field tour of the Dunes on Friday?

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Correct. MEMBER DENNER: Could I make a suggestion we reconsider that? A lot of the people that will want to participate are people that work on Friday. Even though we won't have the advantage of having been out there on the ground, I think it might be better to do our official meeting on Friday and tour on Saturday when we will get a lot more support. And it would also be better for the DAC because you would be able to witness people doing their thing out

there a lot more on Saturday than on Friday. CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I don't know that --MR. SANCHEZ: We tried reversing it a couple times and received considerable criticism for holding a meeting on Friday when most people are working, whereas they are unavailable. So if they are interested, they can try to make it Saturday. But we were severely criticized previously when we tried to do that, just because people work Friday. And if we held a meeting on Friday, for a lot of people who are very sensitive to this and we held a meeting when they were trying to work, I think that would create

Page 237 with the field managers to determine what is realistic to add to their existing workload, the time it's going to take to put together some quality reports on possibly a subset of all the issues that have been 4 suggested here today. 5

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: Very good.

MR. BORCHARD: I will get back to you and we can agree on the number. But I can tell you right now with all the reports that were requested, we do have a staff with full-time assignments all day. And I don't want to rush this and I don't want to have my staff send a low quality report that might be misleading and might misdirect actions this Council would want to take.

CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I'm sure everybody is agreeable to that; correct? I don't believe there is any further business, so I will ask for a motion to adjourn.

18 MEMBER BETTERLEY: So moved. 19 MEMBER CHARLTON: Second. 20 CHAIRMAN KEMPER: I have a motion and 21

second. Any discussion? I will call for the 22 question. All in favor signify by saying aye. Any 23 opposed? Motion carries. We are adjourned. 24

(The proceeding was concluded at 2:26 p.m.)

problems.

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	1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE	8	
!	2	I, Judith W. Gillespie, a certified		
1	4 5	shorthand reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing pages comprise a full, true and correct		
	6	transcription of the proceedings had and the testimony		
	7 8	taken at the hearing in the hereinbefore-entitled matter of January 28, 2006.		
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